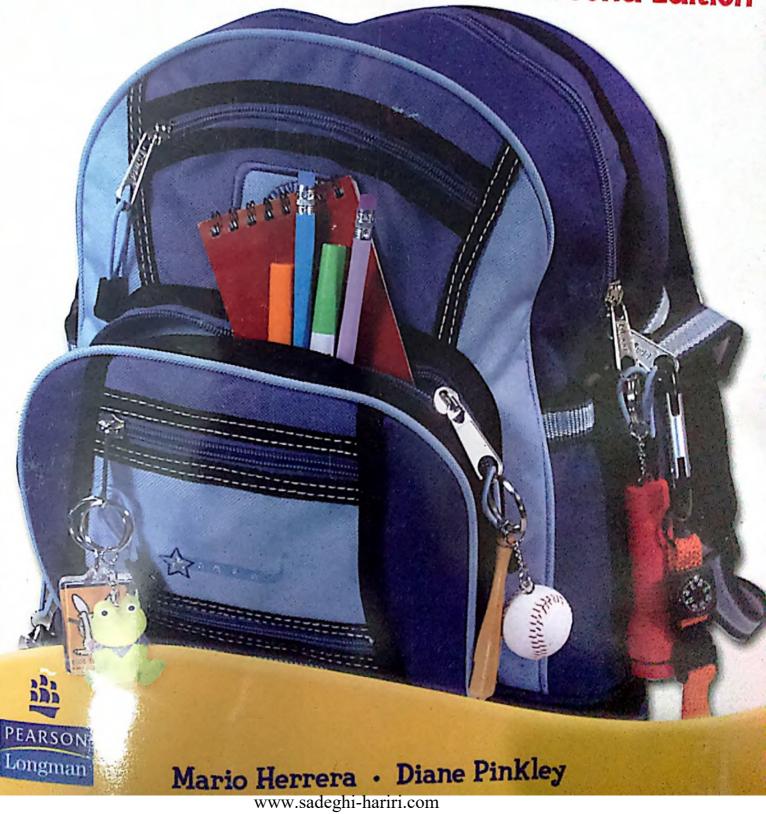


**Second Edition** 



# BA BA

# **Second Edition**



Mario Herrera · Diane Pinkley





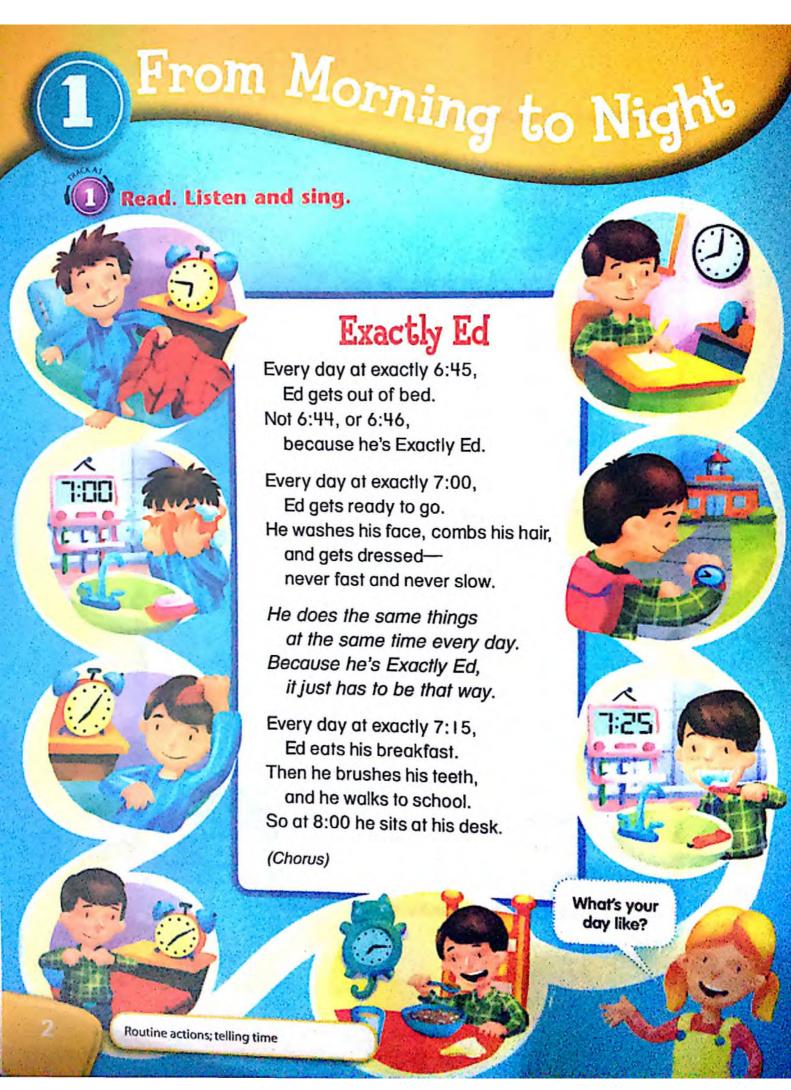
It's time to open Backpack and see what we can see. We'll have lots of adventures. Explore Backpack with me!

Backpack is full of fun things
we use each day in school.
Stories, puzzles, songs, and games—
Backpack is really cool!

It's time to open Backpack and see what we can see. We'll have lots of adventures. Explore Backpack with me!

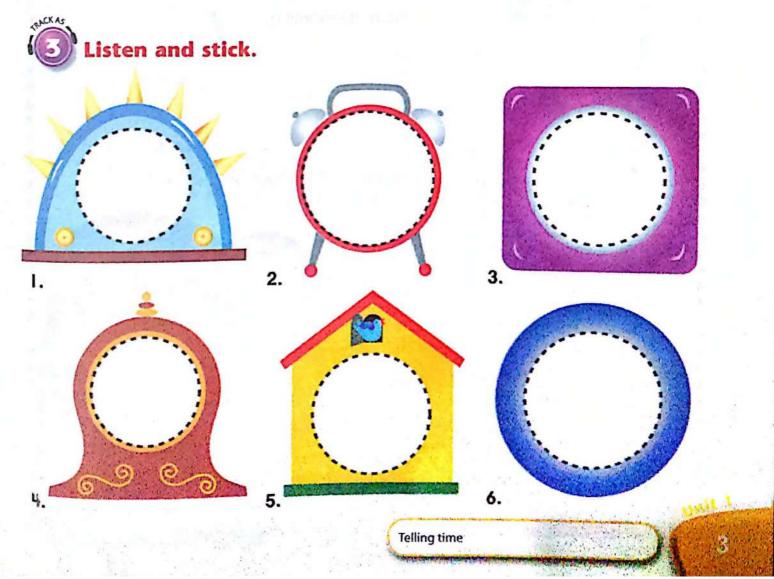
Backpack is full of fun and facts,
projects and pictures, too.
We're learning English, we're never bored.
There are great new things to do!

It's time to open Backpack
and see what we can see.
We'll have lots of adventures.
Explore Backpack with me!









# Language in the Real World





 She takes a shower at 7:00 in the morning.



2. He gets dressed at 7:25 in the morning.



3. She eats breakfast at 7:30 in the morning.

4. He feeds his bird at 7:45 in the morning.

Reading: social studies; vocabulary and grammar in context

### After school



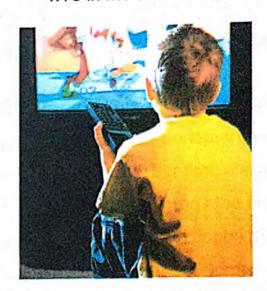
5. She does her homework at 3:30 in the afternoon.



She plays video games at 4:15 in the afternoon.



7. She has a tae-kwon-do lesson at 5:10 in the afternoon.



8. He watches cartoons on TV at 5:30 in the afternoon.



### Point. Ask and answer.

What time does she take a shower?

At 7:00.





### Point. Ask and answer.

What does she do after school?

She does her homework.



Question formation; do/does; routine

### Grammar

What does he she do **before** school?

What do you do after school?

He she leats breakfast **before** school.

I watch TV after school.

# Look at the clocks. Read. Write before or after.







Sun-mi



Tim

- 1. David brushes his teeth \_\_\_\_\_ after \_\_\_\_ he eats breakfast.
- 2. Sun-mi watches TV \_\_\_\_\_she does her homework.
- 3. Tim gets dressed \_\_\_\_\_\_he combs his hair.
- 4. David eats breakfast \_\_\_\_\_\_ he brushes his teeth.
- 5. Sun-mi does her homework\_\_\_\_\_\_ she watches TV.
- 6. Tim combs his hair \_\_\_\_\_ he gets dressed.

### Read and circle.

Hi! I'm David, and my brother's name is Tim. I get up at 6:45. Tim gets up at 7:00. I take a shower at 7:10, but Tim doesn't. He takes a shower at 7:25. I play soccer at 4:30. Tim plays soccer at 4:45. I do my homework at 6:30, but Tim doesn't. He does his homework at 8:00.

1. David gets up before Tim.

yes

yes

2. Tim takes a shower before David.

yes

3. David plays soccer after Tim.

yes n

4. Tim does his homework after David.

no

no

no

no

Questions with do/does; simple present; before/after

Look and write.  1. She watches TV	after school.		
2. He	after school.		
3. I	before school.		
4. She	after school.		
5. He	before school.		
Ask three friend	What do after so	you do	de my bike.
	What time do you		
	ride your bike?		At 3:30.
Name	After School		Time
Katia I.	rides her bib	(e	3:30

Routine actions; before/after; questions with do; time

3.



# Listen. Write the letter.

I. \_e

2. \_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_













Listen. Read and chant.

# After School

I work hard in school all day, so after school it's time to play.

I go and get my ball and bat, and my favorite baseball hat.

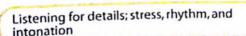
I meet my friends at five o'clock sharp, and then play baseball 'til it's dark.

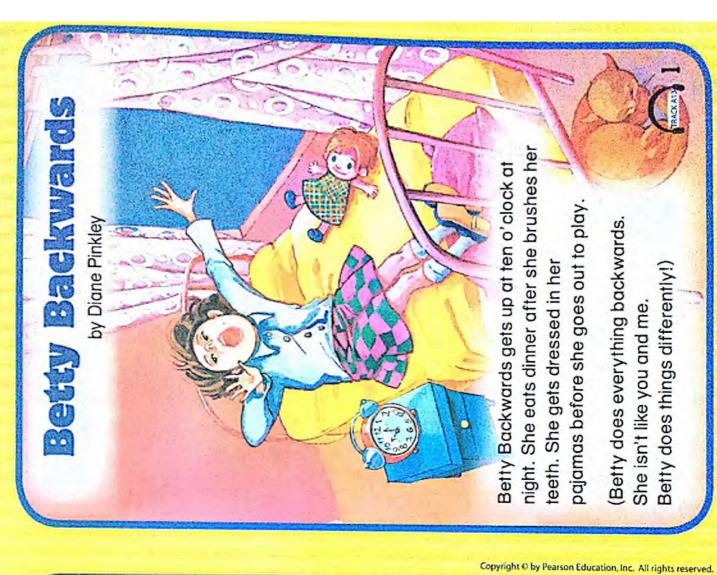
I go back home to watch TV, and then eat dinner with my family.

I do my homework and help my mom, and then it's nine—the day is gone.

So as I go to bed I say, tomorrow is another day!





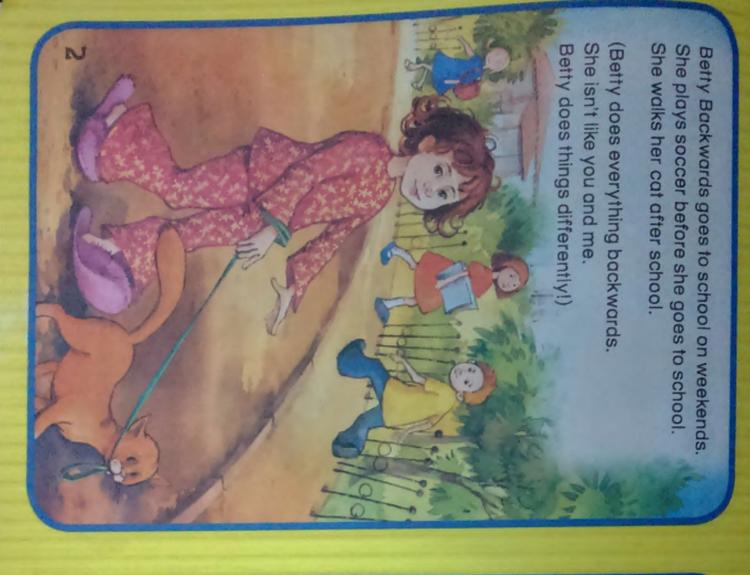




Betty Backwards reads her mom a story. She reads from the end to the beginning.

She goes to sleep after her mom does.

(Betty does everything backwards.





Betty Backwards has breakfast before she goes to bed. She eats her dessert before her vegetables. She gets dressed in a skirt and blouse before she goes to sleep.

(Betty does everything backwards. She

(Betty does everything backwards. She isn't like you and me. Betty does things differently!)

# Twist and Talk

Cut out the paper strips on page 127. Make a talking tube.





Project

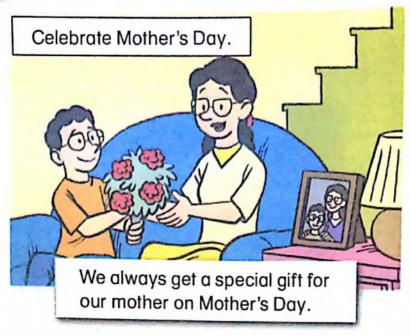


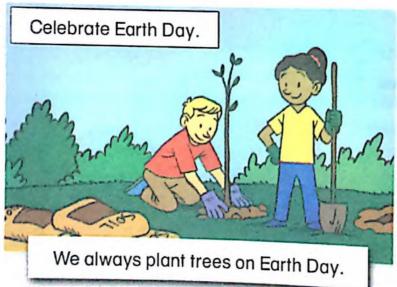




# Celebrate Special Days

Look and read. Talk.







What special days do you celebrate? What do you do on special days? Talk and write.

to the same and th	
The state of the s	
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The state of the s	
The state of the s	
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The state of the s	
	- A
	The state of the s



# 2 Helping Hands







### Listen. Point and say.

- My sister is a secretary.
   She types letters.
- My grandfather is a barber. He cuts hair.
- My aunt is a mail carrier.She brings the mail.
- My father is a coach.
   He teaches soccer.
- My cousin is a salesperson. She sells clothes.
- My brother is a waiter. He serves food.





### Listen. Stick and say.

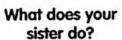








Occupations; questions with what



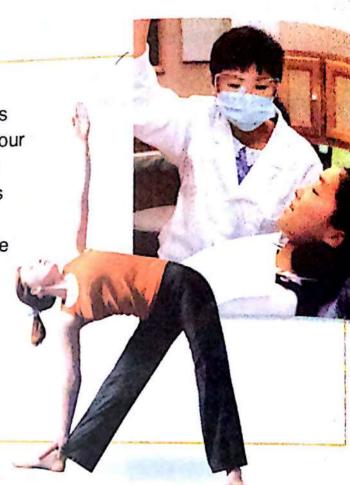
# Language in the Real World



Listen. Look and read.

### **Health Workers**

Health workers help us stay healthy. Dentists fix our teeth. Doctors help sick people get well. Nurses give shots. Exercise instructors help us use our muscles. Vets help sick animals.



### Information Workers

Information workers help us get information. Teachers help us learn math, science, and English. TV reporters tell us what is happening in the world.

Journalists write stories for newspapers.

Computer programmers help us get information fast.



Reading: social studies; vocabulary and grammar in context

### **Construction Workers**

Construction workers help us live in comfort.

Plumbers give us running hot and cold water. Electricians put in electricity for lights, heat, and TV sets. Architects design buildings. Carpenters build things out of wood.







### Point. Ask and answer.

What do dentists do?

They fix our teeth.





### Ask and answer.

What does your mother do?

She's an architect.



Question formation; contractions; occupations

### Grammar

What does he do?

What do they do?

He is an architect. She They're architects.











- I. What does she do? She's a \_police officer.
- 2. What do they do? They're \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. What does he do? He's a \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. What do they do? They're

# Read and write.

Hi! My name is Eric. My family likes to help other people. My father helps students learn math and science. My mother helps sick animals get well. My uncle builds things out of wood for people to use. My aunt helps people exercise to stay healthy. I want to help people, too. I want to design buildings for my community.

- I. Eric's father is a
- 2. Eric's mother is a \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Eric's uncle is a
- 4. Eric's aunt is an
- 5. Eric wants to be an \_\_\_\_\_



### Grammar

What do dentists do? They fix our teeth.















Architects des	

bring mail
build things out
of wood
design buildings
get information
serve food
teach sports



What do you want to be when you grow up?

(Me) \_\_\_\_\_

(My friend) \_\_\_\_\_



I want to be a police officer or a firefighter.

Questions with what; want + be; occupations



## Listen. Write T for true and F for false.

- 1. a. T
  - b. \_\_\_\_
- 2. a. \_\_\_\_
  - b. \_\_\_\_
- 3. a. \_\_\_\_
  - b. \_\_\_\_
- 4. a. \_\_\_\_
  - b. \_\_\_\_











### Listen. Read and chant.

# One Day

One day I'll be all grown up and ready for a job.

Maybe I'll be a TV reporter like my uncle Bob.

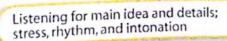
Or maybe I'll be a soccer star and sign my name for fans.

Or maybe I'll be a singer in a famous band.

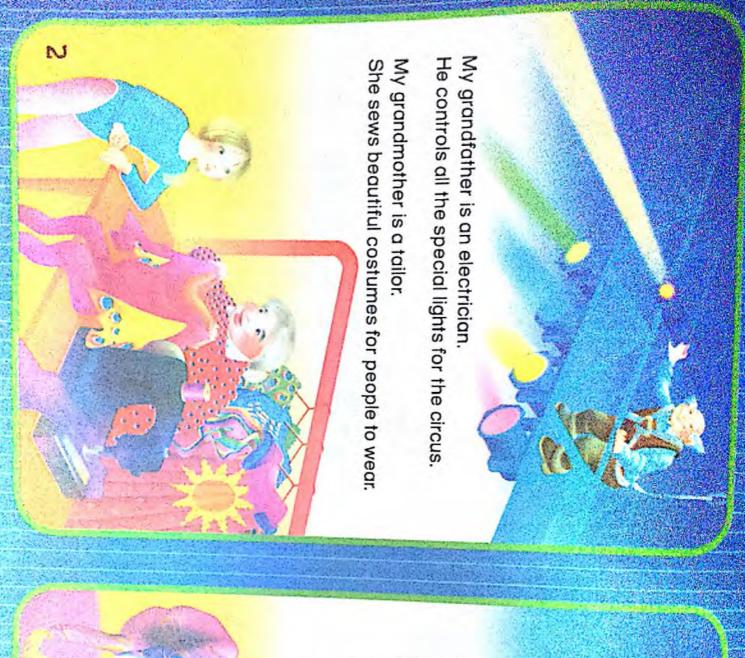
Or maybe I'll be an astronaut and fly in outer space.

Or maybe I'll be a doctor like my cousin Grace.











My mother is an acrobat. She can turn cartwheels and jump very high.

www.sadeghi-hariri.com



# **Family Tree**

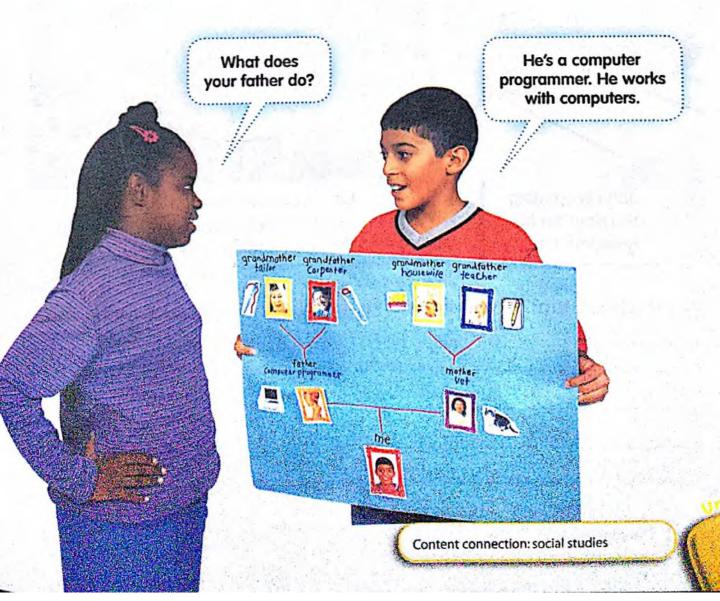
Cut out the frames from page 129.

Make a family tree.









Values

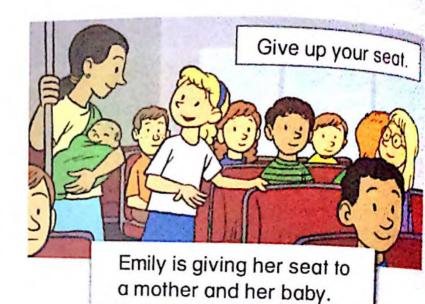
# Help Others

Look and read. Talk.

Open doors.



John is opening the door for his grandmother.

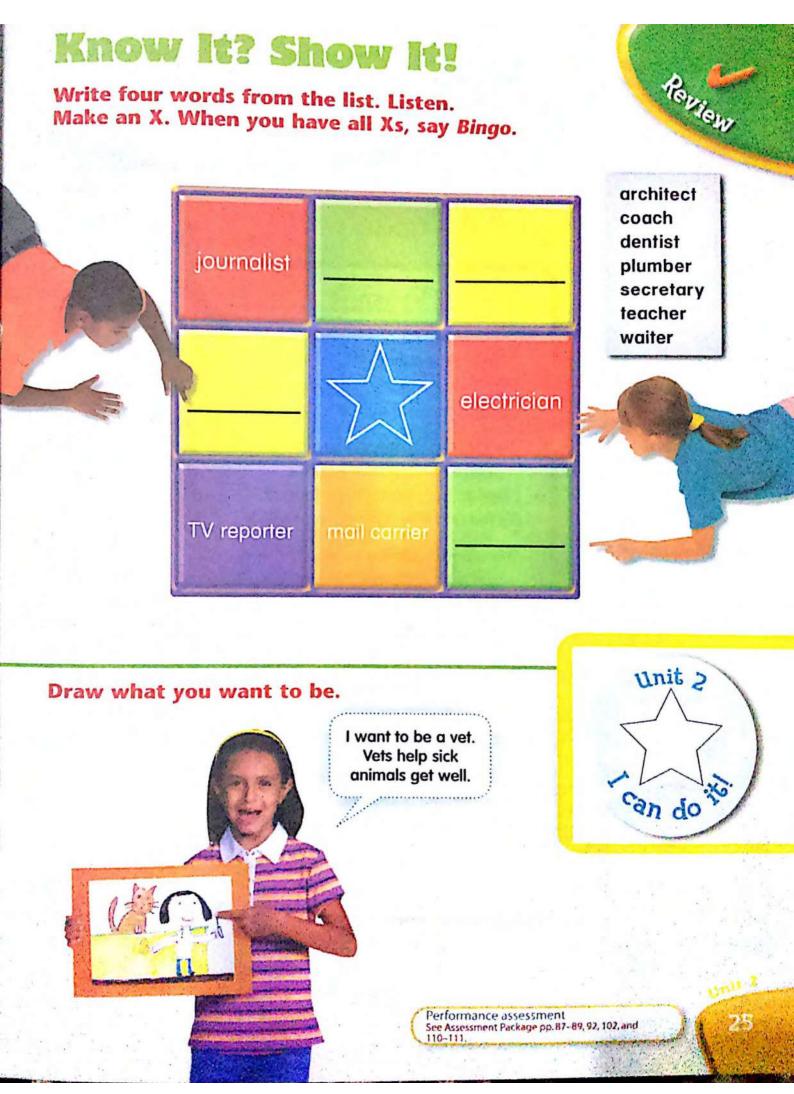


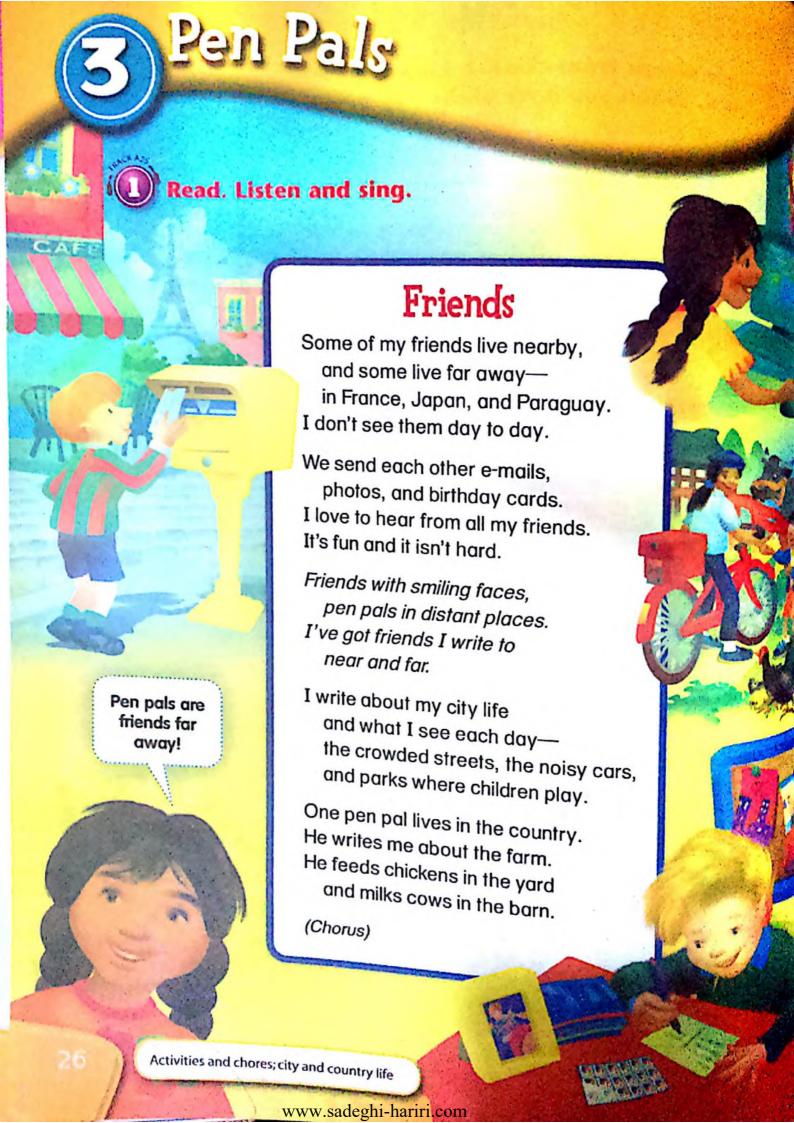


Carl is putting the game back for his friends. Sarah is putting the book back for her friends.

What about you? How do you help others? Talk and write.

Character education

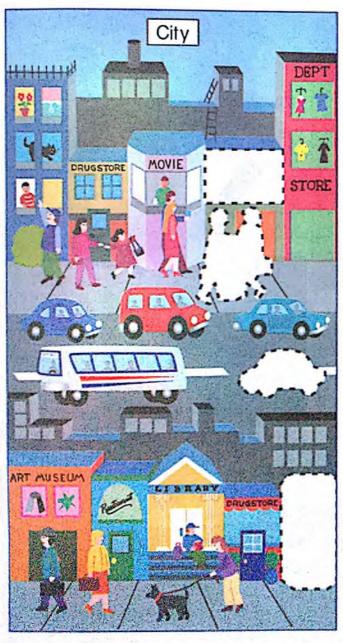


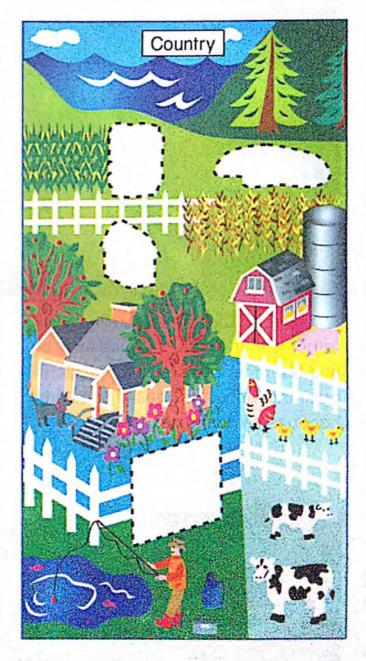




There is noise and excitement in the city. There are many people and cars on the streets. There are lots of stores, movie theaters with bright lights, tall buildings, and restaurants. There are parks, museums, and libraries.

There is peace and quiet in the country. There are big barns and houses with fences. There are lots of trees, flowers, and crops in the fields. There are ponds and lakes for fishing and swimming. There are many animals.



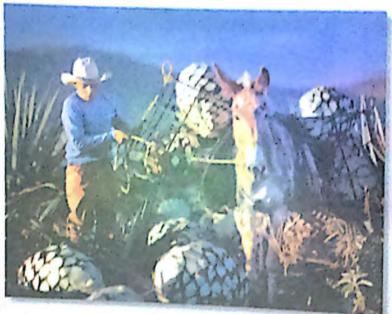




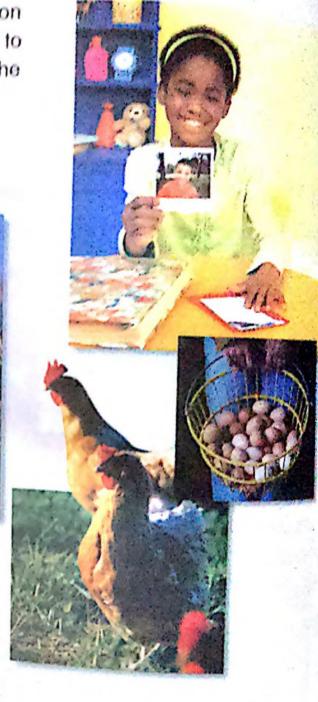
### Language in the Real World

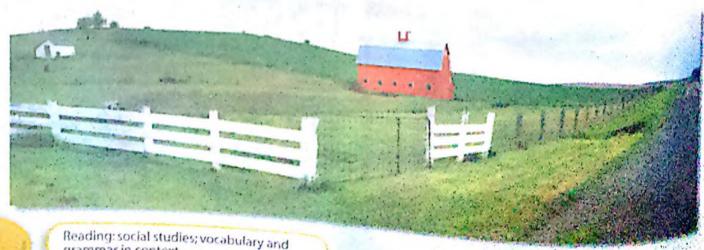
# Listen. Look and read.

This is a picture of my pen pal. He lives on a farm in the country. Every morning he has to go to the barn to collect the eggs and feed the chickens. He sometimes milks the cow.

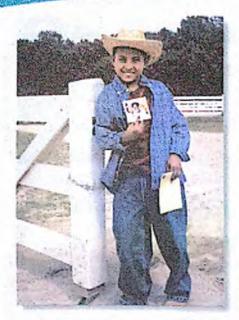


After school, he usually helps his father with the chores. Sometimes he and his father have to clean the barn or paint the fence. He goes to bed early because he has to get up at 6:00 A.M.

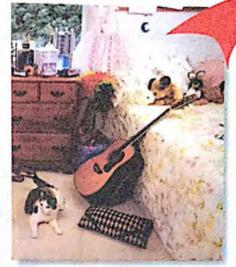




grammar in context



This is my pen pal. She lives in the city. She lives in an apartment in a tall building.



Every morning, she has to make her bed and feed her cat. She never walks to school. She always takes the school bus.

After school, she usually waits for her brother. They have to take another bus to go to their music lessons. My pen pal loves music.



### Point. Ask and answer.

What does he have to do?

He has to collect the eggs.





### Ask and answer.

What does he sometimes do?

He sometimes milks the cow.



Question formation; adverbs of frequency;

# Grammar He she have to do? She have to feed the cat. What do you they have to do? They have to feed the cat.

# Write has to or have to.









What does he have to do? He\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to bed at 8:30.
 What do they have to do? They\_\_\_\_\_\_ paint the fence.
 What does she have to do? She \_\_\_\_\_\_ take the bus.
 What do they have to do? They \_\_\_\_\_ practice the piano.

# Read and write.

Hi! My name is Monica. Today is a busy day. First, I have to clean my room and feed my bird. Then I have to go to the library with my mother. We have to return some books. Then we are going shopping. After that, I have to practice the piano. After dinner, I'm going to write a letter to my pen pal.

. What do Monica and her mother have to do?





### Ask four friends. Tell the class.

What do you have to do today?

clean my room do my homework feed my bird go shopping go to soccer practice make my bed practice the plano write to my pen pal

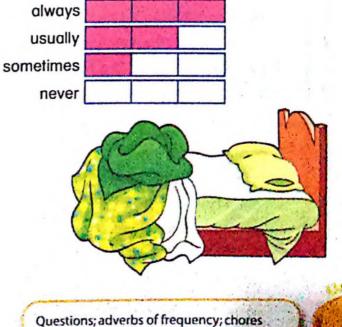


I have to make my bed and feed my cat.

# Mounira make my bed feed my cat 1. 2. 3. 4.

# Talk about what you do.





Questions, advisors of mequality, choice



- 5.















Listen. Read and chant.

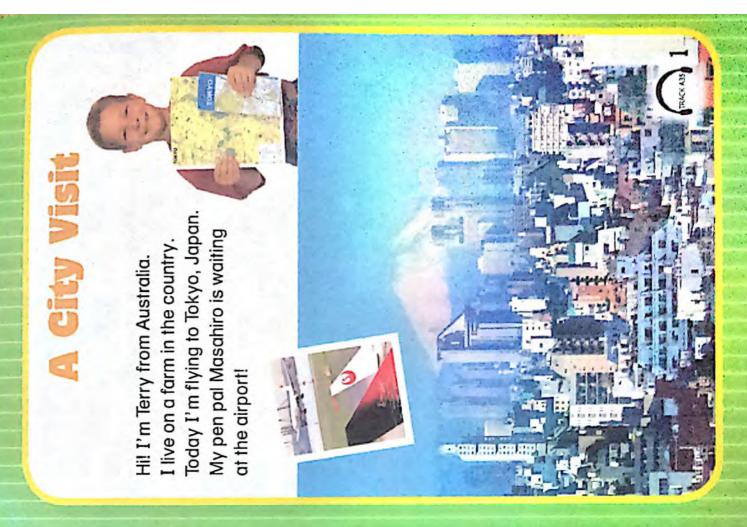
# A Country Visit

Pen pal, I'm so happy you're coming to stay with me. You can help me with my chores. I have lots of work, you see.

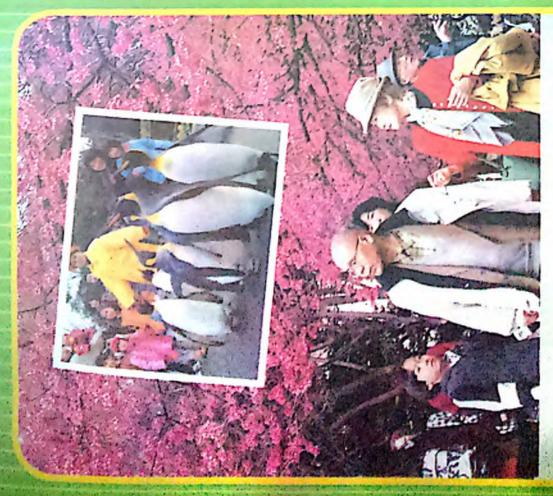
First, we have to collect the eggs, and then we milk the cow. Next, we have to feed the chickens. I'll be glad to show you how.

But after work, we'll rest and play. I promise you'll love your country stay! And when I visit your home, too, I'll help you with all you have to do!

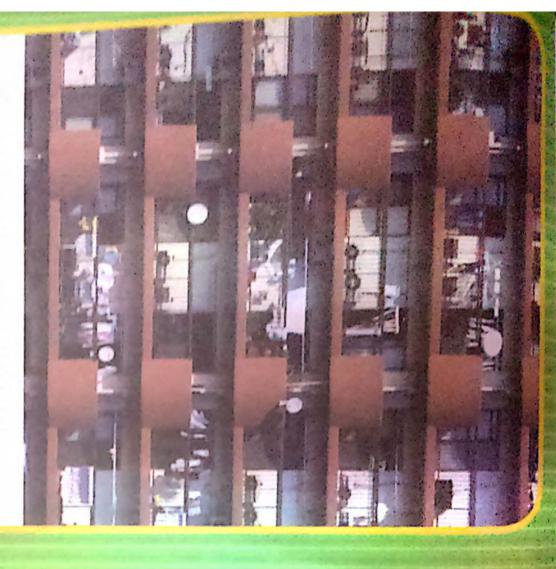




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One of my favorite places in Tokyo is Ueno Park.
There are lots of trees and gardens.
There is a wonderful zoo in the park, too.
Tokyo is a great city to visit!



I am staying with Masahiro and his family.
They live in the Ikebukuro district of Tokyo.
They have an apartment on the third floor of a tall building.

Sometimes we run up and down all the stairs.

N

There are lots of interesting buildings, stores, and restaurants in Tokyo.

There are many people and cars on the streets. Tokyo is an exciting and busy city.

There is always something fun to do.



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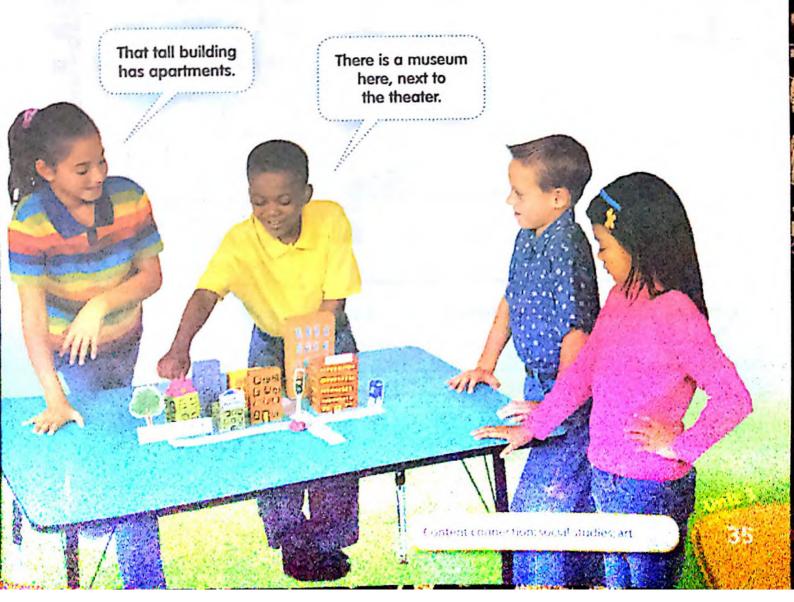
# City or Country

Cut out the pictures on page 131. Make a city or country scene.







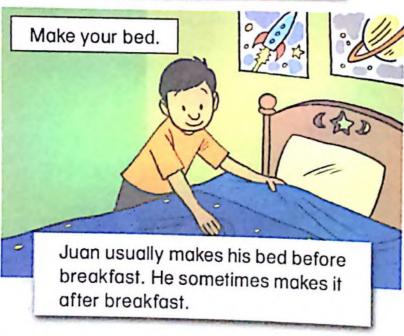


# Values

# Do Your Chores

Look and read. Talk.



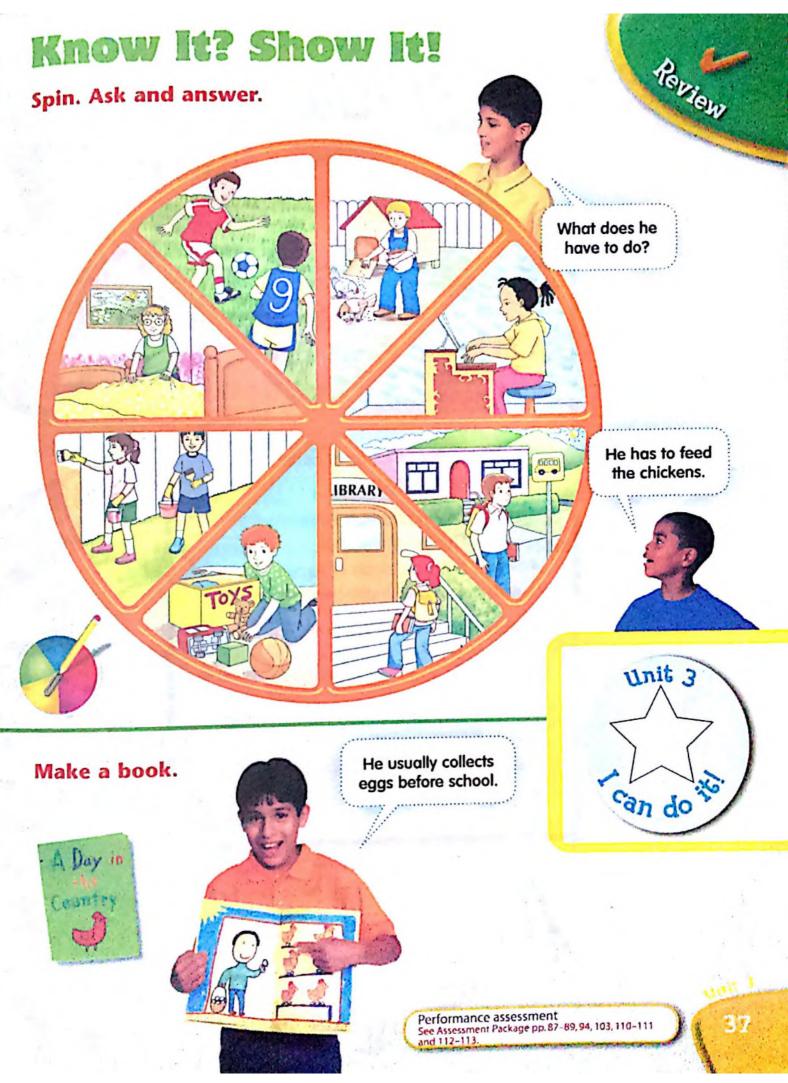




sometimes has to set

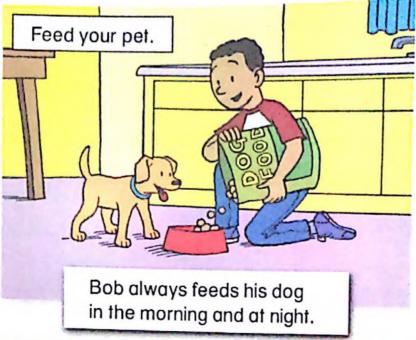
the table for lunch, too.

What chores do you have to do? Talk and write.



## Do Your Gnuice

Look and read. Talk.

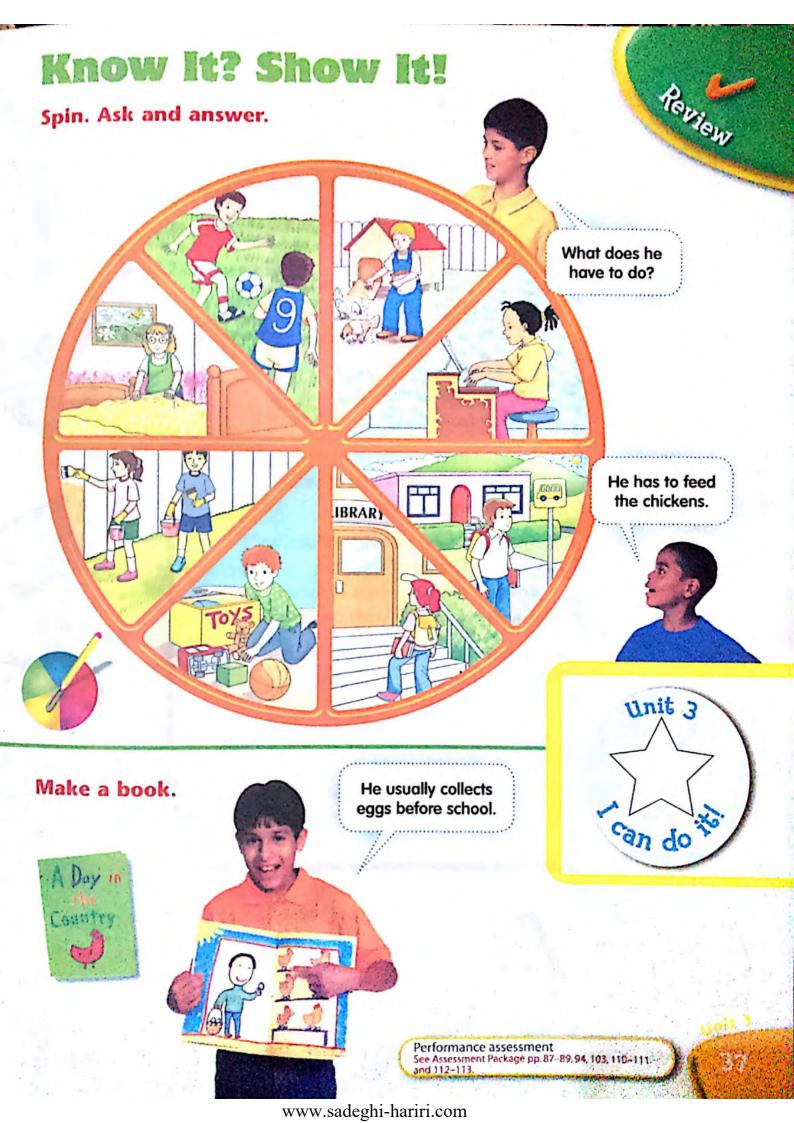


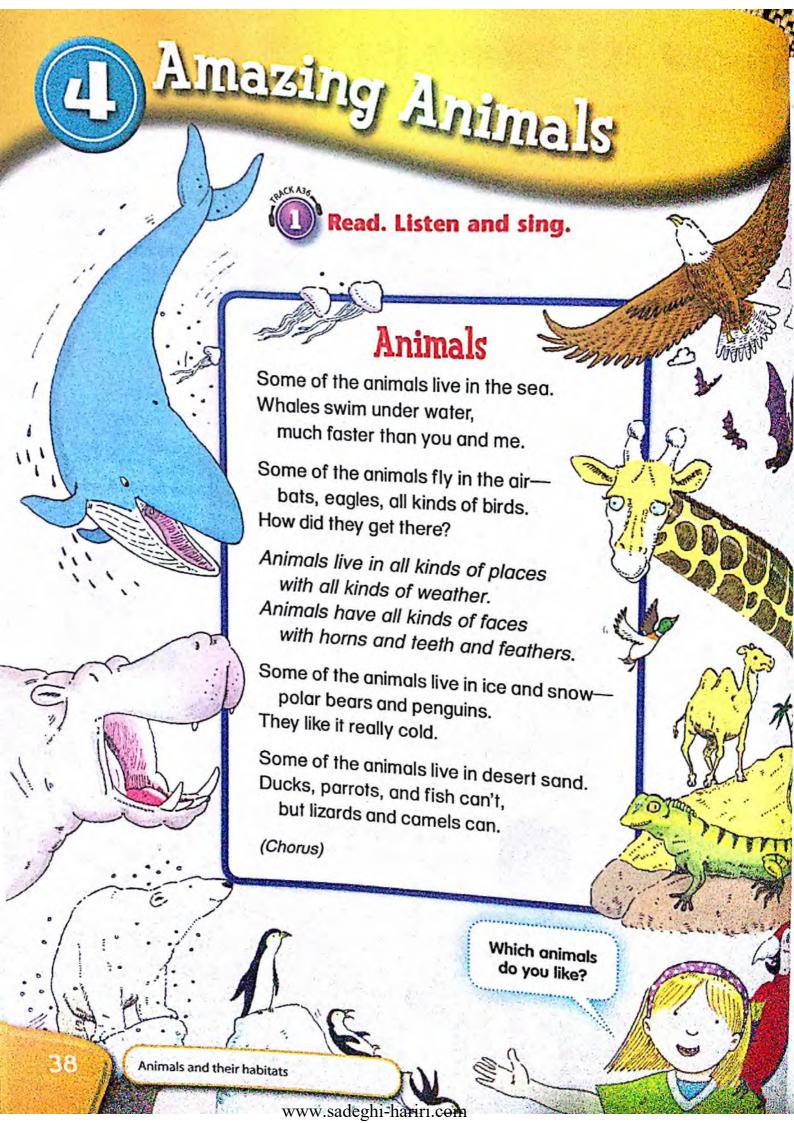




Marla always sets the table for dinner. She sometimes has to set the table for lunch, too.

What chores do you have to do? Talk and write.







### Listen. Point and say.













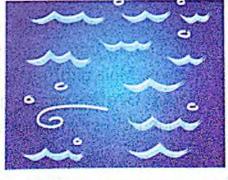
Animals live in many different places.

- I. A deer lives in the forest.
- 2. A penguin lives in the ice and snow.
- 3. A camel lives in the desert.

- 4. An ostrich lives on the plains.
- 5. A parrot lives in the rain forest.
- 6. A whale lives in the ocean.

# Stick and say.













Animals and their habitats; simple present

## Language in the Real World



Most sharks in the ocean can't stop moving; if they do, they can't breathe. Sharks grow new teeth every eight days. Some sharks can have as many as 30,000 teeth in their lifetime!

Egyptian plovers
can live in the mouths of
crocodiles! They clean
the crocodiles' teeth.
Crocodiles never eat this bird!

Giraffes live on the plains. They are very tall, and so they can reach high into trees to eat the leaves. Male giraffes fight with their horns and necks. Giraffes can clean their own ears with their 21-inch (53-cm) tongues!

Camels live in the desert.

They can go without food or water for a long time. They can live off the fat in their humps.

Camels can't sweat, so they don't lose water from their bodies.

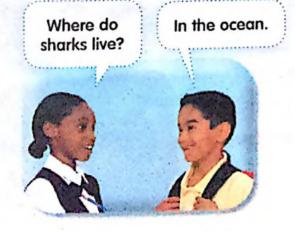
Reading: science; vocabulary and grammar in context



Octopuses like the warm parts of the ocean. Some octopuses can squeeze fish with their long tentacles, and some of them kill with a poison bite. Octopuses can change colors any time they want, and they can squirt black ink when they want to hide from an enemy!

Kangaroos live on the plains.
They have strong legs and can jump as high as 9 feet (2.7 m). Kangaroos can run 40 miles (64 km) an hour, but they can't walk backwards! They can go without water for a very long time. Female kangaroos keep their babies in their pouches.







Ask and answer.

What can sharks do?

They can grow new teeth.



Question formation; can

#### Grammar

What can	you he she it they	do?	I He She It They	<b>can</b> run fast.	I He She It They	can't fly.	
----------	--------------------------------	-----	------------------------------	----------------------	------------------------------	------------	--

# Look and write. Use can or can't.









jump

p

walk

climb

- I. What can they do? They\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. What can it do?
- 3. What can't it do?
- 4. What can you do? I \_\_\_\_\_

# Read and write. Use can or can't.

There are over 3,000 types of snakes in the world. Snakes can live underground, in trees, or in the ocean. Some snakes, such as pythons, can grow to be very long. A python can squeeze an antelope and then eat it whole, little by little. Some snakes are very small, the size of a pencil. Snakes can't walk or run because they don't have legs. They can't close their eyes because they don't have eyelids.

- I. Snakes \_\_\_\_\_live in different places.
- 2. A python\_\_\_\_\_ grow to be very long.
- 3. A python———— eat a whole antelope.
- 4. Snakes \_\_\_\_\_walk or run.
- 5. Snakes \_\_\_\_\_close their eyes.



python

antelope



This animal lives in ice and snow. It can't fly. What is it?





A penguin.

### An animal that ...

### Animal

lives in ice and snow and can't fly	a penguin
I. can go without water for a long time	
2. can change its color	
3. can squeeze other animals	
4. can reach high into trees to eat leaves	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
5. can hold a bird in its mouth	
6. keeps its babies in a pouch	

# **(10)**

## A. What can you do? Write.

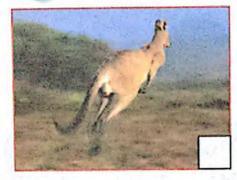


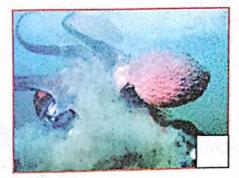
B. Tell a group what you can do.

Questions with what; simple present;



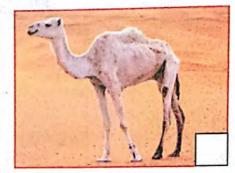
### Listen. Write the number.

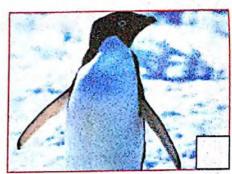














Listen. Read and chant.

## If I Could Be an Animal

If I could be an animal, a shark is what I'd be.

I'd grow new teeth and skip the dentist.

That sounds great to me.

If I could be an animal, a penguin is what I'd be.

Formally dressed, I'd play in the snow.

That sounds fun to me.

If I could be an animal, a python is what I'd be.

I'd squeeze my dinner and eat for a week.

That sounds good to me.

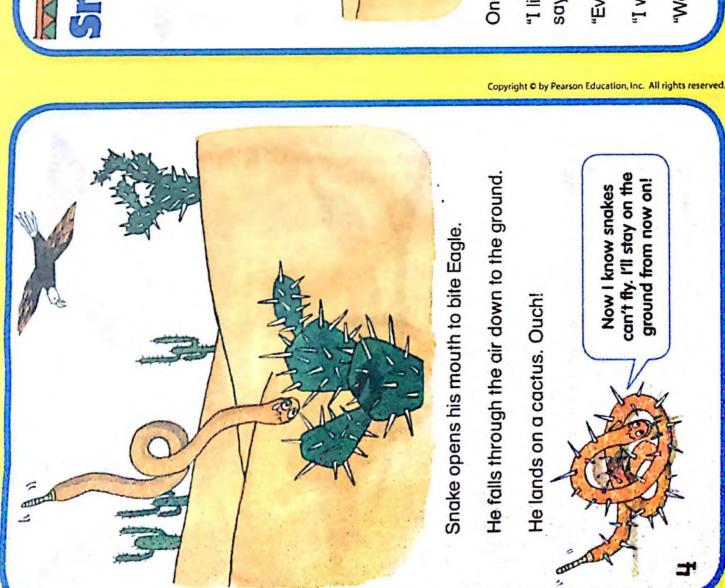
If I could be an animal, a giraffe is what I'd be.

I'd clean my ears without taking a bath.

That sounds cool to me.







# Snake's Flying Lesson

Based on a Mexican Folktale Retold by Diane Pinkley



One day Snake is talking to two birds.

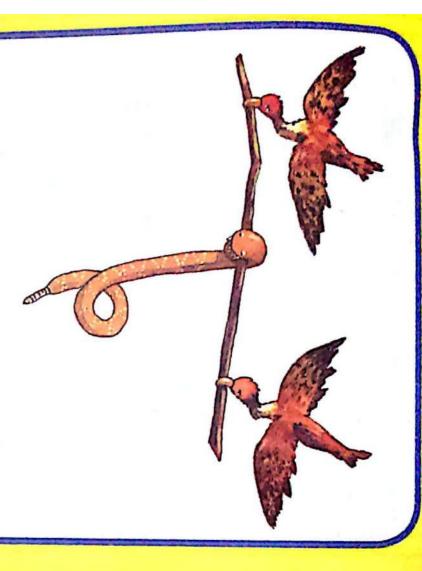
"I live in the desert on the hot ground. I can't fly," says Snake.

"Everybody knows snakes can't fly," say the birds.

"I want to fly like you! Help me!" says Snake.

"We can try," say the birds.





"Hold on tight, friend. Don't open your mouth or you'll fall!" say the birds.

The birds carry Snake high in the air.

The air is cool. The sun shines through the white clouds.

Flying is wonderfull thinks Snake.

well a silly snoke who thinks it can

"Well, well. A silly snake who thinks it can fly!" says Eagle. "Are those feathers down there on your tail? Can you fly without that stick in your mouth?"

L

Snake gets very angry.

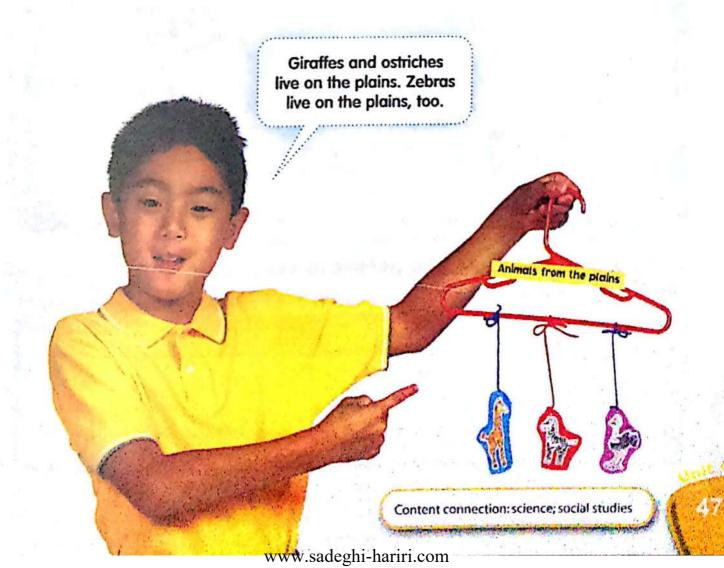
# **Animal Mobiles**

Cut out the shapes and words on page 133.
Make an animal mobile to talk about.





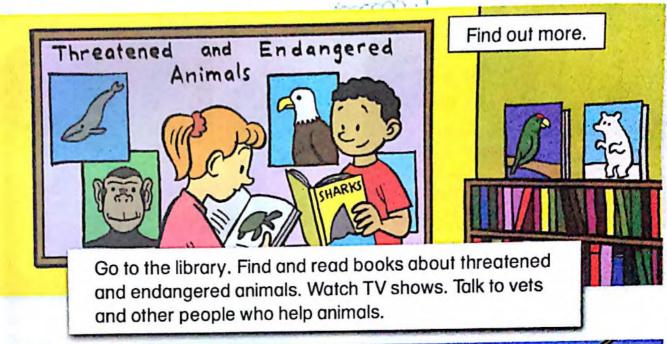






# Help Protect Animals

What can you do? Look and read. Talk.





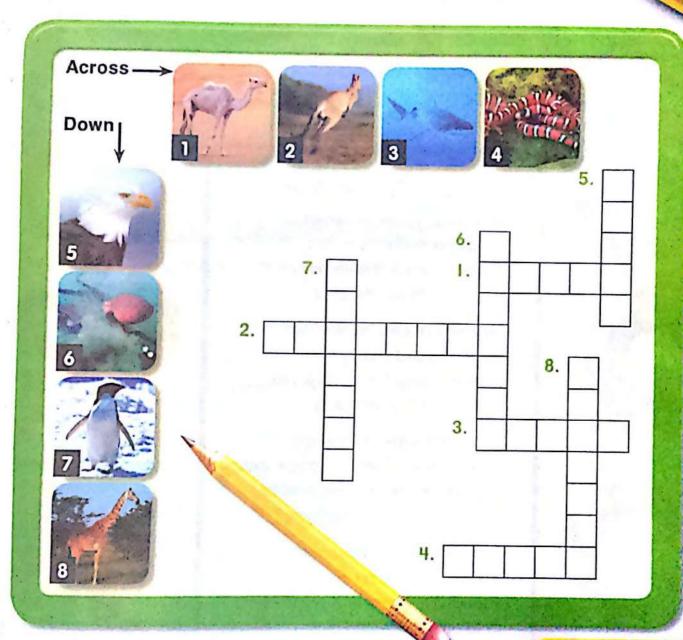
Write about what you and people in your community can do to help.

and the second s	 	

# Know It? Show It!

Look at the picture. Write the name of the animal.





Make an animal mask. Talk about your animal.

I'm a tiger. I live in the forest. I can run fast.



Performance assessment See Assessment Package pp. 87–89, 95, 104, and 110–111.

49

# Bain or Shine



Read. Listen and sing.





# Playing Outside

Hey, where's my sweater? It's a cool and windy day. I need a cap and sweater to go outside and play.

Hey, where's my winter coat?
It's a cold and snowy day.
I need a coat, hat, and gloves
to go outside and play.

When the seasons change, the clothes I wear change, too. No matter what the weather is, I play outside—don't you?

Hey, where's my raincoat?

It's a wet and rainy day.

I need a raincoat and some boots to go outside and play.

Hey, where's my swimsuit? It's a hot and sunny day. I need my suit and sandals to go outside and play.

(Chorus-repeat)

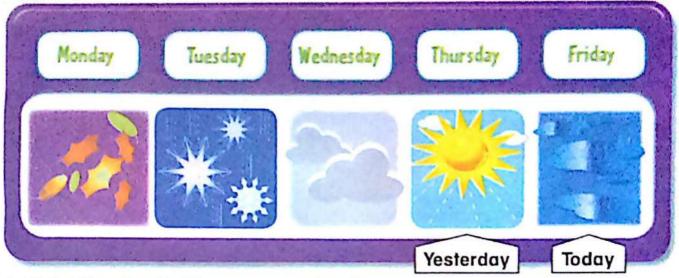




What's the weather like today?

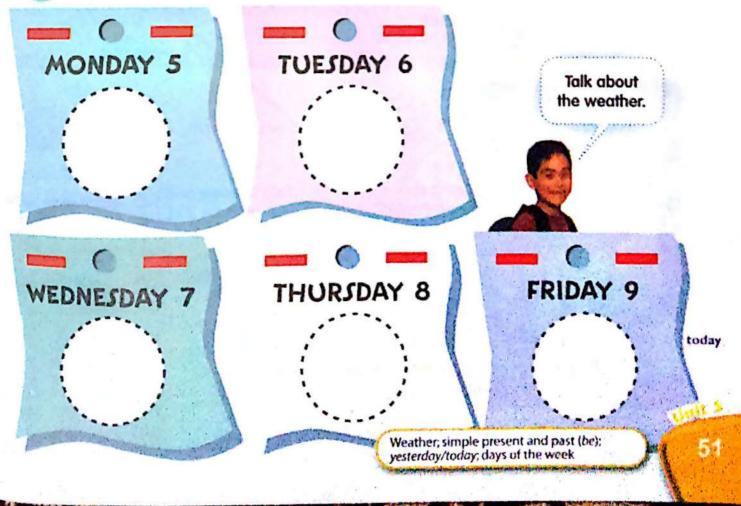






- 1. Today it's rainy. Puddles are everywhere!
- 2. Yesterday it was sunny.
- 3. Tuesday it was snowy. Snowflakes were everywhere!
- 4. Wednesday it was cloudy.
- 5. Monday it was windy. Leaves were everywhere!





# Language in the Real World

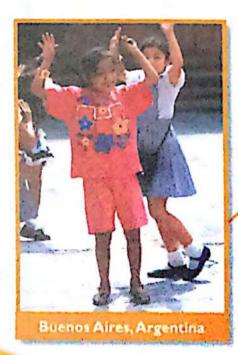


Listen. Look and read.

Weather is different in different places. Weather changes with the seasons.



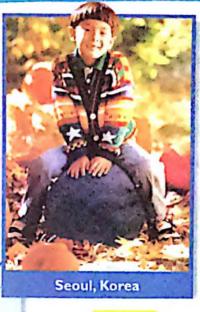
Marie lives in Montreal, Canada. In winter, when it is cold and snowy, she wears a hat, a scarf, and a warm coat. She also wears gloves and boots.



Angela lives in Buenos Aires, Argentina. When it is winter in Canada, it is summer in Argentina. Angela wears a T-shirt, shorts, and sandals when it is hot and sunny.

Reading: science; social studies; vocabulary and grammar in context





Kwan-su lives in Seoul, Korea. In fall, when it is cool and windy, he wears a jacket or sweater, shirt, and jeans. He wears socks and sneakers, too.



Pierre lives in Paris, France. In spring, when it is rainy, he wears a raincoat and boots. He carries an umbrella, too. (He loves to play in puddles!)



### Point. Ask and answer.



She wears a coat, hat, scarf, gloves, and boots.





### Point. Ask and answer.

In Canada, what's the weather like in winter?

It's cold and snowy.



Question formation; weather and seasons

53

#### Grammar

What is the weather like today?
What was the weather like yesterday?

It's hot and sunny.
It was windy. Leaves were everywhere!



### Write is or was and a weather word.



- I. Wednesday it \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Friday it \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Today it \_\_\_\_
- 4. Thursday it \_\_\_\_
- 5. Tuesday it\_\_\_\_\_



And now let's talk about the weather. The weather was crazy the first part of the week. Sunday it was sunny. Monday it was cloudy. Tuesday it was rainy. Wednesday it was windy. And today? Well, this morning it was sunny. At 12:30, it was cloudy. And now, this afternoon, it's raining! Wear a raincoat and boots, and take an umbrella when you go outside!

- 1. What was the weather like on Wednesday?
- 2. What was the weather like this morning?
- 3. What is the weather like this afternoon?



Questions with what; simple present and past (be); weather



What do you like to wear on weekends?

I like to wear my shorts, a T-shirt, and sandals.





Name	Likes to wear
Sylvia	shorts sandals T-shirt
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	

## Make riddles. Ask and answer.





Questions with what; clothes; weather and seasons



### Listen and write.

- 1. It's \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. It's \_\_\_\_\_
- 3.
- 4. \_\_\_\_
- 5. It's \_\_\_\_









Listen. Read and chant.

# Favorite Seasons

Winter's my favorite season.

It's the best of all.

I play in the snow or slide on my sled.

In winter, I have a ball!

Spring is my favorite season.

It's the best of all.

I plant new flowers or play in the park.

In spring, I have a ball!

Summer's my favorite season.

It's the best of all.

I go on a picnic or swim in the lake.

In summer, I have a ball!

Fall is my favorite season.

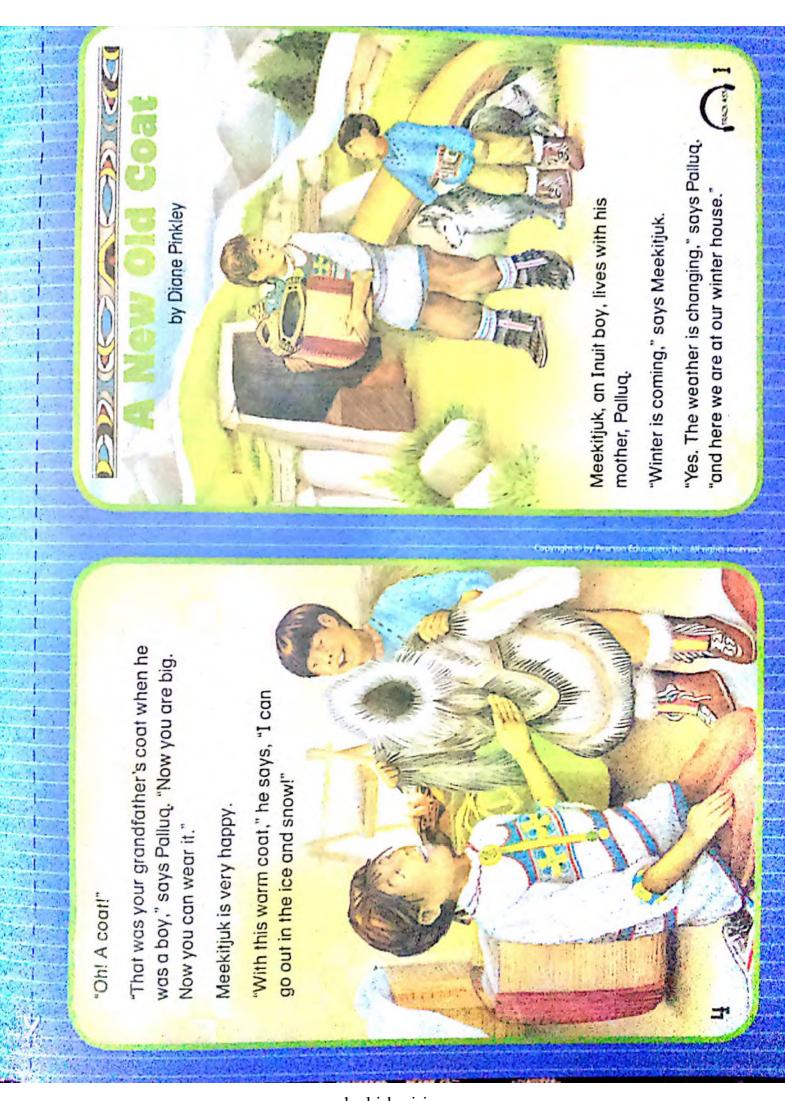
It's the best of all.

I jump in the leaves or ride my bike.

In fall, I have a ball!



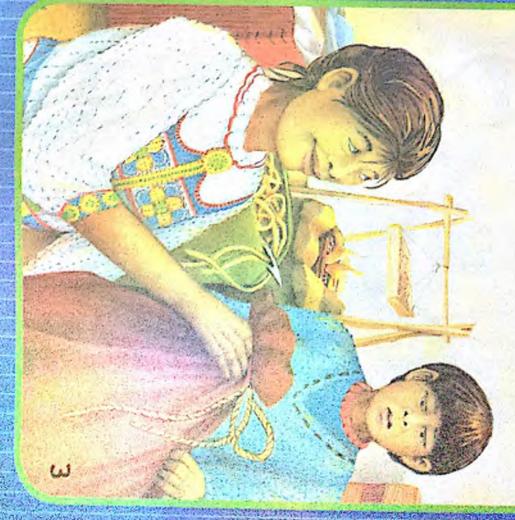




"It is cold and snowy for many months. You need a new coat. I can make a coat from this bag," says Palluq. "Empty the bag."

Meekitjuk isn't happy.

I don't want a coat made from an ugly old bag! he thinks.



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# Four Seasons Poster

Cut out the pictures on page 135. Make a poster.









# Be Prepared!

Look and read. Talk.





She has a warm coat and hat ready for a cold and snowy day. Maria likes to wear her red gloves and a scarf when it's cold, too.



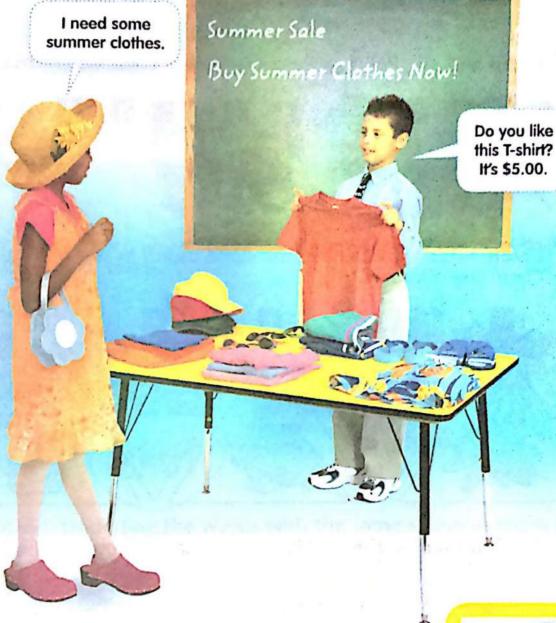
He wears sunscreen and a hat when he's going out in the sun. Paul always has his swimsuit ready when it is hot and sunny.

What about you? How are you prepared? Talk and write.

,		

# Know It? Show It!

Take turns shopping for and selling clothes.





It was sunny on Monday.



Review

Performance assessment See Assessment Package pp. 87–89, 96, 105, and 110–111.

61



Listen and say.



Listen and say. Point to the picture.





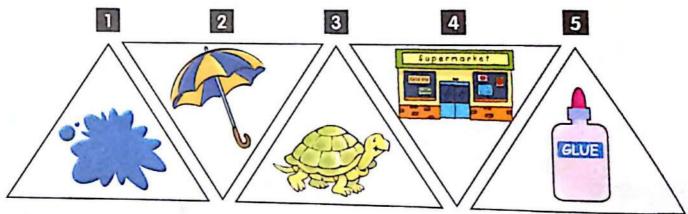








Listen. Which words have the same sound as the u in ruler? Circle the numbers.



Read. Underline the words with the same sound as the u in ruler.

In January, we usually eat cake for dessert. But in June and July, we can eat lots of delicious fruit for dessert.





Write words that have the same sound as the u in ruler.

The colors yellow and	
My uncle Bob is a	together make green.
	——. He plays the trumpet.

### Sound and Spelling Handbook

o as in dog



Listen and say.



Listen and say. Point to the picture.











Listen. Which words have the same sound as the o in dog? Check the boxes.



Read. Underline the words with the same sound as the o in dog.

I like animals a lot. I have a dog named Spot and a frog named Hoppy. And the bird on top of my head is Poppy!





Write words that have the same sound as the o in dog. Say.

You wear this on your foot, inside	de your shoe:
------------------------------------	---------------

	16:	
You put your toys in	mis.	

Lesson 2: the vowel o



Listen and say.



Listen and say. Point to the picture.



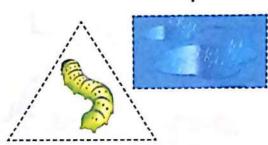








Listen. Which words have the same sound as the w in worm? Trace the shapes.











Read. Underline the words with the same sound as the w in worm.

On Wednesday, we wash all our windows with soap and water. After our hard work, we rest and watch TV.





Look at 2. Write words that have the same sound as the w in worm. Say.

## Sound and Spelling Handbook

a as in cake



Listen and say.



Listen and say. Point to the picture.









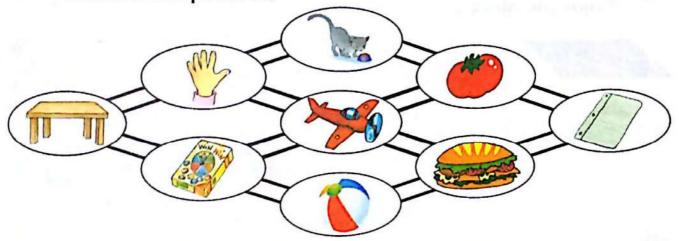








Listen. Which words have the same sound as the *a* in cake? Connect the pictures.



Read. Underline the words with the same sound as the

On Saturday, we go to my aunt Kay's house. She plays games with me, reads to me, and gives me cake and milk.



**3** 

Look at 3. Write words that have the same sound as the a in cake. Say.



Listen and say.

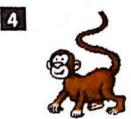


Listen and say. Point to the picture.



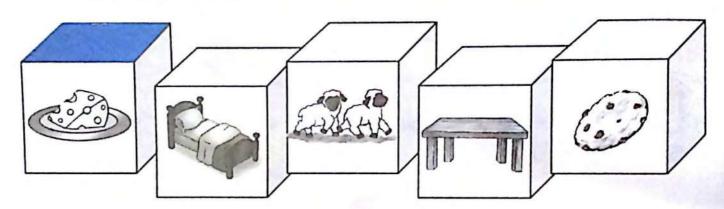








Listen. Which words have the same sound as the e in zebra? Color the blocks.



Read. Underline the words with the same sound as the e in zebra.

I like to eat green beans, meat, and potatoes for dinner. Then I eat strawberry ice cream with a cookie for dessert.





Write words that have the same sound as the e in zebra. Say.

These are	inside your	mouth:	
-----------	-------------	--------	--

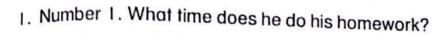
For a boy,	cay ha	for a girl	cave	
roi u boy,	Suy ne,	ior a giri	, Suy:	

# Units 1-3, Student A

Number 1. What time does he do his homework?

He does his homework at 4:30.

Student A uses the information below. Student B turns to page 120.





3. Number 3. What do vets do?

5. Number 5. What does she sometimes do?

7. Number 7. What does she have to do?

9. Number 9. What does he do before breakfast?











# Review Units 1-3, Student B

### Student B uses the information below. Student A turns to page 119.

- 2. Number 2. What does she do after school?
- 4. Number 4. What time is it?
- 6. Number 6. What does your mother do?
- 8. Number 8. What does he always do?
- 10. Number 10. What do dentists do?











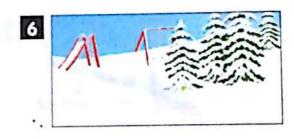


## Units 4-6, Student A

# Student A uses the information below. Student B turns to page 122.

- 1. Number 1. Where do penguins live?
- 3. Number 3. What does she wear in the spring?
- 5. Number 5. What's the weather like in summer?
- 7. Number 7. How does the music sound?
- 9. Number 9. Pick one thing. Describe it.









# Review Units 4-6, Student B

# Student B uses the information below. Student A turns to page 121.

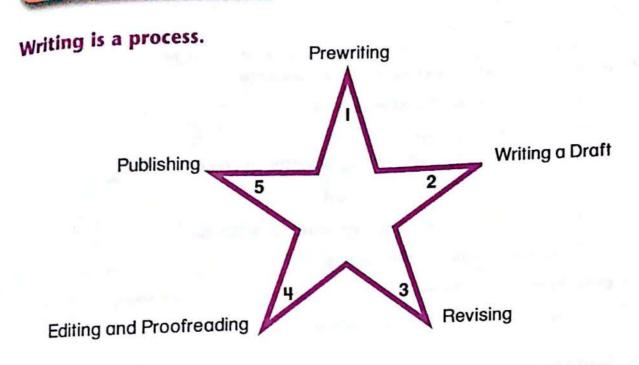
- 2. Number 2. What can a camel do?
- 4. Number 4. What does he wear in the summer?
- 6. Number 6. What was the weather like yesterday?
- 8. Number 8. How do the children look?
- 10. Number 10. Pick one thing. Describe it.







# Grammar and Writing



#### 1. Prewriting

- a. Choose a topic.
- b. Collect information.
- c. Decide one main point to write about for your topic.

## 2. Writing a Draft

- a. Write all of your ideas on paper.
- b. Don't stop to check spelling or punctuation yet.

#### 3. Revising

- a. Read your draft to yourself.
- b. Read your draft to a partner.
- c. Make changes to make your writing better.

# 4. Editing and Proofreading

- a. Make sure your writing makes sense.
- b. Check spelling, capitalization, and punctuation.
- c. Write a new, clean copy.

#### 5. Publishing

- a. Share your writing with your teacher, classmates, and family.
- b. Post your writing on the classroom bulletin board or wall.
- Collect your best writing in a writing portfolio.

Grammar and Writing

## Grammar and Writing

#### Parts of a Sentence

A sentence is a group of words that tells a complete thought.
We use sentences when we talk and when we write.

Sandra watches TV after school.

A sentence has different parts.
The subject of a sentence tells who or what the sentence is about.

Sandra watches TV after school.

✓ The verb of a sentence tells what the subject is or does.

Sandra watches TV after school.

The predicate of a sentence is the verb and the rest of the sentence.

Sandra watches TV after school.

#### Simple Sentences

A simple sentence has a subject and a verb.

David runs.

A simple sentence can have a compound subject, two subjects + and or or.

David and Carlos run in the park.

A simple sentence can have a compound predicate, two verbs + and or or.

David runs and swims in the park.

✓ The subject and verb of a sentence must agree with one another.

singular subject + singular verb: Sandra watches TV after school.
plural subject + plural verb: David and Carlos run in the park.

#### Kinds of Sentences

Declarative sentences make a statement:

I have a new puppy.

Interrogative sentences ask a question:

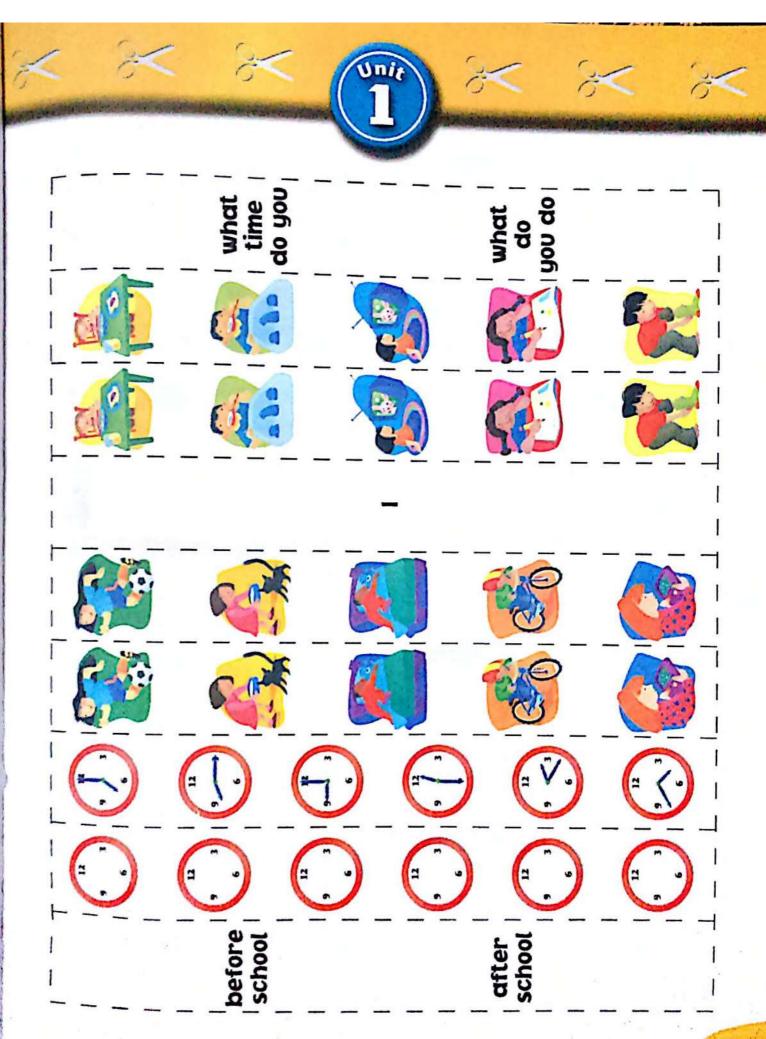
Do you have a pet?

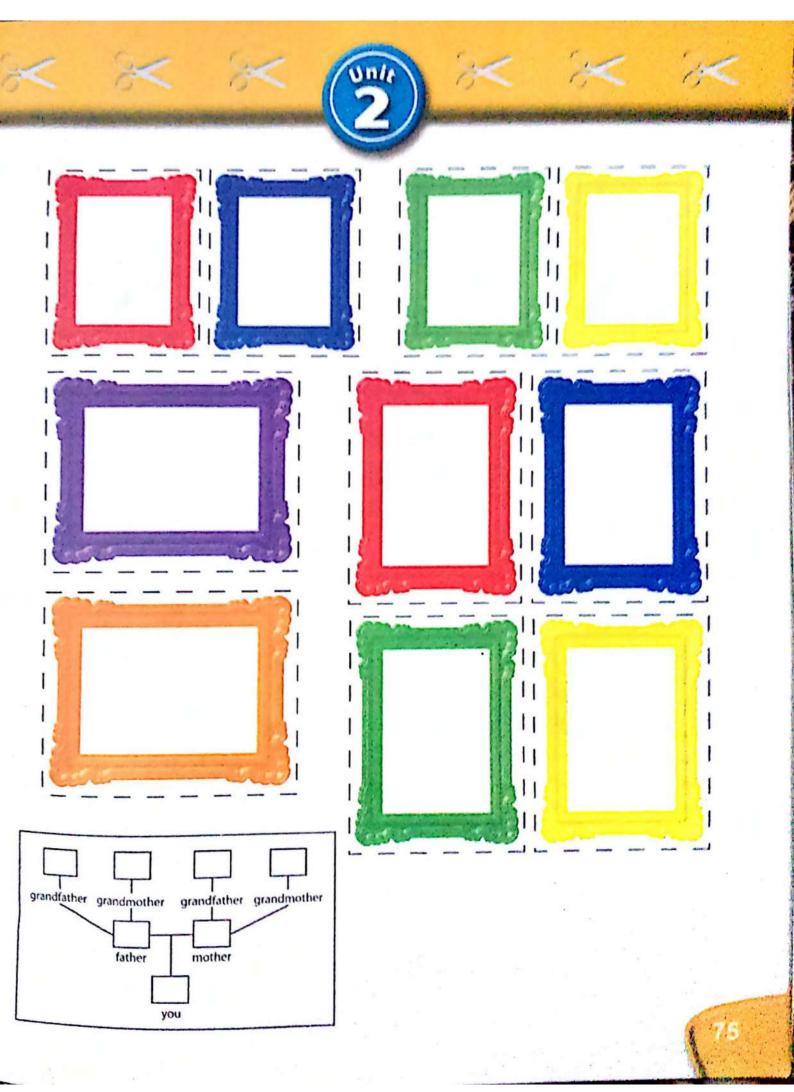
Imperative sentences give an order:

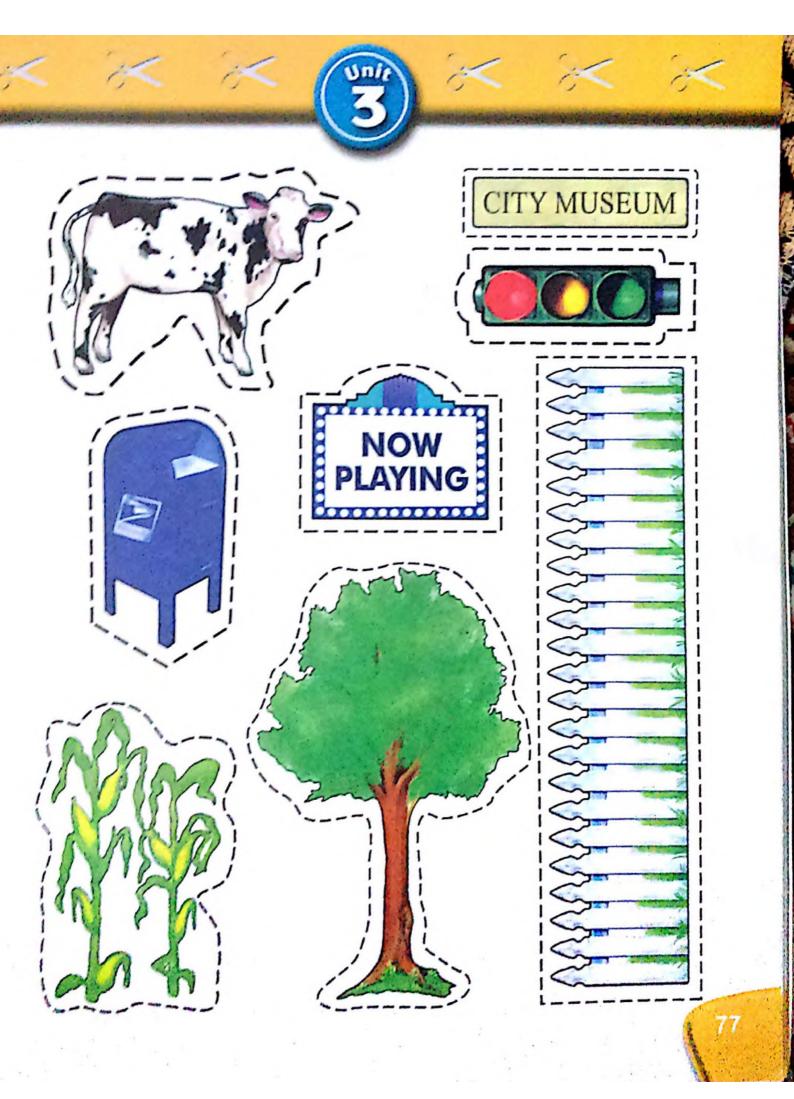
Put the collar on the puppy.

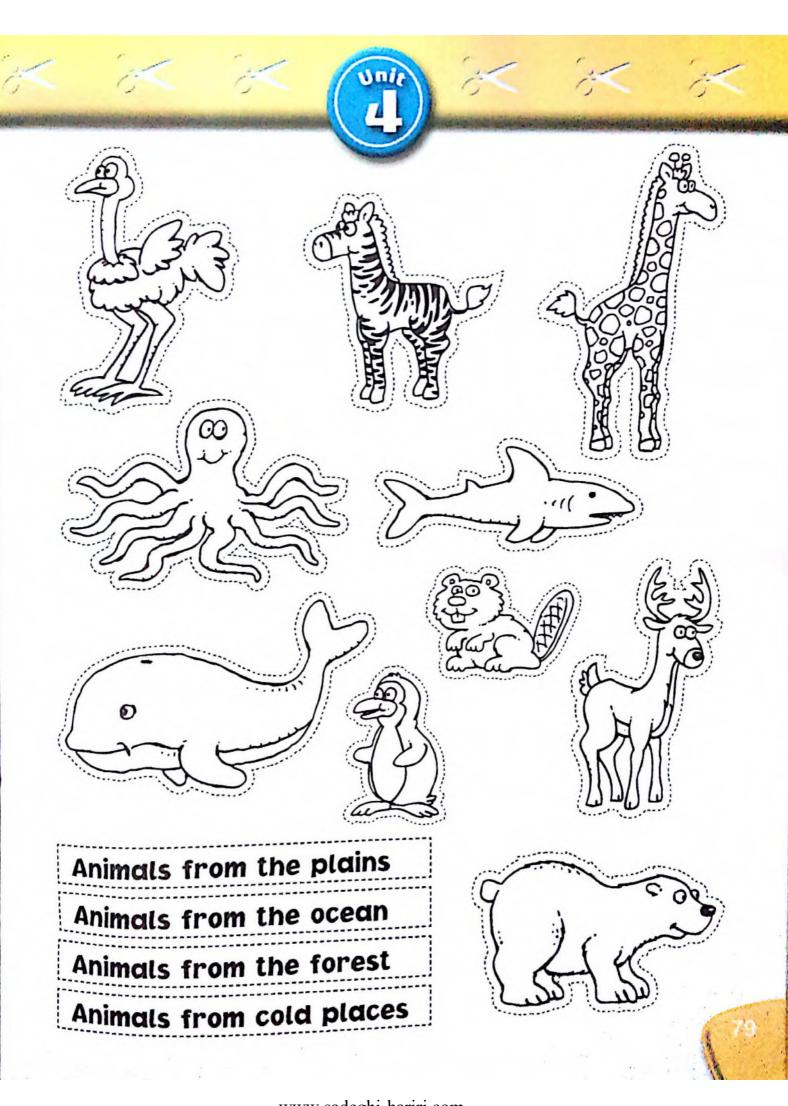
Exclamatory sentences show strong emotion:

Oh, no! He's running into the street!











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**Second Edition** 



Mario Herrera · Diane Pinkley



# Contents

Our Five Senses	. 82
A World of Food	. 94
© In Shape!	.106
Puppets	.1 18
Sound and Spelling Handbook	131
Review	135
Cutouts	137



It's time to open Backpack and see what we can see. We'll have lots of adventures. Explore Backpack with me!

Backpack is full of fun things
we use each day in school.
Stories, puzzles, songs, and games—
Backpack is really cool!

It's time to open Backpack and see what we can see. We'll have lots of adventures. Explore Backpack with me!

Backpack is full of fun and facts,
projects and pictures, too.
We're learning English, we're never bored.
There are great new things to do!

It's time to open Backpack and see what we can see. We'll have lots of adventures. Explore Backpack with me!

# 6

# Our Five Senses



Read. Listen and sing.

# Street Fair

At the street fair I can see so many things to buy jewelry, clothes, toys, and pets, and books piled up high.

At the street fair I can smell delicious food to eat.

I can taste the popcorn and the ice-cream cones so sweet.

At the street fair, at the street fair my senses come alive.

At the street fair, at the street fair one, two, three, four, five.

At the street fair I can hear laughter from the crowd.

A little monkey with a drum and sticks is playing loud.

At the street fair I can look at things both old and new.

I love to look and touch them all, then buy just one or two.

(Chorus)

Ven e Used Handmade Clothes Jewelry

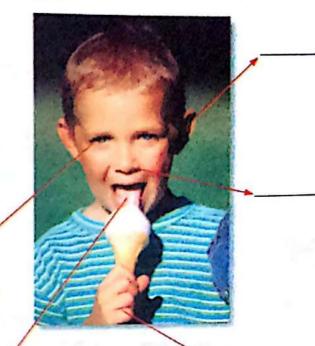
> There's so much to see at the fair!



# Listen. Point and say. Write.

Our bodies tell us about the world.

- 1. We see with our eyes.
- 2. We hear with our ears.
- 3. We smell with our nose.
- 4. We taste with our tongue.
- 5. We touch with our fingers.



# 3

## Stick and say.







2.

3.





5.

The five senses; parts of the body

# Language in the Real World



#### Listen. Look and read.

Our five senses—hearing, smell, taste, touch, and sight—tell us about the world.



#### Smell

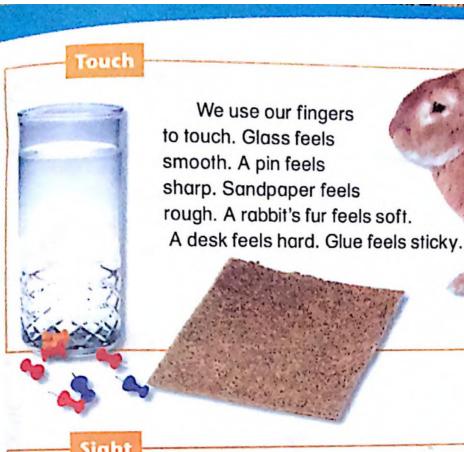
We use our nose to smell.
Flowers and perfume smell sweet. Soap smells fresh and clean. Paint smells strong.
Food smells delicious.



#### Taste

We use our tongue to taste. Candy tastes sweet. A lemon tastes sour. Corn chips taste salty. Salsa tastes spicy. Most food tastes delicious, but some medicine tastes had!







We use our eyes to see. The suitcase looks heavy. The dog looks sad. Flowers look beautiful. Babies look happy. Soccer players look hot and tired.





#### Point. Ask and answer.





Describe the flowers.

They look beautiful. They're colorful.



Question formation; the five senses

#### Grammar

How does the ice cream taste? How do the wind chimes sound? It tastes sweet. They sound pretty,











1. How does popcorn taste?

2. How does a pin feel?

3. How do drums sound?

4. How does the baby look?

It

They

He \_\_\_\_

# Read and write.

Yesterday was a wonderful day. I went to a street fair. There were so many things to see and do! There was a good band. The music was loud. The pizza was good. The hamburgers were delicious. There was a man with comic books for sale. There was a woman with a kitten for sale. It was so cute, and its fur was so soft! It was a great day.

- I. How was yesterday?
- 2. How was the music?
- 3. How were the hamburgers?
- 4. Describe the kitten.



Questions with how; verbs of sensation: postnominal adjectives



Why do you like pizza?

Because it tastes great!

smell feel look sound taste





Name	Why do you like	Because	
Marta		it tastes great	
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

# Look around your classroom. Write.

I. Find something sharp.

pencil

2. Find something hard.

3. Find something sweet.

4. Find something smooth.

5. Find something heavy.

Questions with why; because; verbs of sensation



## Listen. Write the number.















Listen. Read and chant.

# More

If you love me, give me more.
This candy is a treat!

Mama, Mama, give me more.
That pizza smells so good.
If you love me, give me more.
Thanks. I knew you would!

Daddy, Daddy, give me more.
My piggy bank feels so light.
If you love me, give me more.
More coins will make it right!

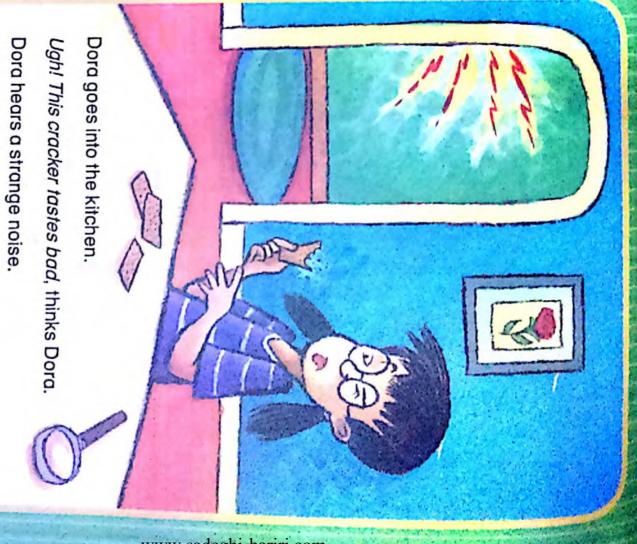
Sister, Sister, give me more. This candy tastes so sweet.











What was it?

That sounds strange, thinks Dora.

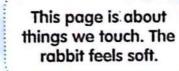
# Accordian Book

Cut out the pictures on page 137. Make and present a book about the five senses.









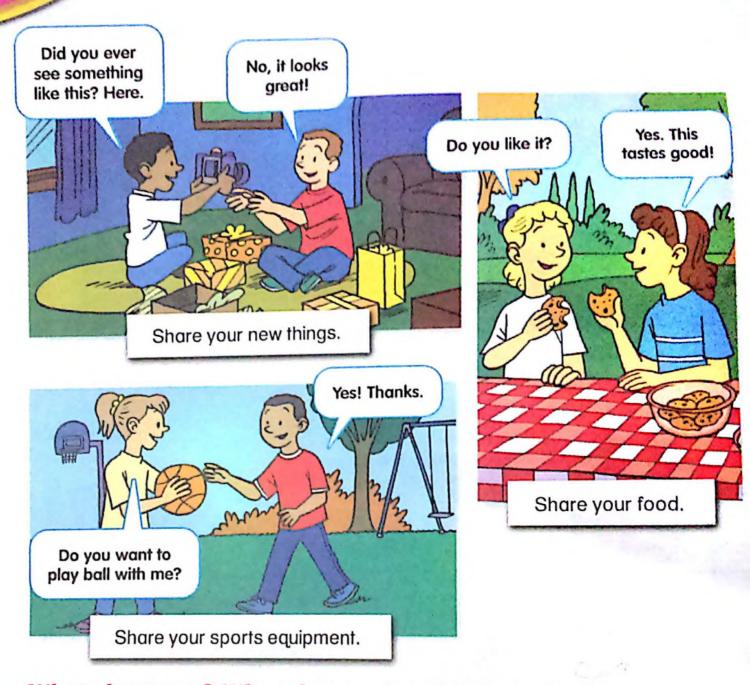


Content connection; science

# Values

# Share with Others

Look and read. Talk.



What about you? When do you share? Talk and write.

# Know It? Show It!

praw six objects in six different squares. Take turns describing how an object looks, tastes, smells, feels, or sounds; and guessing the object.





Take something from the grab bag. Describe how it feels, looks, sounds, tastes, or smells.





Performance assessment See Assessment Package pp. 87-89, 97, 106, 110-111, and 114-115.

# 7) A World of Food



Read. Listen and sing.

# Food, Glorious Food

In the morning, in the afternoon, eating food is great.

Breakfast, lunch, or dinner—
I can hardly wait.
What do you have

What do you have on your plate?

For breakfast I'll have some toast and jam, some milk and cereal, some bread and ham.

At lunch time, I'm going to have some soup, a healthful salad, and then some fruit.

(Chorus)

For dinner, I'll have some fish and rice.

And for dessert, perhaps cake would be nice.

Or maybe I'll have onions and peas, chicken and vegetables, lettuce and cheese.

(Chorus)

What's your favorite food?

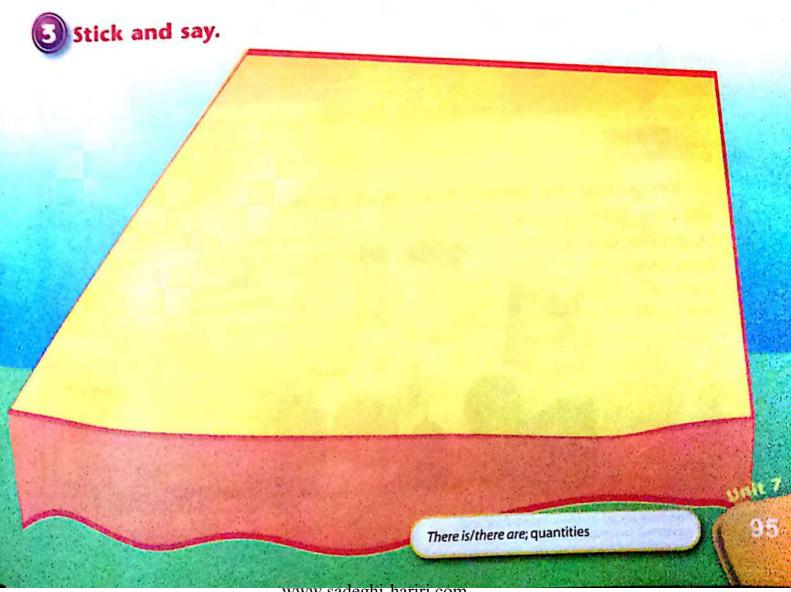
Food and meals



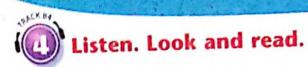


- There is a loaf of bread on the table.
- 2. There are two pieces of cheese.
- 3. There is a jar of pickles.
- 4. There is a bunch of grapes.

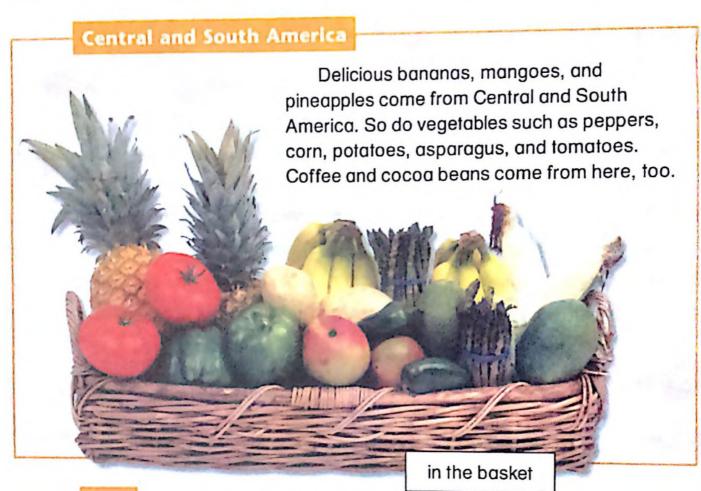
- 5. There are three cans of soda.
- 6. There is a bottle of oil.
- 7. There are four slices of tomato.
- 8. There is a bowl of olives.



# Language in the Real World



The food we enjoy comes from all over the world.



#### Asia



Reading: social studies; vocabulary and grammar in context

#### Europe

Foods such as broccoli, celery, cherries, garlic, and olives come from this part of the world. Many countries in this part of the world raise animals and sell a lot of beef, lamb, pork, chicken, and fish.





When you look at your dinner tonight, think about all the different places your food comes from!



# Point. Ask and answer.

What's on the brown table?

There is a plate of fish.





#### Ask and answer.

Are there any cherries on the white table?

No. There aren't any.



Question formation; information and yes/no questions; quantities

#### Grammar

Are there any bananas in the basket?

Are there any pears in the basket?

Yes, there are two bunches of bananas. No, there aren't any.





- 1. Are there any carrots? Yes, there are two bunches of carrots.
- Are there any potatoes?

   Are there any onions?
- 4. Are there any bananas?
- 5. Are there any cans of soda? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Are there any olives?\_\_\_\_\_

# Read and write.

My friend Billy doesn't like the food in his house.
There isn't any ice cream. There isn't any soda. There isn't any candy. There aren't any chips or salsa.
Billy's mother doesn't want him to eat junk food. In Billy's kitchen, there are some carrots, some celery, some crackers, and some cheese. But no sweets!

- I. Does Billy like the food in his house?
- 2. List four foods that aren't in Billy's house.
- 3. List four foods that are in Billy's house.



98

Yes/no questions; there are/aren't; quantifiers

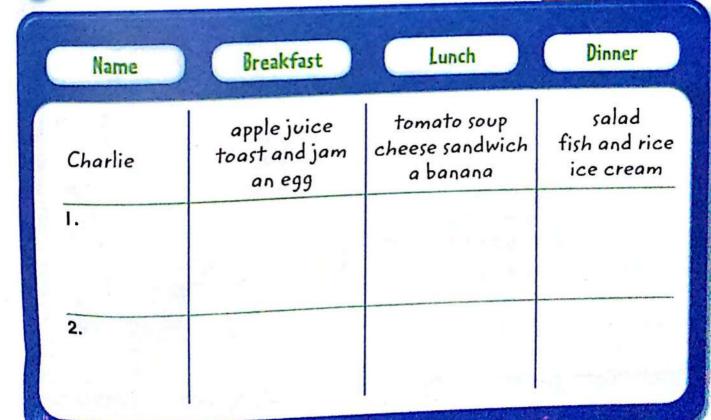
# What's in the refrigerator? Look and write.



1. <u>Th</u>	ere's a jar of pic	ckles.
2		and the Alexander of the San
3		
4		

What's your favorite breakfast?

# Ask two friends. Tell the class.





# Listen. Write T for true and F for false.

1. \_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_











#### Listen. Read and chant.

# Desserts

Pour some chocolate syrup on top of your ice cream. Put on a bright red cherry. This dessert's a dream!

Take two chocolate cookies.
Put peanut butter on one.
Put the other cookie on top.
Cookie sandwiches are fun!

Ice cream, pie, and cookies.
I love a good dessert.
But never eat them all at once,
or your tummy will really hurt!





# **Delicious Snacks**



3. Stir the fruit, orange juice, and sugar.

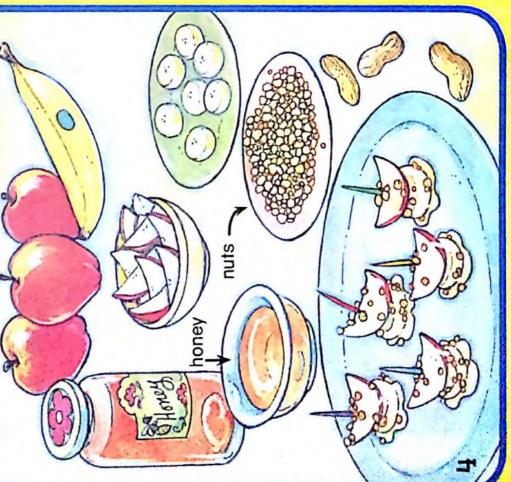
4. Put some coconut on top.

5. Eat and enjoy!

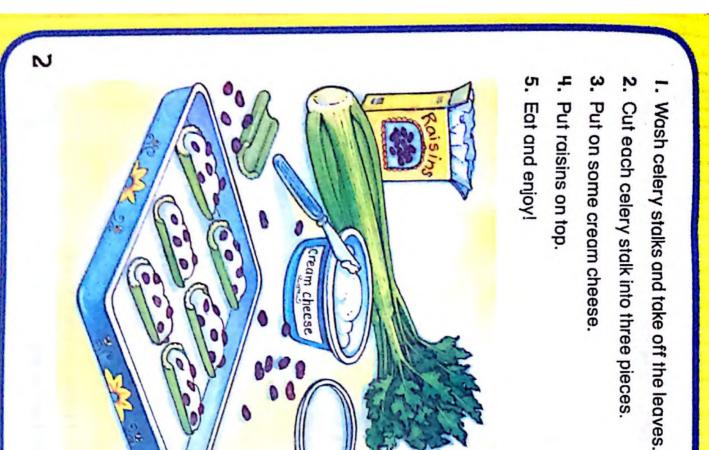
2. Put in some orange juice and sugar.

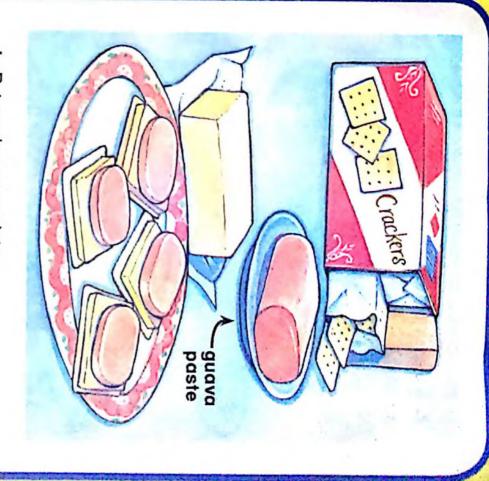
I. Put some pieces of fruit in a bowl.

TRACK B10



- 3. Roll each piece in the crushed nuts. 2. Dip each piece of fruit in honey.
  - 4. Put in a toothpick.
- 5. Eat and enjoy!





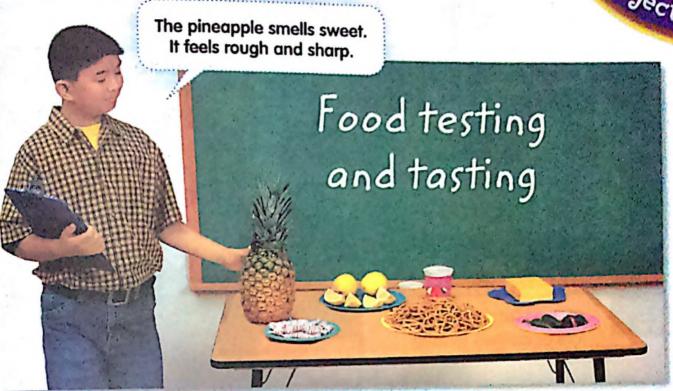
- Put crackers on a plate.
- 2. Cut the guava paste and cheese into slices.
- Put the pieces of cheese on the crackers.
- Put a slice of guava paste on top.
- Eat and enjoy!

W

# **food Chart**

Complete the chart.





Food	What color?	How does it feel?	How does it smell?	How does it taste?
pineapple	brown, yellow	rough, sharp	sweet	sweet
1			months of	
				, "

Content connection: science; health



# Help at Home

Look and read. Talk.







In a large family, you have to make lots of food!

How do you help at home? Talk and write.







#### Get in shape!



Get enough sleep. Don't stay up too late.



Eat enough good food. Don't eat too much junk food.



Get enough exercise.

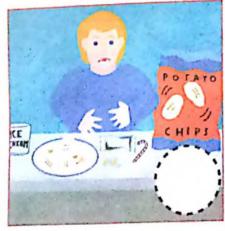
Don't watch too much TV.



## Stick and say.











Imperatives; healthful habits

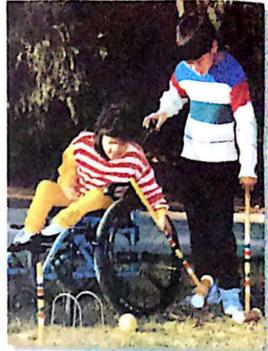
## Language in the Real World

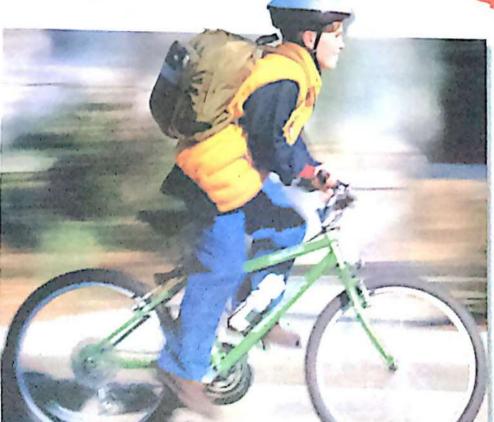


#### Listen. Look and read.

When you are in shape, you feel good. When you are out of shape, you don't feel good. How do you feel?

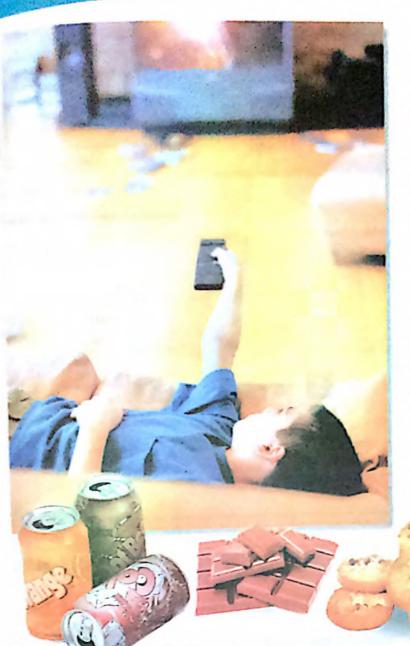






Today Taro feels good.

Yesterday Taro got plenty of sleep. He didn't stay up late. He ate plenty of fresh fruit and vegetables. He drank milk, juice, and water. Taro got plenty of exercise. It was a great day.



Today Teddy doesn't feel very good.

Yesterday Teddy didn't get enough sleep. Teddy didn't get enough exercise. He was in front of the TV all day. He didn't play soccer or go for a walk in the park.

Yesterday he ate too much junk food. He ate lots of candy, cookies, and potato chips. He drank a lot of soda. He didn't eat any fruit or vegetables.



## Point. Ask and answer.

Did Taro get enough sleep yesterday?

Yes, he did.







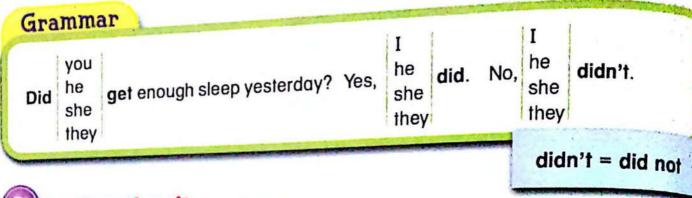
#### Point. Ask and answer.

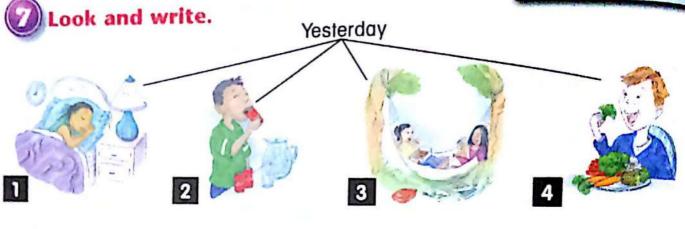
What did Taro eat? He ate good food. He ate fresh fruit and vegetables.





Question formation with yes/no questions and information questions; simple past





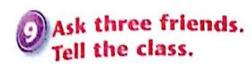
- Did she get enough sleep?
- 2. Did he drink enough water?
- 3. Did they get enough exercise?
- 4. Did he eat enough vegetables?

## Read and write.

Yesterday Gina got plenty of sleep. She drank lots of water and juice. She ate plenty of fresh fruit and vegetables. She got lots of exercise on her bike. Her friend Tina didn't get enough sleep. She drank lots of soda. She ate too many chips and cookies. She didn't get any exercise.

- I. Who's in shape? Why?
- 2. Who isn't in shape? Why?





Y = Yes, I did.
X = No, I didn't.

Did you get enough sleep yesterday?

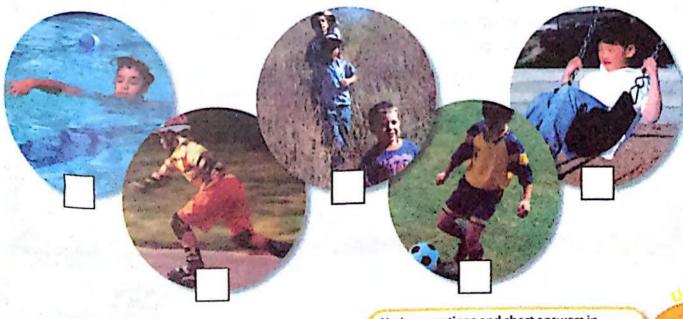
No, I didn't. I'm tired.





Name	THE PARTY OF THE P			( <mark>3</mark> ) <u>//</u>
Mark	ж	х	~	×
1.				
2.	1111			
3.				

How do you get enough exercise? Check the boxes. Talk with a partner.



Yes/no questions and short answers in simple past; simple present

















Listen. Read and chant.

## Outside

1 get together with my friends to swim or fly our kites.

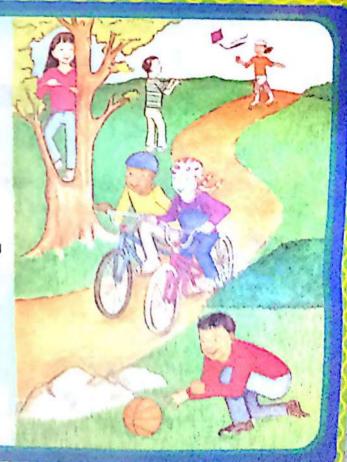
Sometimes we play basketball or have races on our bikes.

We take some fruit and water for a picnic in the park.

We climb and run and have great fun until it's almost dark.

I just don't understand the kids who stay inside all day.

Who cares about TV when you can go outside to play?





How do children get enough exercise?

Climbing and dancing build strong muscles.

Boris is climbing a rock wall. Asma is practicing ballet. They're having fun!

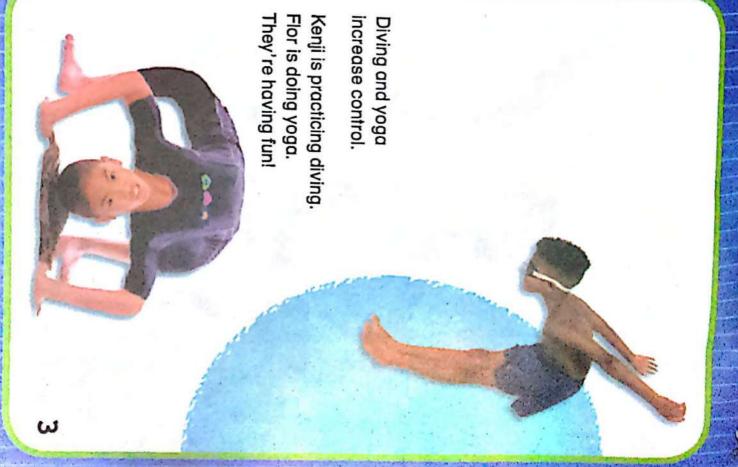


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(RACK BOD) 1



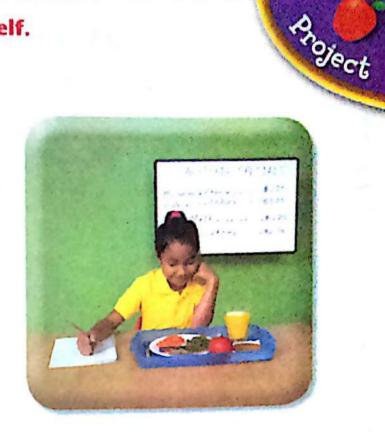


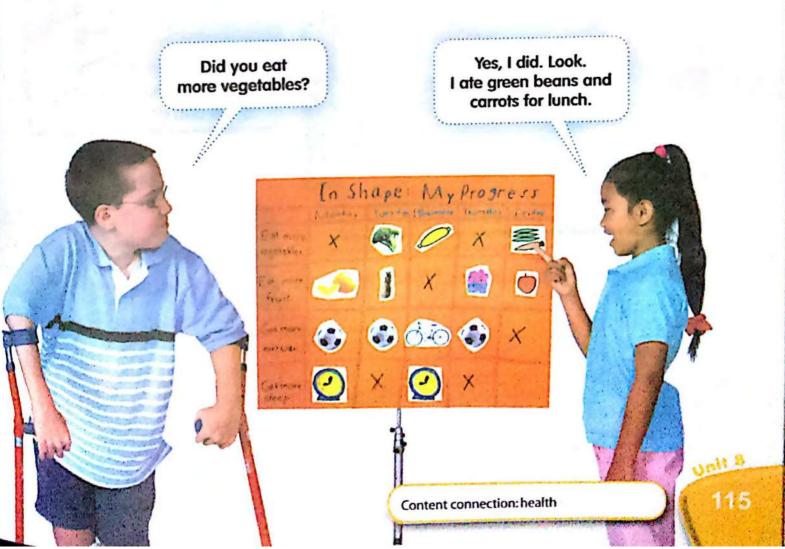


# my Progress Chart

Choose health goals for yourself.
Make your own chart.



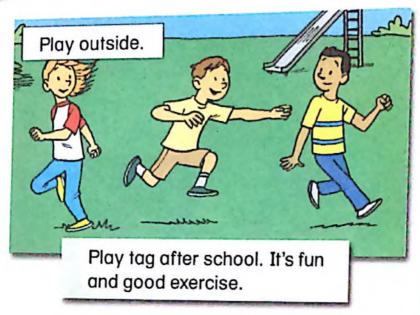


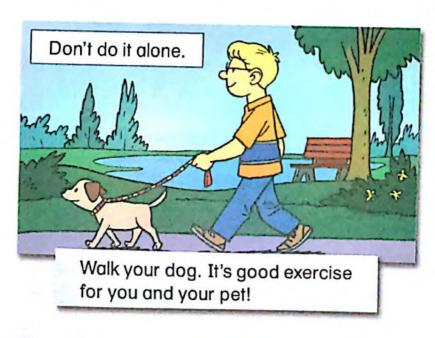




# Get Exercise!

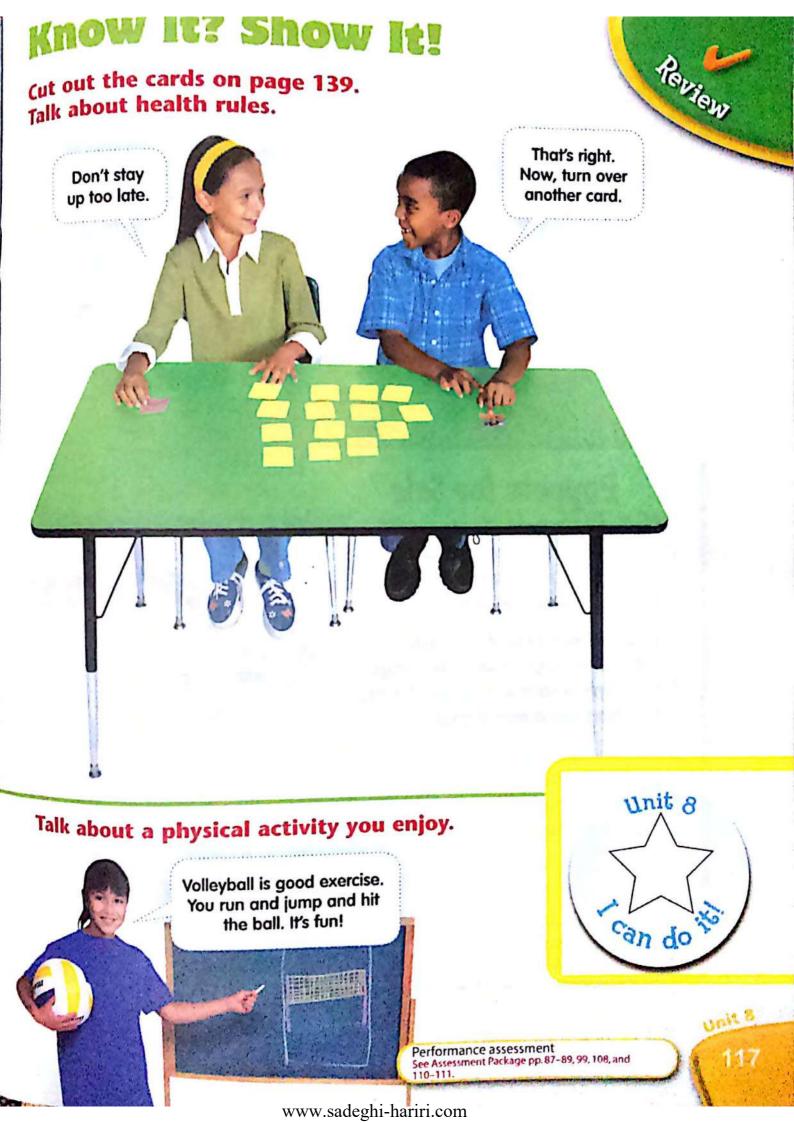
Look and read. Talk.







How do you get exercise? Talk and write.





## Puppets for Sale

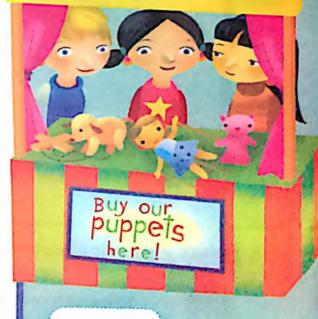
Do you want someone to play with?
Do you have an idea for a show?
I'm a puppet, and I'll be your friend.
I'm ready to play—let's go!

You can make a puppet, any size, with paper bags, sticks, and things. From a simple sock with a pair of eyes, to a marionette with strings.

Some are thumb and finger puppets. You can wear them on your hand. Shadow puppets need a bright light to do their shadow dance.

Do you want to tell a story in a new, exciting way?
We are puppets, and we'll be your friends.
We're ready to go—let's play!

## We make puppets!



Do you like puppets?

118

Making and using puppets





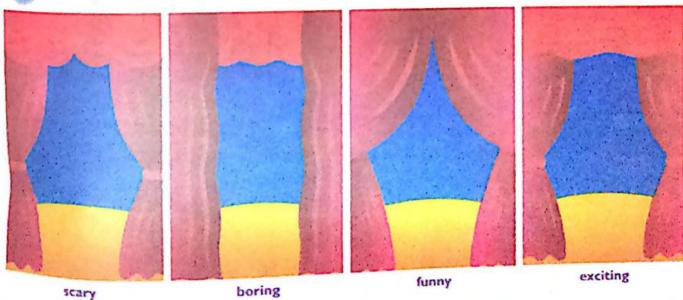






- 1. I like puppets because they're funny.
- 2. I like puppets because they're exciting.
- 3. I like puppets because they're scary.
- 4. I don't like puppets because they're boring.

## Stick and say.



Likes and dislikes; reasons with because

# Language in the Real World



Listen. Look and read.

Puppets are popular all over the world.
Puppets can make us laugh or cry.
They can teach us history or tell us stories.

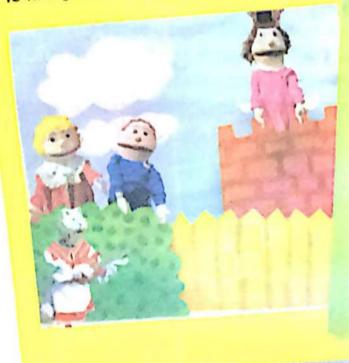


Check out these posters from the International Puppet Festival!

# Flim, Flam, Flopsy

Today at 3:00 P.M.

Flim and Flam can't find the queen's cat, Flopsy. You'll laugh at the funny things they do to catch Flopsy and take her back to the queen in her castle.



## Stories from History: The Middle Ages

-

See history come to life with the famous

SICILIAN PUPPETS



Charlemagne Orlando Furioso

2:00 P.M. 4:00 P.M.

TODAY

# The Lady and the Beast

The beautiful Lady is brave, but is she safe from the scary Beast?



See these beautiful wood puppets from England up close after the show!

Today at 11:00 A.M. and 1:00 P.M.

Don't miss

PUNCH & JUDY





### Point. Ask and answer.

What did you see?

I saw "Flim, Flam, and Flopsy."





### Ask and answer.

Did you like it?

Yes, I liked it a lot. The puppets were funny!



Question formation with information and yes/no questions; simple past

121

#### Grammar

Wha	t did	you he she they	see?		e ne	saw "Flim, Flam, d	and Flo	psy."	
Did	you he she they	like	it?	Yes,	I he she the	- h	No,	I he she they	didn't like it.



#### Look and write.

- 1. What did they see?
- 2. Did he like it?
- 3. Did she like it?



**Ghost Story** 







And now for my review of the "Punch & Judy" puppet show. The puppets in this show were very old, traditional puppets from Italy. They were colorful. The story was very funny. I laughed a lot. I think everyone will like this show. Take the family to see "Punch & Judy". I really liked it!

- 1. What did she see?
- 2. Did she like it? Why?

PUNCH & JUDY

TODAY

NOON



Question formation with information and yes/no questions; simple past

# Ask two friends. Tell the class.

What do you like? Why?













puppets

cartoons

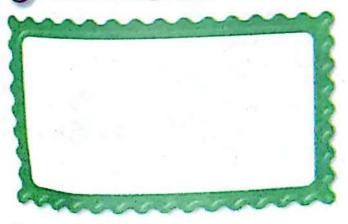
movies

sports

video games

Name	What do you like?	Why?
Adrian	puppets and cartoons video games	because they are funny because they are exciting
l.		
2.		







I like \_ pscanse - I like \_\_\_\_\_ because \_

Information questions; simple present; why/because



### Listen. Write the letter.

1. \_\_\_\_

2.

3. \_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_

5.













Listen. Read and chant.

## Puppet Play

When you play with puppets, you're the puppeteer.
You decide what they will do—run or clap or cheer.

You can make their costumes, and decide what they will say. Use your hand or strings to make them move a certain way.

You can paint their faces, and make them laugh or cry.

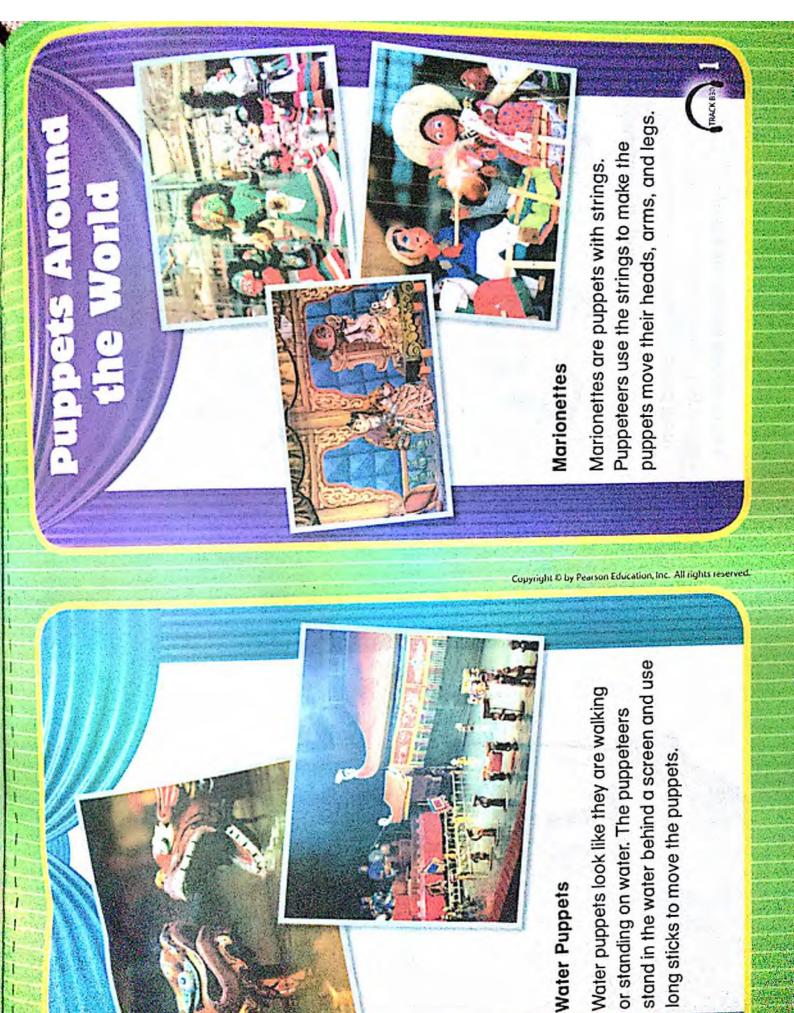
You can have them fight with swords or even throw a pie!

Your puppets are your actors to use in your own play.
With your own imagination, you'll have fun all day!



Listening for details; stress, rhythm, and intonation







# **Rod Puppets**

Rod puppets don't have strings. The puppeteers use sticks of wood or metal to move the puppets' heads, arms, and legs.

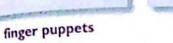


# puppet Play

Cut out the pictures on page 141.

Make puppets and put on a play.







stick puppets



sock puppets

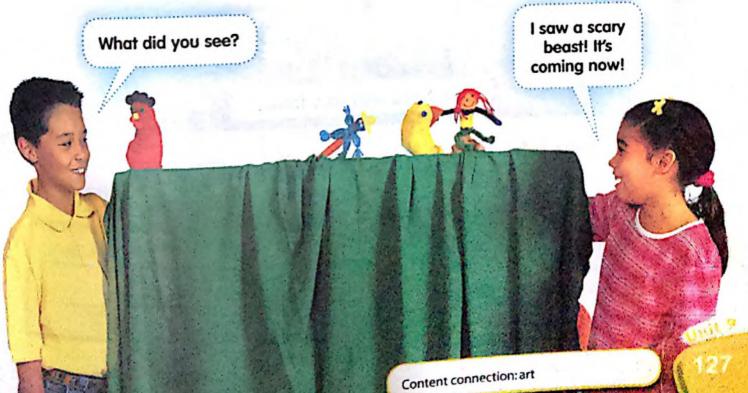


bag puppets



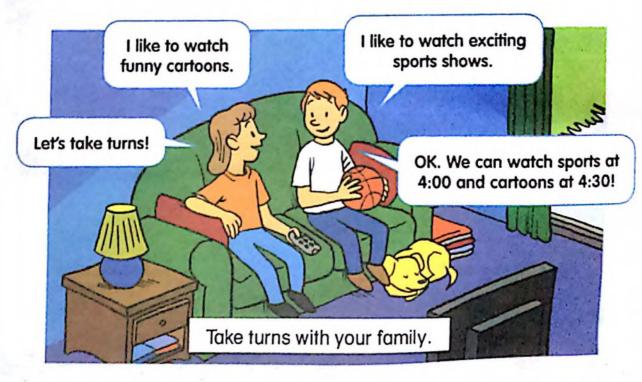






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When do you take turns? Talk and write.



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# Sound and Spelling Handbook

o as in sofa



Listen and say.



Listen and say. Point to the picture.



2



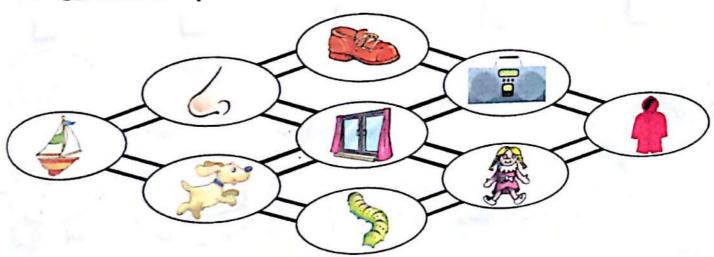
3



4



Listen. Which words have the same sound as the o in sofa? Connect the pictures.



Read. Underline the words with the same sound as the o in sofa.

In November, I like to play outside in the snow for a long time. But then I get one red, runny nose and ten cold toes!





Write words that have the same sound as the o in sofa. Say.

A pretty red flower you can give your mother is a\_

You can mail a letter at the \_\_\_

In our kitchen there is a new.

Lesson 6: the vowel o

131

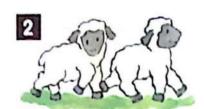


Listen and say.



Listen and say. Point to the picture.



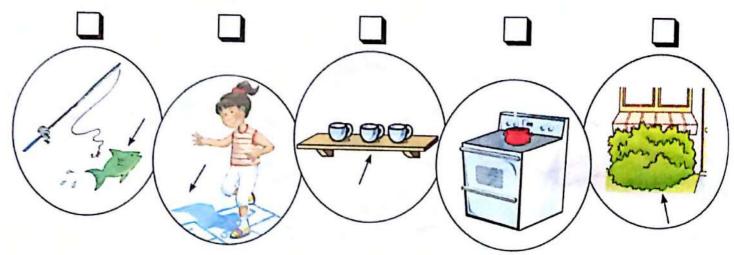








Listen. Which words have the same sound as the sh in shoe? Check the boxes.



Read. Underline the words with the same sound as the sh in shoe.

In the morning, I take a shower, brush my teeth, and get dressed in my favorite blue shirt, shorts, and shoes.





Write words that have the same sound as the sh in shoe. Say.

Circles and triangles are \_\_\_\_\_

Polar bears have claws that are \_\_\_\_

## Sound and Spelling Handbook

i as in five



Listen and say.

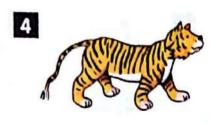


Listen and say. Point to the picture.



2





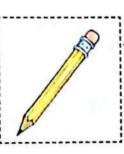


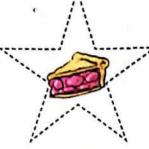
Listen. Which words have the same sound as the *i* in *five*? Trace the shapes.



15







Read. Underline the words with the same sound as the i in five.

We are at the park. I'm riding my bike. My sister is playing hide-and-seek. My brother is flying his kite.



**6** 

Write words that have the same sound as the *i* in *five*. Say the answer.

$$5 + 14 = ?$$

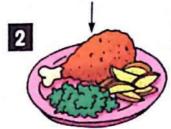


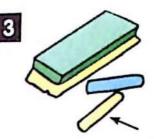
Listen and say.



Listen and say. Point to the picture.



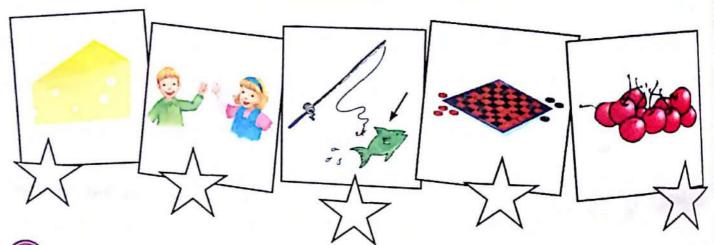








Listen. Which words have the same sound as the ch in chair? Check the stars.



Read. Underline the words with the same sound as the ch in chair.

It's time for lunch. We have chicken sandwiches, salad, cheese pizza, and chocolate cake to eat. And juice to drink!



1		
- (4		
N.	0	
1		9)

Write words that have the same sound as the *ch* in *chair*. Say.

The t	.,.
1116	_is writing with
the board. The	onon
me board. The	aro w
	are w he

Lesson 9: the consonant digraph ch

## Units 7-9, Student A

Student A uses the information below. Student B turns to page 124.

- 1. Number 1. What's in the bowl?
- 3. Number 3. Did they get enough exercise?
- 5. Number 5. Are there any vegetables on the table?
- 7. Number 7. What did you see?
- 9. Number 9. What do you like? Why?















10



# Review Units 7-9, Student B

# Student B uses the information below. Student A uses page 123.

- 2. Number 2. Is there any milk in the refrigerator?
- 4. Number 4. Did he get enough sleep last night?
- 6. Number 6. Did they eat enough vegetables for lunch?
- 8. Number 8. Did she like the movie? Why or why not?
- 10. Number 10. Are there any grapes?













# BACK Second Edition

Reach into Backpack, Second Edition for a richly illustrated, seven-level communicative program that motivates primary learners and supports teachers, Backpack is packed with kid-friendly topics, catchy songs and chants, stickers, games, stories, hands-on projects, and TPR activities. Young learners will succeed with Backpack!

#### **NEW Features**

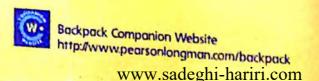
- All-NEW music engages students with a catchy, pop sound
- NEW values curriculum provides character education and strengthens the home-school connection
- NEW Picture Dictionary (Starter), Sound and Spelling Handbooks (Levels 1–3), and Grammar and Writing Handbooks (Levels 4–6) in the Student Books and Workbooks provide support and practice
- NEW Assessment Package offers teachers' tips, techniques, tests, and a test generator
- Content Readers with Teacher's Manuals (Levels 1–6) provide reading practice and content connections
- NEW Interactive Whiteboard Software engages students and helps sustain motivation

#### Components

- Student Book with Sound and Spelling Handbook and CD-ROM
- Workbook with Workbook CD
- Interleaved Teacher's Edition
- Class Audio CD
- Assessment Package

- Large-format Picture Cards
- Large-format Posters
- Teacher's Resource Book
- Video (DVD) with Guide
- Interactive Whiteboard Software
- Companion Website







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