

Contents

Map of the b	ook		4
Acknowledg			6
Introduction			7
Social	l and Travel		
Umit1	Is there a bank?	1	10
Umit2	Airmail, please!	1	14
Umit3	What's on?	1	18
Umit4	What's in your luggage?	2	22
Umit5	Where shall we eat?	2	26
Umit6	Somewhere to stay	3	30
Umit7	On top of Table Mountain	3	34
Umit8	It's ringing	3	88
Umit9	Don't worry!	4	12
Umit 10	What's in the news?	4	16
Umit11	I'll check my email	5	50
Review		5	54
₩ Work	and Study		Sill to
Umit12	Is that spelt correctly?	6	50
Umit13	How do I join?	6	64
Umit14	At the sports centre	6	58
Umit15	I'd like to work here	7	72
Umit16	Just the job!	7	76
Review	2	8	30
Appendices			
Appendit			
Appendiz	Useful language	8	32
Malagunan			32 37
Appendit	2 Learning tips	8	

Map of the book

	Unit number	Title	Topic	How to
	1	Is there a bank?	Shops and other services	 scan a text to find particular pieces of information find out about services in the area where you are staying read notices in shop windows and find out exactly what services are available
	2	Airmail, please!	Sending mail abroad	 read a post office leaflet quickly to get a general idea of what it is about find the information you need to decide which is the best way to send letters and postcards abroad find out how to send packets and packages abroad
1	3	What's on?	Theatre and cinema	 understand a text without knowing the meaning of every word read a theatre programme and choose a show you would like to see read a cinema brochure, and find out about paying for tickets and membership
Social and Travel	4	What's in your luggage?	Hand and checked-in luggage	 find words with similar meanings in a text find out about restrictions to your hand luggage decide if you need to declare anything at Customs
Social	5	Where shall we eat?	Food and eating out	 understand descriptions of dishes and recommendations, and choose what you would like to eat work out the function of each sentence in a text understand web recommendations and choose a place to eat
	6	Somewhere to stay	Hostel accommodation	 use your knowledge and experience to predict the content of a text find out about a hostel and what it offers find the answers to frequently asked questions
	7	On top of Table Mountain	Sightseeing	 read and find the information you need without focusing on unknown words try and work out the meaning of unknown words find out about an attraction from leaflets about it
	8	It's ringing	Telephones	 use a chart to make notes and compare things choose the best mobile phone package for your needs decide how to pay for calls from a public phone box

Unit number Title		Title	Topic	How to	
avel	9	Don't worry!	First aid and accidents	 identify the most important parts of sentences follow instructions in a first aid manual and give first aid find out about treatment at Accident and Emergency (A&E) 	
Social and Travel	10	What's in the news?	Newspapers	 use headlines to predict the content of newspaper articles understand short newspaper articles identify words that are useful to you 	
S	11	I'll check my email	Keeping in touch	 work out the main purpose of an email understand email abbreviations and 'smileys' identify different types of email and deal with them 	
	12	Is that spelt correctly?	Checking spellings	 identify British English and American English spellings add words to the computer's customized dictionary identify incorrect spellings 	
	13	How do I join?	Using a library	 put the sentences of a text into your own words find out about a library, what you can borrow and what you have to pay for 	
Work and Study	14	At the sports centre	Staff noticeboard	 use a variety of approaches when reading texts read advertisements on a noticeboard and decide what you are interested in find out about taking up a new sport and having lessons 	
	15	I'd like to work here	Working in a music store	 use a dictionary with English definitions to find out the meaning of words find out about jobs and benefits on a company website choose a job you are interested in 	
	16	Just the job!	Finding a job	 skim a page of advertisements in a newspaper to find out which ones are most useful to you understand job advertisements and choose a job which suits you complete a job application form 	

Umit Is there a bank?



Get ready to

read













Look at the list of places again. Which places are shops? Which provide other services for customers? Write two lists.

shops	services
baker's	bank

- Add some other places to the two lists above.
- Imagine you are doing a language course in Britain. Look at your list of shops and services. Which shops and services are most important to you? (x = not veryimportant, $\checkmark = \text{important}$, $\checkmark \checkmark = \text{very important}$)

Look at the photographs. What are these shops and services? Choose from the words in the box.

	baker's delicatessen newsagent's chemist's	bank dry clea optician library		butcher's hairdresser's stationer's travel agent's
0	dry clean	er's	d	***************************************
1	· ····································		e f	

go to Useful language p. 82

A Welcome to Summertown

- 1 Imagine you are doing a language course in Summertown and you see the leaflet on the opposite page on the school noticeboard. Look quickly at the leaflet. What is it about? Tick ✓ one of the boxes.
 - a shops in Summertown
 - b services in Summertown
 - c shops and services in Summertown

Learning tip

We sometimes look through a text to find a particular piece of information. This type of reading is called scanning. When we scan, we don't read every word. We find the information we're looking for and then stop reading. We don't pay any attention to the rest of the text.

- 2 Scan the leaflet on the opposite page and find the answers to these questions. Answer yes or no.
 - a Is there a bike rental store in Summertown?
 - b Is there a post office?
- c Is there an internet café?
 - d Is there a cinema?
- e Is there a dry cleaner's?
- f Is there an optician's?

yes

Summertown!

We hope you will enjoy your stay here! Summertown is a busy community which has built up around Banbury Road, the main road heading north from the centre of Oxford. It is a mainly residential area. Here are some notes which we hope will help make your stay enjoyable.

Oxford City Centre is within easy reach. Several buses -2,7,17,25,27,59 and 218 – run frequently to and from the centre. Alternatively, you can rent or buy a bike and cycle down Banbury Road in about ten minutes. (You can hire a bike at Summertown Cycles, or buy your own.)

Shops and other services

You don't need to go into Oxford for your shopping as you will find everything you need here in Summertown. Most shops are in Banbury Road. There are three supermarkets for food shopping. The Co-op (at the southern end of the shoping area) is open until 10pm on weekday evenings and has the longest opening hours. Other specialist food shops include a fruit shop, a delicatessen, a Lebanese shop and takeaway, a butcher's shop and two baker's. Unless otherwise stated, shopping hours are from 9.30am until 5.30pm, Monday–Saturday.

There used to be three newsagent's in Summertown, but now there is only one. Martins is at the northern end of the shopping area. Martins can order foreign newspapers for you. Speak to one of the sales assistants if you'd like to arrange this. You can also buy stamps here. There is no longer a post office in Summertown. The nearest post office is in the centre of Oxford.

There are three banks in Summertown – Lloyds, HSBC and Barclays.

Opening hours are 9.00am–4.30pm. All of them have ATM machines outside.

Other shops in Banbury Road include a stationer's, a book store, a health shop and a card shop. There is also an internet café, a computer shop and a branch of MAIL BOXES ETC. which will ship your possessions home for you at the end of your stay.

Summertown Library is in South Parade, which is at the northern end of Banbury Road. The library is open every day except Wednesday and everyone is welcome. You'll find lots of information about the area here, and you can also read the newspapers.

There isn't a cinema in Summertown, but there are two video rental stores. Blockbuster, in Banbury Road, offers the usual mainstream films. Videosyncratic, in South Parade, on the other hand, has a wide selection of foreign films.

Summertown's travel agent's and launderette are both in South Parade. There is also a dry cleaner's in Banbury Road. You can get your photos developed there too. For your medical needs, there are two chemist's in Banbury Road. There is also an optician's.

There are several hairdresser's, both for men and women, in Summertown. Two of them – Wendy Burnett's and Anthony Lawrence – also offer a range of beauty treatments.

3 Which of the services in Exercise 2 are in Banbury Road? Which are in South Parade? Write BR or SP after your yes answers in Exercise 2.

4	What other shops and
	services are there in
	Summertown? Write a list.

- 5 Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?
 - a There is a good bus service into Oxford from Summertown. __T_
 - b Most shops in Summertown are closed on Sundays. ____
 - c The Co-op supermarket is opposite the newsagent's.
 - d The newsagent's sells stamps.
 - e The best day to go to the library is Wednesday. _____
 - f There are two hairdresser's in Summertown.

Class bonus

Write some questions about the text like those in Exercise 2 or some true/false statements like those in Exercise 5. Give your questions/ statements to another student.

Answer your partner's questions or decide if his/her statements are true or false.

6 Are there any other shops or services you would like to find in Summertown?

E tra practice

Imagine you are doing a language course in another British town or city. Look at the website for this town/city. Scan the website to find out if it has all the services you noted in *Get ready to read*.

B I saw it in the window

1 Complete these sentences.

If I needed some money, I'd go to a bank .

If I needed to wash my clothes, I'd go to a _____.

If I wanted to send some emails. I'd go to a/an _____

If I needed to send a parcel, I'd go to a _____.

If I needed my eyes tested, I'd go to an _____.

If I wanted to rent a bike, I'd go to a

2 Look at these notices from windows of shops and places in Summertown which provide other services. Where would you see each notice?

video rental store



Discover

Ь

Fresh fruit and veg Bread fresh from the oven Fresh fish and meat

Hot food to go and much more . . .

INTERNET from 90p an hour

3p per minute (£1 minimum) PAY AS YOU GO

£5 budget card 5 hours (unlimited logins last 90 days)

£10 budget card 11 hours + 7 minutes (unlimited logins last 90 days)

"Best value in Oxford"

d vised prices from April

sityling	\$19,50
wash / cut / blow dry	£18.50
wet cut / blow dry	£17.50
children's wet cut / blow dry	£10.50
OAPs from	29.00
Beard trim	\$3.50

These prices include all extras, i.e. gel, conditioner hairspray, etc. Prices may vary due to length of hair and time taken on certain styles. lease note: Discounts for students Monday only

Repeat prescription collection & delivery Disposal of medicines Holiday and travel health advice **Development & printing** Medical advice Treatment for minor ailments

g Sorry, our systems need a maintenance check, which means

customers won't be able to withdraw cash from any of our ATMs using Barclay, LINK or VISA cards for a few hours on Sunday morning.

> Sunday 3rd September from 1am to 6am

IDEAL EYES Ltd

We are a local independent company and are proud to announce we will soon be opening our third practice.

We take pride in offering a friendly, professional service to all our patients, private or NHS.

For further information, contact 01865 244699.

OPEN 7.00am LAST WASH 7.00pm CLOSE 8.30PM

.

SERVICE WASH 9.30am - 2.30pm Monday - Friday

In order to assist customers, members of staff - on a voluntary basis - are willing to complete washing which will be collected later. This is a private arrangement between customer and staff, and we do not accept responsibility for any loss or damage to the said washing

3	Scan the notices and answer these questions. The	
	question letters match the notice letters.	

a What exactly can you rent for £9? 3 movies or games for 2 nights

b Can you get takeaway meals here?

c How much time do you get for the cheaper budget card?

d Why might some prices be higher?

e Do they only deal with medicine and health?

f When can't you use the ATM machine?

g Whose phone number is given?

h What is the latest time you can start your washing?

Focus on ... for and from

We use for

- to show an amount of money and time: 2 for £7 for 2 nights
- when something can be used by someone or something:
 Discounts for students Monday only

We use from to show

- where something started: Bread fresh from the oven
- when something started: Revised prices from April 2006
- the starting price: INTERNET from 90p an hour

Complete these sentences with for or from.

- a The launderette is open from 7.00am.
- b Fresh fish comes _____ the sea.
- c You can buy the cheapest budget card _____£5.
- d The launderette is _____ people without washing machines.
- e You can go to the supermarket _____ fresh fruit.
- f A haircut costs _____ £9.

Complete these two expressions from the text.

- g _____further information, contact 01865 244699.
- h We do not accept responsibility _____ any loss or damage.

4 Look at this notice from another shop in Summertown. This shop sells things, but what is different about it? Complete this sentence.

Oxfam sells things

② Oxfam

Opening Times

 Monday
 9.30am - 5.30pm

 Tuesday
 9.30am - 5.30pm

 Wednesday
 9.30am - 5.30pm

 Thursday
 9.30am - 5.30pm

 Friday
 9.30am - 5.30pm

 Saturday
 9.30am - 5.30pm

 Sunday
 CLOSED

We are very grateful for your donated goods. Please help us by leaving them when the shop is <u>OPEN</u>.

Leaving donations outside the shop at any other time presents a fire risk, and donations get <u>STOLEN</u>.

Thank you for your co-operation.

Did you know ...?

Oxfam was started in 1942 and is the UK's largest aid agency. 'Oxfam' is short for 'Oxford Committee for Famine Relief'. Its headquarters used to be in Summertown and its first shop is in the centre of Oxford. The Summertown shop is one of 500 in the UK.

5 Look at all the notices again. Which of the shops and services would you use if you lived in Summertown?

Can-do checklist

Tick what you can do.

I can scan a text to find particular pieces of information.

I can find out about services in the area where I am staying.

I can read notices in shop windows and find out exactly what services are available.

Can do

Need more practice

Umit2 Airmail, please!



Get ready to read	
TALYA MINE YAKSEL CO NO 9 DAIRE 10	Look at the items. Circle the correct word. a letter / packet / postcard / package b letter / packet / postcard / package c letter / packet / postcard / package d letter / packet / postcard / package
C Mr Taro Tanaka S-2-1 Ginza Chuo-Ku Tokyo 170-3293 Zrinka kolento Raba Wy-na 500 34-721 Poland d	Which of the items do you usually receive in these situations? a You've bought a CD-ROM on the Internet. b You've opened a new bank account. c It's your birthday and you're expecting a large present. d Your best friend has gone on holiday. e You've phoned a hotel because you left a T-shirt there. f The dentist wants to change your appointment. Which of these items might come from abroad?
	Do you ever receive letters, postcards, packets or packages from abroad?

go to Useful language p. 82

A Can I have a sticker?

Learning tip

We often look at a text quickly to find out what it is about or to get a general idea of its meaning. We look at pictures and headings, as well as the text itself This type of reading is called *skimming*. When we skim, we don't read every word. We get the main idea and don't pay attention to the small details.

- 1 You are going to read a text from a leaflet called Mail made easy. Skim the text on the opposite page. What is it about? Tick \(\sigma \) one of the boxes.
 - a sending letters and postcards within the UK
 - b sending letters and postcards within Europe
 - c sending letters and postcards all over the world
- 2 Skim the text again. Which of these sentences is true? Tick ✓ one of the boxes.
 - a Airmail is faster but more expensive than surface mail.
 - b Surface mail is slower and more expensive than airmail.
 - c Airmail is cheaper and faster than surface mail.

- 3 How do you address the envelopes? Complete the sentences.
 - a If you are using airmail, you
 - b If you are using surface mail, you

Focus on ... pounds and pence

pounds and penceLook at the list of airmail prices on the leaflet.

Circle the figures for these prices.

- a one pound forty-one (pence)
- b three pounds ten (pence)
- c sixty-four pence
- d four pounds and two pence

Now write these prices in words. Practise saying the prices aloud.

Sending mail abroad

What are you sending?

Letters and postcards

Letters and postcards to Europe can only be sent by Airmail – up to a maximum weight of 2kg.

Airmail

Our standard Airmail service for sending international mail to anywhere in the world quickly and cost effectively.

How to use

Stick our branded Airmail sticker – available free from Post Office® branches – on your item of mail and post it in any post box or Post Office® branch. Alternatively, you can simply write 'BY AIRMAIL – PAR AVION' in the front top left corner.



The name of the country in CAPITALS must come last.

Our Airmail delivery aims are:

Western Europe
3 days following day of posting
Eastern Europe
4 days following day of posting
Outside Europe
5 days following day of posting

Airmail prices

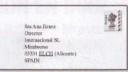
Weight up to	Letters		
	Europe	World Zone 1	World Zone 2
Postcards	£0.44	£0.50	£0.50
10g	£0.44	£0.50	£0.50
20g	£0.44	£0.72	£0.72
40g	£0.64	£1.12	£1.19
60g	£0.83	£1.51	£1.66
80g	£1.02	£1.91	£2.14
100g	£1.21	£2.31	£2.61
120g	£1.41	£2.70	£3.08
140g	£1.60	£3.10	£3.55
160g	£1.79	£3.49	£4.02

Surface mail

Our economical service for sending non-urgent international mail.

How to use

Surface items should be addressed as normal.



The name of the country in CAPITALS must come last.

Our Surface mail delivery aims are:

Western Europe
2 weeks following day of posting
Eastern Europe
4 weeks following day of posting
Outside Europe
8 to 12 weeks following day of posting

Surface mail prices

Weight up to	Letters (only to outside Europe)
Postcards	£0.42
20g	£0.42
60g	£0.72
100g	£1.02
150g	£1.43

Where is it going?

World Zone 2		
Australia	Korea	Philippines
China	New Zealand	Taiwan

World Zone 1 covers all countries not in either Europe or World

4 How much would it cost to send the following letters and postcards by airmail? Write the answers in numbers.

a	a postcard to Italy	₹0.44
Ь	a letter weighing 85 grams to Australia	***************************************
C	a letter to Argentina weighing 55 grams	
d	a postcard to Taiwan	
е	a letter to the US weighing 130 grams	
f	a letter to the Czech Republic weighing 55 grams	

5 Which of the postcards and letters in Exercise 4 can you send by surface mail? How much longer would they take to reach their destinations?

Class bonus

Choose some more weights and destinations for mail you want to send. Give your list to another student. Can you work out the prices for your partner?

B Can you fill this in?

1 Imagine you are in Great Britain. You are going to send the following gifts to friends and family abroad. Match the gifts with the three headings under What are you sending? Write the numbers in the boxes.



a	a book about British	customs	to	your	penfriend	in
	Germany			-		

- b money to your cousin in the US who is coming to Britain next month
- c a T-shirt to your brother in Australia

Sending mail abroad

What are you sending?

Small packets

This service offers you a cheaper rate if you're sending gifts, goods or commercial samples. Please write 'SMALL PACKET' in the top left corner. You can also include a letter relating to the contents. Where necessary, you should also attach a customs document. The maximum weight is 2kg.

² Printed papers

You can also get a cheaper rate when sending books, magazines, newspapers, leaflets and pamphlets abroad. You can include a letter relating to the contents. Please write 'PRINTED PAPERS' in the top left corner. The maximum weight to most places is 2kg or 5kg for books, leaflets and pamphlets.

³ Valuable items

If you're sending valuable items abroad (such as money, jewellery and precious metals), you should use the Letters or Small Packets service in conjunction with either Airsure® or International Signed For®.

Did you know ...?

Addresses in the US always include a zip codea group of letters and/or numbers which are at the end. The UK equivalent is the postcode. Compare these two addresses. Notice that the house number is before the name of the street in both countries.

Stefano Musetti Anna Linda Torelli 1819 Murdoch St Flat 1, 7 Milton St Pittsburgh Edinburah PA 15217 EH8 8E2 USA UK (PA stands for (EH stands for

Pennsylvania.)

2 Read the section Customs information below. Which of the gifts in Exercise 1 do you need to send a customs declaration form with?

Edinburgh.)

Customs information

You DON'T need to complete a customs declaration form if you're sending:

- letters, postcards and documents alone
- small packets and packages containing goods to countries in the European Union (EU).

You **DO** need to complete a customs declaration form if you're sending:

 small packets and packages containing goods to countries not in the European Union (EU).

CUSTOMS DECL DÉCLARATION E Great Britain\Grande-Bretagne	N DOUANE	May be oper Peut être ouv See instructions	N 22 ned officially ert d'office on the back
Gift\Cadeau Documents	Commercial sa Other\Autre	Imple\Echantillon or Tick one or more	ommercial
Quantity and detailed descrip Quantité et description détail	tion of contents (1) ée du contenu	Weight (in kg)(2) Poids	
editelentan			7-75

3	What do you need	to write on the envelopes
	for items a and b?	

4 What else do you need to find out before you can post these gifts? Complete the sentences.

- Before you post the book, you need to find out how
- b Before you post the money, you need to find out about

May be opened officially Peut être ouvert d'office

5 Read the instructions for the customs declaration form and complete the form for item c (The T-shirt weighs approximately 250g). You can ignore the French words on the form.

Important! See instructions on the back Great Britain\Grande-Bretagne Gift\Cadeau Commercial sample\Echantillon commercial Instructions Other\Autre Tick one or more boxes **Documents** (1) Give a detailed description, quantity Quantity and detailed description of contents (1) Weight (in kg)(2) Value (3) Poids Valeur and unit of measurement for each article, Quantité et description détaillée du contenu e.g. three DVDs. [2], [3], [6] and [7] Give the weight and value of each article and the total weight and value of the item. Indicate the currency used, i.e. GBP for pounds sterling. [8] Your signature and the date confirm For commercial items only **Total Weight** Total Value (7) your liability for the item. If known, HS tariff number (4) and country of origin of goods (5) Poids total Valeur totale Nºtarifaire du SH et pays d'origine des marchandises (si connus) (in kg) (6) I, the undersigned, whose name and address are given on the item, certify that the particulars given in this declaration are correct and that this item does not contain any dangerous article or articles prohibited by legislation or by postal or customs regulations Date and sender's signature (8) 6 Which parts of the form did you E tra practice not need to complete? Look at the website www.royalmail.com and find out about the Airsure® and International Signed For® (Airmail) services. Complete these sentences. a _____ is cheaper. b _____ does not need a signature on delivery. c You can use _____ to any country in the world. d The maximum weight for _____ is 2kg. Can-do checklist Tick what you can do. Need more practice Can do I can read a post office leaflet quickly to get a general idea of what it is about. I can find the information I need to decide which is the best way to send letters and postcards abroad. I can find out how to send packets and packages abroad.

CUSTOMS DECLARATION

DÉCLARATION EN DOUANE

Umit3 What's on?



 Which of these sentences is true for you? Tick ✓ one box. I never go to the theatre. □ I hardly ever go to the theatre. □ I go to the theatre about once a month. □ I go to the theatre two or three times a year. □ How often do you go to the cinema? Write a se 	 Which of these types of show would you prefer to see at the theatre? Put them in order. (1 = your favourite, 7 = your least favourite) a ballet
At Brighton Theatre Royal Learning tip When you read, it isn't necessary to understand every word in the text. You only need to understand the parts of the text which contain the information you are looking for.	3 Merve's friend Kristen has seen these shows. She is telling Merve about them. Which show does each sentence describe? (The shows are described more than once.) a It was written by Willy Russell. b It's a show with Irish music and dance.
Merve is living in Brighton. Her sister is coming to visit her in February and Merve would like to take her to the theatre. She is looking at the programme for the Theatre Royal. Scan the programme on the opposite page. Are all the shows on in February?	Blood Brothers C It has six dancers. d It takes place in Liverpool.
What kind of shows are on at the theatre? Write three sentences. Tap Dogs is a	e It has been on tour to fifteen countries. It is directed by Nigel Triffitt.
Did you know? The word tap has many meanings. Here it describes a type of dancing where the dancer wears special shoes with pieces of metal on the bottom	4 What other things could Kristen say about the show Write one or two more sentences about each show. Use the sentences in Exercise 3 as models. Blood Brothers has won four awards for Best Musical in London.

www.languagecentre.ir

which make a noise.





A smash hit since its first performance in 1995, Olivier Award-winning *Tap Dogs* returns to Brighton as part of an international tour. Dressed in Levis and Blundstone Boots, the explosive cast of six strapping Aussie tap dancers return to the Theatre Royal stage in a feast of stylish routines.

The raw energy of *Tap Dogs* has thrilled and astonished audiences across the globe in equal measure. They were the toast of the Sydney Olympics, entertaining over 3 billion people at the opening ceremony.

You won't want to miss this – the hottest show on legs!

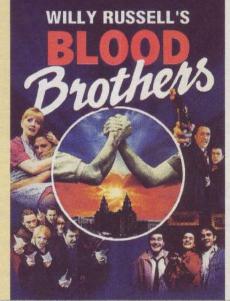
Mon 7 - Sat 12 Feb

Did you hear the story of the Johnstone twins?

Set in Willy Russell's native Liverpool. Blood Brothers tells the tale of twin boys, separated at birth only to be reunited by a twist of fate and a mother's guilty secret.

Scooping up no less than four awards for Best Musical in London, seven Tony nominations on Broadway, and receiving a standing ovation at every performance, *Blood Brothers* is truly unforgettable.

Mon 21 - Sat 26 Feb







With special guests

Ireland's Three Tenors

Irish in origin, this powerful show combines Irish Dance with the sensual Latino rhythms of Flamenco and Red Hot Salsa in a thrilling production of strength and passion.

Spirit of the Dance is one of the most successful shows to come out of Ireland and has been seen by more than thirty million people in fifteen countries around the world.

Special guests in this year's show are Ireland's Three Tenors, who bring a selection of songs and some of the greatest voices ever heard to *Spirit of the Dance*.

Not one Irish dance shoe steps out of line as their thunderous feet perform as one, with an excitement that leaves the audience screaming for more.

Mon 28 Feb - Sat 5 March

Class bonus

Work with a partner. Read out your sentences from Exercise 4, but begin the sentences with *It* – for example: *It has won four awards for Best Musical in London*. Work out which show your partner is describing.

- 5 Merve's sister likes dancing. Which show do you think Merve will buy tickets for? Why?
- 6 Would you like to go to any of these shows? Which one(s) would you choose? Why?

Focus on ...

There are lots of useful words in this section about going to the theatre. Read the definitions of some of the words. Write each word.

- a acting, singing, dancing, playing music to entertain people
 performance
- b a prize given to someone/something for their achievement a
- c all the actors/performers in a play/show c _____
- d the raised area in a theatre where actors perform s ___
- e when people stand when clapping to show that they have enjoyed something very much
 - the people who sit and watch a performance at a t
- f the people who sit and watch a performance at a theatre
 - a_____

B The Duke of York's Picturehouse

- 1 Merve's friend Kristen asks her if she would like to go and see The History Boys on Friday. Answer these questions.
 - a Have you heard of the film?
 - b Have you seen it?
 - c Do you know anything about it?
- 2 Skim what Kristen says about The History Boys. Would you like to see the film?

It's about eight boys who are studying history at school. They all want to go to Oxford or Cambridge University. They have three teachers - an old English teacher, a new young teacher who has recently left university, and the only woman teacher on the staff - who try and help them to get a university place. The film is funny most of the time, but a little bit sad as well. I've heard it's very enjoyable and not too difficult to understand.

- 3 Merve and Kristen decide to go and see the film at 4.30pm. Kristen is a member of the Picturehouse, but Merve is not. Scan the page from the cinema brochure below. How much will each of their tickets cost?
- 4 Merve then remembers that she is going to the dentist's at 4.00pm on Friday. Scan the text and complete these sentences.
 - a Their tickets will cost a total of ______ if they go to the later show.
 - b Their tickets would cost a total of ______ if Merve had a student card.

Did you know ...?

If you are a student, you can get concessions reductions in the price of tickets for the cinema/theatre, buses/trains, etc. You will need a valid student card with a photo in order to prove that you are a student

Cinema information

Ticket prices:

DAYTIME

(Films comm	16	r	C	i	n	g	1)(2	C	r	e	opm)
Full price							*				(%)	,	£5.50
Members													
Concessions				,		1							£4.50

EVENINGS & WEEKEND

(Films commencing at or after 5pm weekdays, all day at weekends and on Bank Holidays)

Full price			,			,	,		•	,	£6.50
Members											£5.00
Concessions	0			,				,			£5.50

MEMBERSHIP

Single										£25.00
Joint .										£40.00
										£18.00

PROGRAMME MAILING LIST

For	one	year							£10.00	

PLEASE NOTE

Advance web/phone booking fee £1.50 (waived for members).

How to pay:

- The Box Office opens 30 minutes before the first performance and closes 15 minutes after the start of the last performance.
- VISA, Masterclass, Solo, Electron, Switch and Maestro cards accepted. Solo and Electron are only accepted in person.
- Please have your card to hand when you telephone.

Advance booking:

- FROM THE BOX OFFICE: During usual opening hours.
- BY TELEPHONE: 08708 505 465. Please have your card to hand. Bookings can be made several weeks in advance, but no later than 15 minutes before the performance. There is a £1.50 booking fee (waived for members). Please bring your card to the cinema. Electron & Solo not accepted over the phone.
- ONLINE BOOKING: www.picturehouses.co.uk Customers receive immediate confirmation if seats are available. Bookings can be made up to 15 minutes before the screening. Please bring your card with you. Please note advance web booking fee £1.50 (waived for members).
- PLEASE NOTE: Latecomers are admitted at the manager's discretion and not after 15 minutes from the film starting. Right of admission is reserved by the management.

Getting to the Duke of York's

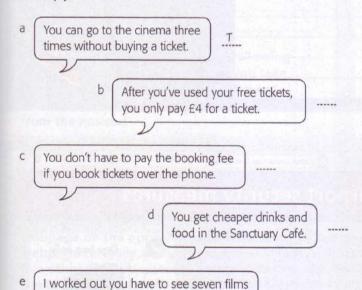
BUS: 5/5A/5B frequent from town centre; night buses to Falmer. TRAIN: Brighton station 15 mins; London Road station 5 mins (evenings: every 30 mins to Falmer until 11.35). PARKING: multi-storey off London Rd (free after 6pm). Please avoid parking in surrounding streets as it can cause a nuisance for residents.



5 Friday evening is a popular time to go to the cinema, so the girls decide to book their tickets in advance. Scan the text on the opposite page and complete the chart.

	How can they book their tickets?	Can they pay cash or do they need a credit card?	Is there an extra charge for booking in this way?
а	They can go to the box office.	They can pay cash or by credit card.	No
Ь	They can		
c	They		

6 Merve thinks she might become a member of the Picturehouse. Kristen is explaining what you get when you join. Look at another section of the brochure on the right and decide if what Kristen says is true (T) or false (F).



in total in order to start saving money.

Become a member of the Duke of York's Picturehouse

NOW YOU CAN WATCH EVEN MORE FILMS FOR LESS MONEY WITH OUR BIGGER, BETTER MEMBERSHIP OFFER:

- 3 free tickets per person (worth up to £19.50)
- £1.50 discount on all your tickets, with no booking fees to pay
- £25 single membership, £40 joint membership, £18 concessions
- FREE preview screenings
- the best of everything the Duke of York's has to offer, including priority booking for special events and discounts on the balcony box
- plus our brochure mailed to you, email listings, discounts around town and at all other Picturehouse cinemas
- 10% discount at the Sanctuary Café
- 7 Would you want to become a member of a cinema if you were living in Britain? Why? / Why not?

E tra practice

Find out where you can see English-language films in your town or city. Go and see a film. Alternatively, rent a DVD. This will probably have subtitles in your own language, which will make the film easier to understand.

Can-do checklist

Tick what you can do.

I can understand a text without knowing the meaning of every word.

I can read a theatre programme and choose a show I would like to see.

I can read a cinema brochure, and find out about paying for tickets and membership.

Can do



What's in your luggage?



Get ready to read Match the words with the pictures. Write the letters in the boxes. bumbag d hairdryer handbag laptop penknife rucksack suitcase 🗍 walking stick • Which of these items do you take on holiday with you? • Imagine you are flying abroad on holiday. Where do you do these things? Tick ✓ the correct place in the chart. Departure airport Arrival airport a check in your luggage 1 b show your passport c show your boarding card d go through Security e collect your checked-in luggage f go through Customs

go to Useful language p. 83

A Airport security

- 1 You are going to fly from Manchester to Athens for the weekend. The day before you fly, you hear on the news that security has been increased at all British airports. You decide to look on the Internet, and this is what you find. Skim the webpage. What is it about? Tick ✓ one of the boxes.
 - a checked-in luggage
 - b hand luggage
 - c checked-in luggage and hand luggage

Did you know ...?

The words luggage and baggage are synonyms (they have the same meaning). However, passengers usually talk about their luggage and airlines usually talk about baggage.



Learning tip

As you read, try to work out the meaning of unknown words. Use pictures where possible. Find other words in the text which can help you. For example, find a synonym (a word with a similar meaning to the unknown word), an antonym (a word which means the opposite), or an example. Only use a dictionary to check your guesses.

2 You had planned to take the following things with you to Greece. Why can't you take them through Security? Complete the chart with the singular form of words in the webpage on the opposite page.

	You can't take	because it's
а	some skin cream	a toiletry
Ь	a penknife	
С	some hair gel	

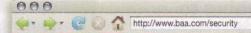
3 You had also planned to take the following things in your hand luggage. Can you take them through Security? (√ = yes, X = no) Leave the box empty if the answer is not clear from the notice.

а	a bottle of water for the journey 🗶
)	a toothbrush and some toothpaste
0	a laptop
4	a cigarette lighter

4 Here are five words/expressions from the webpage on the opposite page. Read the webpage carefully and <u>underline</u> them. Find five other words/expressions which have similar meanings (synonyms) and write them down. (The words in the list come before the words with a similar meaning.)

а	measures	restrictions
	items	***************************************
C	prohibited	***************************************
	luggage	***************************************
e	dispose of them	***************************************

- 5 Scan the second part of the webpage Further passenger information on the right. Can you take your laptop through Security?
- 6 Read the second part of the webpage again. you buy the other items in Exercise 3 (a, b, an d) in the departure lounge, can you take then onto the plane?



Further passenger information

- Please note: Other small bags, such as handbags, may be carried within the single item of cabin baggage. All items carried by passengers will be x-ray screened.
- All laptops and large electrical items (e.g. hairdryer) must be removed from the bag and placed in a tray so that such items neither obscure nor are obscured by the bag.
- Pushchairs and walking aids are permitted but must be x-ray screened. Wheelchairs are allowed but they must be searched thoroughly.
- Before Security: All shops and catering outlets are open to all passengers, but any liquids and gels purchased must be packed into your luggage for check-in. Any other purchases must fit into your hand luggage.
- Once through Security: All shops and catering outlets are open to all passengers. If you are travelling to any destination except the USA then you can take all items purchased in the departure lounge into the aircraft cabin.
- If you are travelling to the USA: Extra restrictions are in place. No toiletries or cosmetics purchased in the departure lounge will be allowed into the aircraft cabin and any drinks or liquid items must be consumed before boarding. Food, however, is allowed. Passengers boarding flights to the USA and items they are carrying, including those acquired after the central screening point, will be subjected to secondary search at the gate and any liquids discovered will be removed.

7 <u>Underline</u> these five words/expressions in the second part of the webpage. Find other words/expressions in the first part of the webpage on the opposite page which have related meanings. Are the words synonyms (S) or antonyms (A)? More than one answer is sometimes possible.

a	single item of		
	cabin baggage	one bag only	5
Ь	permitted		
С	except		
d	are in place		_

B Anything to declare?

1 Look at the countries in the box. Divide them into two groups - European and non-European. Write two lists.

Austria	Brazil	Canada
Greece	Japan	Poland
Saudi Arab	Sweden	
the Netherlands		Tunisia

European	Non-European
Austria	

Class bonus

Work in pairs. How many countries can you name in five minutes? Write two lists. The winning pair is the pair with the most countries.

2 Skim this customs guide for travellers entering the UK. Complete the sentences with the numbers 1-6.

а	Parts	and
	are about	what you can
	bring in.	

Ь	Parts and
	are about how you
	should go through Customs.

Did you know ...?

The European Union is an economic and political alliance between European countries which was set up in 1958. The six original members were Belgium, France, West Germany, Italy, Luxembourg and the Netherlands. They were joined by the UK, Denmark and the Republic of Ireland in 1973. There are now 27 members.

TRAVELLING TO THE UK FROM THE EUROPEAN UNION (EU)

to pay any tax - or duty - on them when you bring them into the UK. However, if you bring in alcohol or tobacco, this must be for your own use (you mustn't sell these goods). A customs officer may ask you questions about alcohol or tobacco goods which he/she suspects are for a commercial purpose.

TRAVELLING TO THE UK FROM OUTSIDE THE EUROPEAN UNION (EU) When travelling from a non-European country, you can bring the following duty-free goods into the UK for your own use. This means that you don't pay UK tax on them.



IF YOU HAVE ANY MORE THAN THESE ALLOWANCES, YOU MUST DECLARE THE GOODS IN THE RED CHANNEL. IF YOU DO NOT, YOU ARE BREAKING THE LAW AND WE MAY PROSECUTE YOU.

4 HOW TO GO THROUGH CUSTOMS

Use the RED CHANNEL if you:

- have goods to declare
- are not sure what you should declare

Use the BLUE CHANNEL if you are travelling from an EU COUNTRY, with:

no tobacco products that are over the limits for imports from that country

3	Look at the parts of the customs guide which are about what you can bring in. Complete the sentences.			
	a Part(s) is/are for people travelling from the European Union (EU). b Part(s) is/are for people			
	who are not travelling from the European Union (EU).			
4	Complete these sentences about yourself.			
	I'm from (name of country). Part(s) is/are most useful to me.			
1	Focus on ab le must, mustn't and don't have to			
ı	Complete these expressions from			

Focus on ... The state of the

Complete these sentences with *must*, *mustn't* or *don't have to*. You will need to

h You _____ bring in the maximum

g You _____ declare gifts worth less than

allowance for both cigarettes and cigars.

i You _____ declare any goods that are

j If you bring in alcohol, this _____ be for

read the guide again.

£145.

5	Answer	these	question
	2000 1	10	1

а	Why don't people coming from the EU p	ay tax on goods when the
	arrive in the UK?	

					*******				*****	
b	Which goods	don't people	coming	from	outside	the	EU	pay	tax	on?

6	Look at	the parts	which	are	about	how	you	should	go
	through	Customs	. Comp	olete	e these	sent	ence	s.	

2	People from the European Union should use the
u	
	customs channel – if

Ь	Other people should use the

7 Read about these travellers. Which customs channel should these people go through? Complete the chart.

Person	Travelling from	Products	Channel
Cintia	Brazil	1 litre of spirits + 2 litres of sparkling wine	red
Daisuke	Japan	30cc of perfume + 150cc of eau de toilette	
Zofia	Poland	25 cigars as a birthday present	
Christian	Sweden	a new digital camera + an iPod	

E tra practice

Check the customs regulations for your country on the Internet. What are the main differences from the UK regulations?

Can-do checklist

over the allowances.

a commercial purpose.

Tick what you can do.

I can find words with similar meanings in a text.

I can find out about restrictions to my hand luggage.

I can decide if I need to declare anything at Customs.

Can do	Need more practice
	1 ///
4//	
	No. / Account

Umit:5

Where shall we eat?



Get ready to

read

 Look at the food items. <u>Underline</u> the correct word in each pair.



- a garlic / pepper
- b onion / asparagus
- c olives / grapes
- artichoke / orange
- e cucumber / melon
- lemon / lettuce

- Match these food specialities with the countries they are from. Have you ever tried any of these specialities?
 - a tempura -
 - b Ouiche Lorraine
 - c Baklava
 - d Peking duck
 - Nasi goreng
 - Enchiladas
 - g Tabbouleh

 - h Wiener schnitzel

- 2 China
- 3 France
- 4 Indonesia
- 5 Japan
- 6 Lebanon
- 7 Mexico
- 8 Turkey
- You are going to read about eating out in Andalucia an area in southern Spain. Have you ever eaten Spanish food? How many Spanish dishes can you name?

go to Useful language p. 83

A I'd like to try that

1 You have just arrived in Andalucia and you are looking at the food section of your guidebook. Underline the words you would NOT expect to find in a text about food and eating out.

ingredients speciality savoury slice grilled batter mixture beach order trees

- 2 Scan the text and underline the words from Exercise 1. (The words in the text do not always appear in the same form as in Exercise 1.)
- 3 Look at the pictures on the opposite page. Match them with the specialities mentioned in the text. Write the numbers in the boxes.
 - a Patatas bravas 7
- e Arroz a la marinera
- b Tortilla Española
- f Salads
- c Gazpacho
- d Calamares
- g Olive oil
- 4 Read about each speciality. Underline all the ingredients. (Not every speciality contains ingredients.)

Eating out in Andalucia

Local ingredients are of a fantastic quality and this is the secret of Andalucian cooking. Here are some of the specialities of the region.

Patatas bravas and Tortilla Española

Both of these dishes are very popular, not just in Andalucia, but all over Spain. The first consists of fried potatoes which are served with a spicy sauce. The second is a heavy potato omelette with onions, fried into a savoury cake. It is served either hot or cold by the slice and is so filling that it can make a full meal.

Gazpacho

This favourite Andalucian dish is a cold soup made of fresh tomatoes, green peppers, cucumber, garlic, olive oil, lemon, breadcrumbs and salt. There are lots of local variations, which may include almonds, grapes, melon, red peppers, and boiled egg garnishes.

Calamares

All along the coast you will find grilled baby squid - whole squid are simple and delicious, as long as they are fresh. A common alternative is to cut them into rings and fry them in batter - again, if they are fresh, they will taste sweet and tender.

Arroz a la marinera

This is rice served with a mixture of shellfish - it is the Andalucian version of paella. Unlike the traditional paella from Valencia, arroz a la marinera does not contain any chicken or sausage. A very good choice for lunch in a beach restaurant!



Focus on ... vocabulary

- a You can cook food items in the following ways: bake, boil, fry, grill, roast. Scan the text for one of these words and for three related words which end in -ed. Underline the words in the text.
- b Which ways can you cook these things?

	bake	boil	fry	grill	roast
eggs				Time time	
chicken			Bially.		Sec. 1
rice	aide	IE FUR	est. Sli	By McGil	TREE ST
bread				nt follow	

c Choose three other food items and write them in the chart. Which ways can you cook these things?

	bake	boil	fry	grill	roast
-015					
		11.00	all his	والمالية المالية	Back.
		eth mol			



Andalucian salads are large and often come with asparagus, hard-boiled eggs, tuna, artichoke, olives and onions, in addition to lettuce and tomato. You can ask for any of these ingredients to be left off your order if you prefer. Málaga salad is a delicious mixture of small pieces of cod, boiled potato, oranges, green olives and onion, dressed with good olive oil. Salads are very healthy too!

Olive oil is one of the main ingredients of the Andalucian diet. Spain is the biggest producer of olive oil in the world and half of its production comes from Andalucia. Olive trees were first introduced to the area more than three thousand years ago by the Phoenicians, who began exporting olive oil to other parts of the Mediterranean. Why not try rubbing a piece of toast with garlic and then pouring olive oil onto it? It makes a wonderful breakfast!

- 5 Read the text again. Decide if these sentences are true (T) or false (F).
 - a Patatas bravas is eaten throughout Spain. T
 - b Tortilla is always eaten cold.
 - Gazpacho is always made from almonds and grapes.
 - d Squid can be eaten whole or cut into rings.
 - e There isn't any meat in arroz a la marinera.
 - f Andalucian salads usually include lettuce and tomato.
 - g Lots of olives are grown in Andalucia.

Learning tip

Our purpose in reading a text is to understand the writer's message. This means understanding the words the writer uses and also understanding what the writer wants to do with these words. They could be giving an instruction, presenting facts, giving the writer's opinion, etc. Understanding a text requires us to work out the function of each sentence.

- 6 Look at the sentences in Exercise 5 again. Are these about facts or opinions?
- 7 Read the section Arroz a la marinera again. Read each sentence carefully and work out its function. Complete the chart.

Sentence 1	Sentence 2	Sentence 3	
1			describes the dish/ingredient
		at anticipo is a Sarath Inc.	gives other facts about it
			recommends the dish or makes a suggestion

- 8 Read the last two sections of the text. Work out the function of each sentence as in Exercise 7. Make and complete two charts similar to the one above.
- 9 Would you follow any of the author's recommendations? Which dish(es) would you most like to try?

B This looks good

- 1 When you are choosing a place to eat, which of these things are important to you? Put them in order. (1 = most important, 5 = least important)
 - a location of the restaurant/café
 - b price
 - c size of the dishes
 - d service
 - e the menu



seville eating out



Las Coloniales

Posted by Tobias 14 September

The tapas (bar snacks) here are enormous, which means you can eat very cheaply. You could easily have a good meal with a drink for €5.

My favourite dish is pollo con salsa de almendra (chicken in almond sauce) and I also love their champiñones rebozados (fried mushrooms stuffed with ham and sausage). They also do lots of grilled fish and meat.

If you want to eat outside, you will need to get here early - this is a very popular place - and write your name on the chalk board. The restaurant is at Plaza Cristo de Burgos, 19. The square has quite a few trees so you can get some shade while you wait for your table. There's also a wonderful heladeria (café selling ice cream) nearby and the square gets very busy on Sunday afternoons when Spanish families visit. You might want to go there yourself - this heladeria (I can't remember its name) is expensive, but it's got the best ice cream I've tasted in Seville. (Plaza Cristo de Burgos is just past Plaza de Encarnación and east of the main El Corte Inglés department store.)

Seville | eating | bar | family | budget

100% agreed

12 people



El Faro de Triana

Posted by AMCL 15 November

It is worth going to El Faro (lighthouse) for the views alone. It's right next to the river on the Triana side, at the end of the Puente Isabel II (Isabel II bridge). (Locals call this the Puente de Triana.) Also it's on four floors. From a table on the rooftop terrace, you get a fantastic view towards the bullring and the cathedral. It's easy to get a table on the terrace at lunchtime, but you'll soon find out why - the sun can burn you at this time of day.

El Faro is famous for its fish and seafood. The gambas (prawns) and pescado frito (mixed fried fish) are highly recommended - we shared a plate of fish and it was big enough for two.

Seville | eating | bar | family | budget

80% agreed

4 people

2 Skim these messages from a website about eating out in Seville, the largest city in Andalucia. Did the people who wrote the messages like the places they reviewed, or not? Put a tick ✓ or a cross X next to each restaurant.

Did you know ...?

Seville is the English name for the Spanish city Sevilla. This is the only Spanish city that has a different name in English. On the other hand, several Italian city names (Roma, Venezia, Firenze, etc.) have different names in English (Rome, Venice, Florence, etc.).



El Cordobes

Posted by Isabel 2 November

The menu del día (menu of the day) is very good value and you can have it at any time of day. The menu is advertised at €7 and that's what you pay. There are no additional charges - unlike some other places I've

El Cordobes is in Santa María la Blanca, a busy square in the Santa Cruz area. You can either eat inside or out. I prefer to sit outside under the orange trees.

Seville | eating | bar | family | budget

50% agreed

8 people



Il Vesuvio

Posted by lessied 16 October

I don't want Spanish food every day of the week and II Vesuvio was exactly what I was looking for. Italian food is usually great and here it's very reasonably priced and very fresh too. I loved this restaurant so much that I went there four times in a week.

Il Vesuvio is at Calle Tetuán, 15 (Pasaje de las Delicias) in the main central shopping district and it's easy to find. It's open every day from 12.30pm-4.30pm and 8pm-1am. You don't need to book a table in advance, but the phone number is 954 77 83 just in case.

Seville | eating | Italian

40% agreed

28

3 Read the messages again. Did each reviewer mention features a-e in Exercise 1? What did they say about them? Complete the chart where possible. (Not every reviewer mentions every feature.)

	Location of the restaurant/ café	Price	Size of the dishes	Service	Menu
Message a	Plaza Cristo de Burgos, 19, near a shop selling ice-cream				Cet. 22.00 (1)
Message b			,		
Message c					
Message d	accepterory dames, success				

4 Two of the messages mention other places to eat in Seville. Which messages, and which places do they mention? What do they say about them? Complete the sentences.

3	Message	mentions
)	Message	mentions

5 Other people have read the reviews. Did they agree with them? Match the beginnings and endings of these sentences.

Half the people	
Over three-quarters of the people	
All the people	
More than a third of the people	

agreed with message a. agreed with message b. agreed with message c. agreed with message d.

6 Which restaurant would you try first? Why?

Class bonus

Choose one of the restaurants. Imagine you went there last night. Write a short note to a friend about your evening. Read out your note to the class. How many people were at the same restaurant?

bra practice

Look on the Internet and find other recommendations for restaurants in Seville. You could try www.exploreseville.com. Would you like to go to these restaurants?

Can-do checklist Tick what you can do. Can do

I can understand descriptions of dishes and recommendations, and choose what I would like to eat.

I can work out the function of each sentence in a text.

I can understand web recommendations and choose a place to eat.

Need more practice

Unit6 Somewhere to stay



Get ready to read	
Where can you stay when you go on holiday? Write five types of holiday accommodation. bed and breakfast	 Which of these things can you usually do in a hotel? Put a tick ✓ or a cross ✗. a You can have a private bathroom. ✓ b You can cook your own meals. □ c You can wash your dothes. □ d You can have breakfast in your room. □ e You can watch TV in your room. □ f You can pay by credit card. □

go to Useful language p. 83

A Banff Y Mountain Lodge

1 In this unit, you are going to read about some holiday accommodation in Banff, Canada. Skim the webpage. What kind of accommodation does it describe?

Did you know ...?

Canada is the second largest country after Russia, but its population is less than 30 million. 34% of its people are British in origin and 26% are French. Canada has two official languages – English and French.

Most French speakers live in Quebec province. Banff is in the Rocky Mountains.

nostelbookers.com	osteloookers • All hostels • Ca	nada. Bar	iff.≥ Banff Y Mo	ountain Lodge		
Panff V Mountain Lodge						
Banff Y Mountain Lodge 102 Spray Avenue, Banff, AB, T1L	1A6, Canada - map - dire	ctions				
Welcome! We are among huge p	pine trees right next to the	Bow Ri	ver, vet clos	e		
to downtown Banff. Make us yo						
✓ 24-hour hot showers	✓ Credit cards acc	epted		Self-catering fac	cilities	
✓ No curfew	✓ Internet			Lounge area		
Safety deposit	✓ Washing maching	ies	Pall 1	Restaurant		
Overall ratings - as reviewed by	Hostelbookers customer	'S				
Atmosphere 77%	Fun	73%	Safety	88%	overall average	
Location 95%	Staff Staff	83%	Value S	88%	84.4%	
Facilities 83%	Cleanliness	87%				
We offer private and dormitory r	ooms for budget travelle	s and sh	ort-term res	idents, and are or	oen to women, men,	
families and all types of group.						
We also offer internet kiosks, an	d kitchen and laundry fac	cilities for	your conve	nience.		
Shared from 31.00* Private fro	m 75.00*					
*all prices in Canadian dollars						
Hostel features						
Rating ¥ 84.4%	Bed linen ✔ free		40000	t pickup 🗶 not inc		
Breakfast X not included	Towel V free		Lugga	ige Room X not in	ncluded	

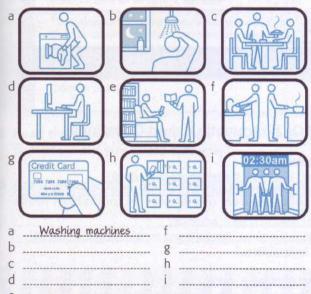
Learning tip

Before you read a text, think about the topic – either in your own language or in English. Use your knowledge and experience to try and predict what the text – the whole text and/or parts of it – will say. You probably won't be able to predict the exact words, but it will help you understand the text if you can predict the kind of thing it will say.

2 Before you read the webpage more carefully, think about what you expect to find in this type of accommodation. Which of the things (a-f) in Get ready to read can you usually do in this type of accommodation?

3	Write down	three	other	things	you	can	do	in
	this type of	accon	nmoda	tion.				

4 Look at the icons. Match them with the nine blue ticked ✓ features of the hostel.



5 Choose the two most important and the two least important features for you.

most important	and	
least important	and	Г

6 Backpackers can rate (= judge the quality of) each Hostelbookers hostel. They judge the quality of eight aspects of the hostel by giving a percentage (%). <u>Underline</u> the eight aspects on the website.

Focus on ... vocabulary

Read these comments that guests of the Banff Y
Mountain Lodge have made. Complete the comments
with some of the eight words you <u>underlined</u> in Exercise 6.

- a 'The people who worked there were wonderful. Full marks to the ____staff____!'
- b 'I have no complaints about ______. I didn't see any dirt anywhere.'
- c 'This hostel is great _____ for money. It's only 75 dollars for a private room.'
- d 'The _____ of this hostel is wonderful. It's very easy to get to.'
- e 'The other people in my room were great. In fact, everyone was very friendly and relaxed. There was a really good ______.'
- f 'I met a great group of people and had a lot of _____ here.'
- 7 Look at the overall ratings for this hostel on the webpage. Which aspect of the hostel did guests like the most? <u>Underline</u> more information on the webpage about this aspect.

8 Read these questions that guests ask about the hostel. Then scan the rest of the webpage and answer the questions. Answer yes or no.

а	Do all beds in shared rooms cost \$31 per night?
Ь	Can I have a room of my own?
С	Can families use the hostel?
d	Is breakfast included in the price?
d	Do I have to have my own sleeping bag?
f	Do I have to pay to leave my backpack in a safe place?

9 What other questions would you ask when finding out about staying in a hostel? (The answers to your questions do not need to be in the text.)

B Frequently Asked Questions

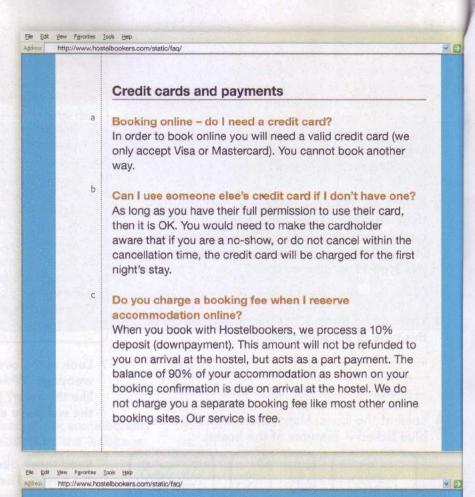
- 1 Look at the website in Section A again. How do you think you book accommodation at Banff Y Mountain Lodge?
- 2 Here are three FAQs (Frequently Asked Questions) from another webpage on the Hostelbookers website. Read the answers from Hostelbookers. Is the short answer to each question yes or no?

a	
Ь	
-	

3 Here are some more FAQs from the webpage. You probably do not know the answers, but what do you think the answers to questions (a-k) could be? Some answers are simply yes or no; others are longer.

Class bonus

Discuss your answers with a partner before reading the website answers. Are your ideas similar or different?



FAQs (Frequently Asked Questions)

Booking online

- Can I book over the telephone or by email?
- Do I need to be a member of any hostel or youth organisation to book?
- Do I need to book in advance?
- Can you give me directions and contact details of a hostel before I book?

Your booking

- What do I do if I make a mistake in my booking?
- Do I receive confirmation after I book?
- Can I cancel a booking or change my booking on Hostelbookers?

In the hostel

- Do the hostels have age restrictions or limitations?
- What does 'Private room' mean?
- What is a dormitory room?
- What does 'en suite' mean?

Unit7 On top of Table Mountain



Get ready to read			
 Which of these sentences are true for you've been in a cable car. (There is one in I'm not afraid of heights. I don't like walking up mountains. I like walking down mountains. 			✗ for fal
• Where do you usually do these things? T	ick ✓ the correct place	in the chart.	
	Bottom of cableway	Top of cableway	
a buy a ticket	no suces minibile	to the first of the first to	
b get a good view	ATT HOW NOW HE THE	CO LONG DE LONG DE LONG	
c check the time of the last cable car	Canada mar alternative por		
d take some photos	To the fall of the		
e have a drink or something to eat	The second second	o mistary mesmay	
f go for a walk	of the sent is used.		

go to Useful language p. 84

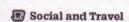
A Table Mountain Cableway

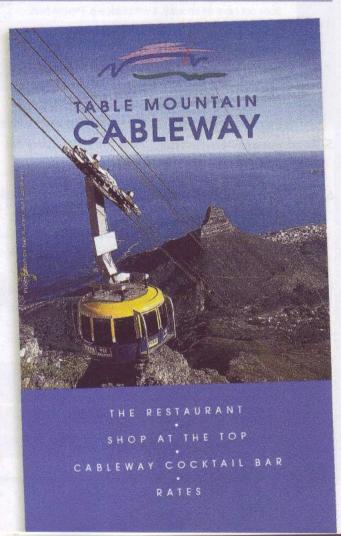
- 1 Imagine you are having breakfast in your hotel in Cape Town in South Africa. It is a wonderful day with clear blue skies. You pick up a leaflet in your hotel. Skim the front of the leaflet and answer the questions.
 - a What can you see on the front of the leaflet?
 - Would today be a good day for this trip?
- 2 Scan the front of the leaflet. Which of these things is the leaflet going to tell you about? Put a tick ✓ or a cross X.
 - a somewhere to buy things 🗸
 - b the price of tickets
 - c somewhere to eat
 - d the opening hours of the cableway
 - e somewhere to have a drink in the evening

Did you know ...?

The rand (R) is the currency of South Africa.

There are 100 cents in one rand.





- 3 Now scan the inside of the leaflet. Does the leaflet tell you about the other thing in Exercise 2?
- 4 You are not sure whether to do this trip immediately. Find the answers to these questions.
 - a What's the last time you can go up in the cable car?
 - b How much will a normal return ticket cost?
- 5 You notice that you can buy a one-way ticket. What does this suggest you can do from the top?
- 6 You are interested in buying a souvenir of Table Mountain. Tick ✓ the part of the text which is most likely to tell you about buying souvenirs.



WINTER RATES 1ST MAY 2004 - 15TH SEPTEMBER 2004

Adults:	Return One Way	R 80.00 R 44.00
Children: (under 18 years)	Return One Way	R 44.00 R 22.00
SA Senior Residents: (Over the age of 60 years with SA ID.)	Return One Way	R 44.00 R 22.00
Students: (with valid student card)	Return One Way	R 60.00 R 31.00
Family Ticket:	Return	R 210.00

CABLEWAY OPENING TIMES WINTER SEASON

Cableway, part of the Table Mountain

First car up: 08h30 Last car up: 17h00 Last car down: 18h00





CABLEWAY CATERING SELF-SERVICE RESTAURANT

The self-service restaurant offers a full breakfast and an extensive hot and cold buffet. internet facilities and coin-operated telephones are available. The restaurant is situated on the top of Table Mountain and directions can be found as you make your way to the top.

CABLEWAY CURIOS SHOP AT THE TOP GIFTS AND CURIOS

Shop at the Top is situated in the original stone cottage and offers visitors a wide range of merchandise bearing available the Insignia of South • Exclusive Cableway Africa's premier tourist attraction. Table Mountain.



- · Tourist Information
- clothing and gifts
- Film and stamps available · All major Visa & Mastercards welcome



CABLEWAY CATERING THE CABLEWAY COCKTAIL BAR

Enjoy the views of the city and Robben Island from the highest point on Table Mountain. Sunset cocktails and full bar facilities are available. The Cableway Cocktall Bar can be found inside the top cable station.

Learning tip

When you come across an unknown word, don't stop. Continue reading and - if you think it is an important word - come back to it later. Try and work out its meaning. Decide whether the word is an adjective. noun, verb, etc. Think about similar words in your own language and similar words in English. Look for any examples which illustrate the unknown word. Look at any pictures for help. Look for a word you know within the word. Also, the context - the words around the unknown word - should help you to try and work out its meaning. Ask yourself: What could this word mean here? You might not be able to work out the exact meaning of a word, but you will probably have a good idea.

- 7 Underline the words cottage, merchandise, insignia and exclusive in the leaflet. If you do not know their meaning, try to work it out. Use these questions to help you.
 - a cottage: What kind of things can be made of stone? Does the picture help?
 - b merchandise: What do shops usually sell? Find examples of merchandise in the list of points.
 - c insignia: Look inside the word for another word. Could insignia be some kind of sign or symbol? Look at both the front and the inside of the leaflet and see if you can find one.
 - d exclusive: Do you think you can buy these things at any other place in Cape Town?
- 8 Would you like to go up Table Mountain? Would you like to buy a souvenir?

bra practice

The leaflet mentions Robben Island. What do you know about Robben Island? Find out about it in a guidebook or on the Internet. Would you like to go there?

B The cable cars

1 Scan the two sides of this ticket for the Table Mountain cable car. What date and what time did the person buy the ticket?



Did you know ...?

Notice the way in which the date is written in two different ways on the ticket - once with the month before the day and once with the day before the month. In Britain, people write the day before the month; in the US, they write the month before the day.

UK 10.1.08 1.10.08

You say this date in two ways:

The tenth of January, two thousand and eight. January the tenth, two thousand and eight.

2 You pick up another leaflet about Table Mountain when you buy your ticket. Skim the leaflet quickly. Which two parts of the leaflet are about the cable cars? What is the other part about? Complete these sentences.

а	Parts _	and	are about the cable cars.
b	Part	is about	***************************************

- 3 A friend has already told you that you can have a 360° view from the cable car. How is this possible? Underline the answer in the first part of the leaflet. Ignore any other unknown words - they are not important to you in this exercise.
- 4 You have bought your ticket. It is a bit windy at the bottom of the cableway. Why don't you need to worry about this? Underline the answer in parts 1 and 2 of the leaflet. Again, ignore any unknown words.



Table Mountain Retair Information guide



www.tablemountain.net

Welcome

The Rotair Aerial Cableway has been in operation since October 1997. The 65-passenger cable car runs from Cape Town to the top of the famous Table Mountain.

The round form of the Rotair cabin fulfils two functions: first, thanks to the revolving floor, passengers can enjoy the 360° degree panoramic view. Second it is aerodynamic in high winds. In these instances, the filled water tank in the floor of the cabin offers additional weight and stability. During normal weather, the tank is emptied at the upper station and the water is supplied to the restaurant.

Focus on ... vocabulary



Complete these sentences with words from the sentences you read in Exercises 3 and 4.

- a If a shop has revolving doors, people can usually only enter one at a time.
- b We had a _____ view of the city from the top floor of our hotel.
- c If something has a shape that moves easily through
- d The government used to change frequently, but now we have political _____.
- e The Italian paintings are on the _____floors of the gallery.
- f If you take a trip in a balloon, there will probably be sandbags used for _____.

Class bonus



How much can you remember about the cable cars? Play a memory game. Take turns to make one sentence each. Don't repeat anything that another student has already said.

36

About the Cable Car

- The cable cars have a carrying capacity of 65 people.
 900 people per hour
- · Speed: maximum of 10 metres per second
- The lengths of the cables are 1 200m
- The cables weigh 18 tonnes
- The height of Table Mountain at its highest point is 1.085m
- . The cable car can carry a weight of 5 200 kg
- The cable cars carry 4 000 litres of water used for ballast during the windy season; they also provide fresh water for visitors
- The cableway works on a counter weight system weighing 134 tonnes each











Table Mountain Aerial Cableway's main environmental concerns are to:

- 1 Conserve the biodiversity of Table Mountain
- 2 Prevent the degradation of the environment
- 3 Minimise water consumption
- 4 Reduce damage caused by visitors
- 5 Lower the visual impact of TMACC facilities

Please help us by:

- Not littering
- Not damaging or chipping the rocks
- Not feeding the animals
- Not picking the flowers
- Not wasting water
- Staying on the footpath:
- · Smoking in designated areas only

Smoking is not permitted on the footpaths as it is a fire hazard and a major source of litter.

For more info on Table Mountain Cableway

Phone: (021) 424 8181 Fax: (021) 424 3792

website: www.tablemountain.net

- 5 Look at part 3 of the leaflet. Try and work out the meaning of the following words.
 - a biodiversity: This refers to the different (or diverse) types of what? Find two words in the section 'Please help us by'
 - b degradation: Find a word in the same section with a similar meaning.
 - c *minimize*: Find two words in the same section with a similar meaning.
- 6 Read the three parts of the text again without focusing on any unknown words. Use a pencil to quickly <u>underline</u> any words you do not understand.
- 7 Read the text again. Try and work out the meaning of the words you underlined.

Can-do checklist

Tick what you can do.

I can read and find the information I need without focusing on unknown words.

I can try and work out the meaning of unknown words.

I can find out about an attraction from leaflets about it.

Can do

Need more practice

Umit8 It's ringing



Get ready to read		
• Circle one of the verbs and complete the that it is true for you. I need / don't need a mobile phone became		
Tick ✓ the options that are true for you. I use my mobile phone: all the time □ for emergencies only □ to text people □ to receive calls only □	At home, I use: my landline ('home' phone) my mobile phone	For my mobile phone, I pay: for each call I make a fixed amount every month

go to Useful language p. 84

A Three great packages

- 1 Read the questions below and try to work out the meaning of the words in italics. Then answer the questions by underlining the part of the sentence which is true for you.
 - a Do you call your friends or do you text them?
 - b Do you buy CDs or do you download music from the Internet?
 - c Did you buy your computer and screen separately or as a package?
 - d Do you pay each time you go online, or do you have unlimited access to the Internet for a fixed fee?
 - e Are your friends on the same mobile phone network as you or are they on a different one?
 - f Have you thought about getting broadband or have you already got it?
 - g Do you speak to your friends on your mobile or on a landline?
 - h Do you speak to your friends during the day or only at off-peak times?

2 You are thinking about changing your mobile phone package. Scan the brochure on the oposite page about Pay monthly. Who are the three options for and why is each mobile good for that type of person? Complete the sentences.

1	They will get	
2	is for people who They will get	
3	is for people who They will get	

Learning tip

When you read a text which compares similar things, use a chart to record the most important points for comparison. This type of note-taking helps to simplify the information in the text.

three great packages to give you exactly what you need



If you like to text a lot, Dolphin is for you. You'll get loads of inclusive texts, plus free downloads to personalise your phone.

So, if you prefer texting over talking, Dolphin is the package for you.

Available in £19, £25 and £35 packages.

unlimited texts 500 cross network minutes unlimited free calls to your Magic Number*

(add a new Magic Number every six months)

4 free downloads every month on Dolphin £35

PLUS

free broadband



If you want no-nonsense basics and see your phone as a tool not a toy, Racoon is for you. You'll get extra minutes to standard UK landlines, plus Answer Phone is included too.

So, if you call landlines a lot, Racoon is the package for you.

Available in £25, £30 and £35 packages.

unlimited landline calls 500 cross network minutes 200 texts unlimited free calls to your

Magic Number*
(add a new Magic Number
every six months)

free traffic TV for three months free Answer Phone every month on Racoon £35

PLUS free broadband



talk a lot off-peak?

If you want more minutes to catch up with friends and family, Canary is for you. You'll get extra minutes to chirp away through the night and all weekend long.

So, if you make most of your calls in the evenings and at weekends, Canary is the package for you.

Available in £30 and £40 packages.

unlimited Orange off-peak minutes 600 cross network minutes

400 texts
unlimited free calls to your

Magic Number* (add a new Magic Number

every six months)
free Orange photography for

three months
every month on Canary £40

PLUS free broadband

*When you join Orange on an 18-month contract and choose an Orange number as your Magic Number, you can make unlimited free calls to that number.

3 Scan the brochure and complete the chart.

	Maximum monthly cost	Cross network minutes every month	Texts every month	Type of extra minutes free every month
Dolphin	≴ 35	a shupna is	Tangu yan	High -III
Racoon			37 37	Ent Ellin
Canary		THE SAME OF		

- 4 Look at the text again. Which two things do all three packages offer?
- 5 What extras does each package offer? Complete the sentences.
 - a Dolphin offers _____ and ____.
 b Racoon offers _____.
- c Canary offers ______.
- 6 Which package would you choose? Why?

Class bonus

Choose one of the packages and describe it to another student. Include one extra piece of information

- or one piece of information that is incorrect. Can your friend identify the extra piece of information or mistake?

E tra practice

Find out about another mobile phone package by visiting the website of a mobile phone provider you know. How does this package compare with the three you have already read about?

B How much will it cost?

- 1 An American friend is visiting your country. He does not want to use his mobile phone because it is too expensive. Answer his questions (if you can).
 - a Which coins do I need for calls from a public phone box?
 - Can I dial the US direct or must I phone the operator?
 - Can I pay by credit card if I phone the US?
 - d What's the international code for this country?
 - e What is the number for the emergency services?
 - f What is the number for directory enquiries?
- 2 You have lost your mobile phone and you need to make some calls from a public phone box in London. You are worried about how much calls might cost. Skim the phone box notice on the right and complete the sentence with the correct section numbers.

Sections _____ and ____ are about paying for calls.

Telephone prices

Coins – From 16th November the minimum fee is 40p (includes 20p connection charge). Local & National* calls are charged at 40p for the first 20 minutes, then 10p for each subsequent 10 minutes or portion thereof.

Payment by Euro – Minimum fee 1 Euro, Length of call depends on current exchange rate. For the current rate of exchange for Euro used in this payphone, please call 100 and request the BT Payphones Customer Services Team.

Credit / Debit cards - 20p per minute. Minimum fee £1.20 (includes £1 connection charge) for Local and National* calls.

Please call 100 amd request the BT Payphones Customer Services Team for current prices for your call.

*Excludes non-geographic numbers (e.g. 0845, 0870), Directory Enquiries calls, calls to premium rate numbers, mobile phones, international numbers, personal numbering, paging services and calls made via the Operator. Other restrictions apply.

²Payment

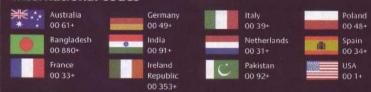
Accepted payment methods may vary between payphones. Coin accepting payphones accept 10p, 20p, 50p & £1 coins. Some coin accepting payphones accept £2 coins. Some coin accepting payphones accept 50c and 1 Euro coins, some also accept 2 Euro coins. Euro coins can only be used for directly dialled calls. Payphones operate and display in £ sterling. See the payphone display for details.

Where coins are accepted, only unused coins will be returned. For short calls avoid using 50p, £1, £2, and 2 Euro coins.

Calls to Emergency Services and freephone numbers are free. Incoming calls accepted.

Calls using a Credit/Debit Card – To make a call using a Credit/Debit Card, please swipe the card through the card reader and follow the instructions. If there is no card reader on this phone, please call 0800 032 0023 and follow the voice prompts to complete the call.

International codes



4How to contact BT



Free Operator assistance

Free Fault reporting



This phone works with a behind the ear hearing aid set to T.

UK 100 International 155 Payphones 151 Residential 151 Business 154

BT Payphones Directory Enquiries

UK Inland 118 141 – Only available for cash calls.

<u>Cash calls cost 70p for the first minute, then 50p per minute thereafter.</u>

International 118 060 – Cash calls cost £2.20 for the first minute, then £2.00 per minute thereafter. Credit/Debit Card calls cost £3.00 for the first minute, then £2.00 per minute thereafter.

This phone is at

(020) 7839 3450 JCT ADELAIDE ST DUNCANNON ST, LONDON, WC2N 4JF

SOS emergency calls dial 999 or 112 free

For Police, Ambulance, Fire, Coastguard, Mountain Rescue and Cave Rescue Samaritans 08567 90 90 90 Runaway Helpline 0808 800 70 70 Message Home Helpline 0800 700 740 Childline 0800 1111

40

Focus on nouns and verbs Find the words chang (They both appear so a nouns b vert	everal times.) What a	tice on the opposite page re these words?	ab Q	lef	6 Imagine you have in your wallet. To the questions.
or verbs (V)? Circle to a Payphones operator be See the payphone complete the seem of the	ne correct letter. the and	when I'm away from homevenings. s. ages is going down. — they have buttor andon. What is the mowing ways? How lor	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	⊗ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨ ∨	a Which ones are b Which of the UK use in all public c When phones are you use them for d If your call does money you put i what will you ge e If you haven't go can your friends What number sh Did you know The euro (currency si official currency of multiple of the Italian linguistics) peseta, etc. The curre is sterling (currency si
kilometres away call to your frien	in Scotland. Wo d in Exercise 3? one a friend in Flo	uld the call cost mor orence, Italy. What ir he minimum cost of	e than t	ion	use euros in some Bri and shops (especially and at airports), but th not common.
Tick ✓ one of the boxes. a The minimum cost is £1.20. □ b The minimum cost is £0.40. □ c The notice doesn't give this information. □					7 What advice wo

ve these coins Then answer



- UK sterling?
- coins can you phones?
- ccept euros, can or all types of call?
- not use all the into the phone, t back?
- t enough money, call you back? ould they use?

...?

ign €) is the any European os and cents 002 and ra, Spanish ncy of the UK ign £). You can tish phones in London nis is

ould you give about paying

Can-do checklist Tick what you can do. Can do Need more practice I can use a chart to make notes and compare things. I can choose the best mobile phone package for my needs. I can decide how to pay for calls from a public phone box.

Don't worry!



Get ready to read

 Tick ✓ the sentences that are true for you. I've never cut myself badly. I've never broken my leg. I've never fallen and hit my head. I've never helped someone in an emergency. I've never been admitted to hospital and stayed overnight.

I've never done a first aid course.

0	Write two more sentences about accidents and first aid. I've never
	•
	I've never

go to Useful language p. 84

A Cuts and grazes

- 1 Cilka is a nanny. She looks after two young children. One of the children has fallen on the pavement outside the house and hurt his knee. Cilka has got a first aid manual. Skim the page of the manual. Is this the page she should read?
- 2 Scan the page. One word is used many times instead of the nouns cut or graze. What is this word?
- 3 Which word is used to refer to the little boy who has hurt his knee?

Cuts and grazes

Small cuts and grazes soon stop bleeding without treatment. However, any break in the skin, even a small one, can allow germs to enter the body. Germs are micro-organisms, such as bacteria, that are carried by flies or by unwashed hands; if they are allowed to settle on an open wound, they can cause infection.

Your aims

- ▶ Stop wound from becoming infected
- Control any bleeding

You will need

- Disposable gloves
- Sterile gauze swabs or antiseptic wipes
- ▶ Plasters or sterile wound dressing
- ▶ Bandage

IMPORTANT

- ▶ Do not touch the open graze with your fingers while you are treating the casualty.
- Do not try to remove anything that is embedded in the wound.
- Do not use cotton wool on or near an open wound because fibres may stick to the wound.

Rinse wound

- Help the casualty to sit down.
- Put on disposable gloves, if available.
- Raise the injured part.
- Rinse the wound under cold running water to remove any dirt or grit.



Clean around the wound

- Using a fresh swab or wipe for each stroke, clean around the wound, working from the edge of the wound outwards.
- Carefully pick off any loose foreign matter, such as glass, metal, or gravel, from or around the wound.



B Dry around wound

 Without disturbing the wound. gently dry the area around it with a gauze swab.

4 Cover wound

- For a small cut or graze, apply a plaster to the affected area: make sure you do not touch the sterile part of the plaster.
- If the cut or graze is too large for a plaster, cover it with a sterile wound dressing and secure the dressing with a bandage.
- Advise the casualty to rest the injured part and, if possible, to support it in a raised position.

Decide which is the most important part of each sentence. Tick / the correct option. a 1 Using a fresh swab or wipe for each stroke, 2 clean around the wound, 3 working from the edge of the wound outwards. b 1 Carefully pick off any loose foreign matter, 2 such as glass, metal, or gravel, 3 from or around the wound.
You should when the cut/graze is
a a manufacture of the second
b
ne beginnings and endings of these sentences. Then decide rb means finish (F) or prevent (P).
want to have more free time, spreading spreading spreading
he ver It's no Healt Wher swee If you

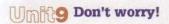
2 <u>Underline</u> the correct words in this

In sentence a above, 'stop' means finish / prevent and in sentence b, 'stop' means finish / prevent.

e The girl was a good swimmer and she 5 stopped crying.

f My dad looked very serious, and that 6 stopped the child from

drowning.



B Going to A&E

1 Cilka and her friend Marta were playing squash g tr

when Cilka fell and cut her head. They have one to A&E in a taxi. A nurse has looked t Cilka's injury and told her to wait. Cilka is	
eading this leaflet while she is waiting for reatment. Skim the leaflet and match topics -d with the paragraphs.	A & E
what might happen after your visit to A&E how staff decide if you are able to wait for treatment conditions that don't need A&E treatment why people may have to wait	

How do Accident and Emergency departments work?

- When you reach the A&E department, you will be assessed straightaway by a qualified person (this could be a nurse or a doctor). You might be treated immediately, but more often you will have to wait for treatment. How quickly you are treated will usually depend on:
 - How serious your injury or condition is
 - How busy the department is, and
 - Whether your condition will get worse if left

The process is the same even if you arrive at the A&E department by ambulance.

- Depending on your injuries, you may be treated by a nurse or a doctor. Often, you will be allowed to go home after your treatment. If your injuries or condition is more serious, then you might be sent for an X-ray or admitted to hospital for further treatment. When you are allowed to go home, you will normally have to make your own arrangements to get home from the hospital.
- Waiting in A&E units

Sometimes, you may have to wait, even though your injury seems quite serious and you are in pain (e.g. broken bones, dislocations, serious cuts). This can happen if the department is busy treating people with even more serious injuries, for example after a serious road traffic accident or after disasters such as train crashes or terrorist attacks. Waiting can be frustrating, but please bear in mind that hospital staff do all they can to treat people as quickly as possible.

If you do not need immediate care, then you may be referred to another part of the NHS. For instance, you may be advised to make an appointment to see your GP or told to call NHS Direct for advice. This often happens if your injury is minor or if your accident happened more than 24 hours before going to the department.

Did you know ...?

A&E'stands for 'Accident and Emergency'.

GP stands for 'General Practitioner' (a doctor who sees people in the local area and treats illnesses which do not need a hospital visit).

NHS stands for 'National Health Service'. NHS Direct is a telephone helpline that you can call for advice.

2	Do	you think Cilka's	injury is very	serious? Read the	leaflet again
	and	find reasons for	your answer.	Write one or two	sentences.

1 think / 1 don't think Cilka's injury is very serious because

- 3 Read the first paragraph again. What are the two most important points in this paragraph? Complete these sentences.
 - You
 - b You
- 4 Skim the other paragraphs. <u>Underline</u> the most important points in each paragraph.
- 5 Read the text again. What are the main differences in A&E treatment for someone with a minor injury and someone with a serious injury? Write four sentences for each.

Class bonus

Work in pairs. Another friend of Cilka's (you choose the name) wants to know what happened. The friend wants to know how the accident happened, how Cilka got to hospital, how long she waited and what treatment she had. Make a list of questions. (The text will give you ideas for some of your questions.)

Then work with a different partner. One of you is Cilka and the other is the friend. Act out the conversation.

E tra practice

What do you think Cilka should do when she gets home? Look up head injury on the NHS website www.nhsdirect.nhs.uk and find out what advice it gives. What advice would you give Cilka? Make notes.

Minor injury	Serious injury
Someone with a minor injury may have to wait.	
	Move Statement of Statement and Company
	Manager State of the Community of the Co
	The state of the s

6 After waiting four hours, Cilka's head cut was treated. How would she then go home?

Can-do checklist

Tick what you can do.

I can identify the most important parts of sentences.

I can follow instructions in a first aid manual and give first aid.

I can find out about treatment at Accident and Emergency (A&E).

Can do

Need more practice

Umit 10 What's in the news?



Get ready to

read

Read this headline from a newspaper article.

MAN FINDS CAR AFTER SEVEN MONTHS

There are five sentences in the article. Here are the beginnings of each sentence. How do you think the sentences continue?

- a Motorist Eric King has been reunited with his car ...
- b Eric, 57, left his black Ford Focus in a space in Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, last February, ...
- c But when he had finished his sightseeing trip, ...
- d He returned to Bury St Edmunds ten times to look for his car.
- e He finally got the car back this week ...

- Here are the endings of each sentence. Match the parts.
 Write the letters in the boxes.
 - 1 after it was reported abandoned where he had left it. ©
 - 2 he couldn't remember the name of the residential road he had parked in.
 - 3 often booking himself into bed and breakfasts.
 - 4 seven months after forgetting where he had parked it.
 - 5 so that he could walk into the town centre.
- Have you ever read an unusual or funny story in the newspaper? What were main points of the story?

go to Useful language p. 85

A What's it about?

- 1 You are going to read three short articles. These are their headlines. Use your dictionary if necessary and answer the questions.
 - a What do you think has happened in each article?
 - b Are these unusual stories?

Ball boy scores goal

Father breaks leg 'curing' daughter's fear of heights

'Ugly' goldfish gets cosmetic surgery

- 2 Look at the words below. Match five of the words with each article. Write numbers 1, 2 or 3 in the boxes. Do not check your answers at this stage.
 - bottom | eye | jump | net | pond |
- bridge goalkeeper knife operation

referee

cyst | hurt | nervous | pitch |

wide [

- 3 What do you think might happen in each article? Write a sentence about each one with some of the words from Exercise 2.
- 4 Read the three articles on the opposite page. Check your answers to Exercise 2.
- 5 Compare your sentences in Exercise 3 with the three articles. Which of your guesses were correct?
- 6 Five of the words in Exercise 2 are connected with football. Read the article about football again. <u>Underline</u> any other words that are connected with football.

Ball boy scores goal

A Brazilian referee faces suspension after she awarded a goal that was scored by a ball boy.

The 89th minute goal allowed Santacruzense to snatch a 1-1 draw at home to Atletico Sorocaba on Sunday in the Paulista Football Federation Cup, a regional tournament played in the state of Sao Paulo.

Television pictures showed that after a Santacruzense player shot narrowly wide, the boy collected the ball with his feet and took it back on to the pitch. However, instead of returning it to the goalkeeper, he subtly tapped it across the line into the net.

Although there were nearly ten seconds between the shot going out and the boy placing the ball over the line, referee Silvia Regina da Oliveira awarded a goal amid furious Sorocaba protests.

Father breaks leg 'curing' daughter's fear of heights

man and his 10-year-old daughter were on an evening bike ride when he suggested they jump off the Lantana Bridge and into the Intracoastal Waterway.

The nervous little girl agreed and at 7.40pm on Monday, Troy Stewart, 31, grabbed his daughter's hand, counted to three

and jumped nearly 20 feet into the water. Megan Stewart was not hurt, but her father broke his left leg when he hit the bottom.

"He thought he could break her fear of heights by doing that. Instead, he broke his leg" said Lantana Police Captain Andy Rundle. "I wouldn't consider this an appropriate method of trying to break your kid of a phobia. She could have got hurt too."

They had to swim about 50 feet to shore, and Megan ran two blocks home to get her mother, Mandy Potter.

Focus on ... verbs in headlines



1 Complete the headlines of the three articles.

a Ball boy _____ goal b Father _____leg 'curing' daughter's fear of heights

c 'Ugly' goldfish _____ cosmetic surgery

2 In which tense are the verbs in the headlines above? Underline the correct

a present perfect

b present simple

c past simple

3 Now read the first two articles and find another form of the same verb. Which tense are the verbs? Complete the chart for articles 1 and 2.

Article	Verb in article	Tense
1		
2	i walifula miran	
3	selety distance	

4 Now read the third article. Find a different verb which means the same as the verb in the headline. Which tense is the verb? Complete the chart for article 3.

5 Look at these newspaper headlines. Write the first sentence of each article.

a Police rescue UK tourist from Outback twice in one week

b Wife kills pet spiders in toilet

c New child seat laws come into force

d Shoppers leave OAP trapped in a hole

7 Read the articles again. Write six questions for each article beginning with these words: who, what, when, where, why, how. Make sure that the answers to your questions are in the articles.

'Ugly' goldfish gets cosmetic surgery

A goldfish on show at a museum has undergone cosmetic surgery after visitors at the museum said it looked ugly.

The fish, which lives in a pond at the Royal Museum of Scotland in Edinburgh, went under the knife to remove an unsightly cyst from its eye.

Although the growth was harmless, some visitors had expressed concern about the creature's appearance and it was removed as a precaution, along with one of its eyes.

The operation was paid for using coins thrown into the fishpond at the museum.

Class bonus

Exchange your questions with another student. Can you answer your partner's questions?

8 Which of these stories do you think is the most unusual - or funny?

B Strange, but true!

- 1 Think about your answers to these questions. Check that you know the meaning of the words in italics.
 - a Have you got a bank account?
 - b Where is the nearest branch of your bank?
 - How do you pay for things you buy?
 - d How often do you get a bank statement?
 - e Have you ever been in debt?
- 2 Look quickly at the text below. Where does it come from?
- 3 Look at the headline. Use the dictionary entries on the right for help if necessary. Answer these questions.
 - a What do you think has happened?
 - b Why is this unusual?

ban1 /bæn/ verb [T] banning past banned to officially say that someone must not do something A lot of people think boxing should be banned. from + doing sth] Ian's been banned from driving for 2 years.

vicar /ˈvɪkəˈ/ noun [C] a priest in some Christian

overdrawn /, ouvo'droin/ adjective If you are overdrawn, you have taken more money out of your bank account than you had in it. We've gone £200 overdrawn!

- 4 Look at the photograph. Who can you see? Scan the article and circle the person's name.
- 5 Scan the article again. Underline the names of any other people and places.

Bank bans vicar's son for life for going 11p overdrawn

by Geoff Maynard

Bank chiefs have banned a schoolboy for life because his account went 11 pence into the red.

Vicar's son Jerome Jacob, 15, was told he could never have another account at HSBC, despite offering to repay the money.

Jerome, who holds down two part-time jobs in between studying for his GCSEs, went overdrawn when he bought a football magazine using his debit card.



After receiving a monthly statement, Jerome and his father, the Reverend Neville Jacob, went into their local branch in Romsey, Hampshire, to clear the debt. But they were amazed when staff told them the account had been closed and they could not open a new one.

Jerome said: "Their customer service was awful. When I opened the account, they told me it would be impossible to go overdrawn when using my card."

Mr Jacob, vicar of Copthorne, Hampshire, added: "We don't fault the bank for applying its rules. All we wanted was a bit of common sense."

"My son was willing to repay the 11p and apologise, but they just were not interested. It was a flat refusal. My son was quite upset."

"It's the first time he has gone overdrawn and I'm astonished at their attitude. To say he can never go back is ridiculous and the way he was treated was outrageous. If they treated adults this way, they would soon be out of business."

A spokesman for HSBC said: "This does not appear to be in line with our commitment to our customers. Being overdrawn by 11p would not trigger the decision to close the account and we will be investigating this incident."

Jerome, who does a paper round and works part-time in a tea room, has now applied for a Barclays account.

Did you know ...?

In the UK, there are two types of newspapers. Tabloids are traditionally small newspapers with a lot of pictures and short, simple news stories (e.g. Daily Express, The Sun, Daily Mirror). The Times, The Daily Telegraph, The Guardian, The Independent, etc. are more serious newspapers and more difficult to read. These newspapers used to be large and they were called broadsheets. Now all newspapers are more or less the same size. The article on the opposite page is from the Daily Express.

6	In which order did Jerome do these things?
	a He got his monthly bank statement. b He went to the bank with his dad. c He opened a bank account at HSBC. d He found out he was overdrawn. e He decided to open an account with another bank. f He used his debit card to buy a magazine. g He said he would pay the money he owed.
7	What did bank staff do? Write a list of sentences. Number your sentences in the correct order in which they happened.
	1 The bank staff allowed Jerome to open an account.

8 What does Jerome's father think about the situation? Which adjectives does he use to express his opinion? Complete the sentences.

lerome's father is	at the attitude of the
bank. He thinks it is	(of the bank) to say
that Jerome cannot go bac	k (and open another account),
and the way he was treate	d is

Learning tip

Reading for pleasure is the best way to improve your reading. It is also a wonderful way to meet new words. Identify words that are useful to you and keep a vocabulary notebook of these words. Give each page a title, e.g. *sport*, *education*, and write useful words in a list. For each word, note the meaning, the part of speech (noun, verb, etc.), anything special about its grammar or style (formal, informal, etc.) and write a sentence which is relevant to you.

9 <u>Underline</u> the words in *italics* in Exercise 1 in the text. <u>Underline</u> other words in the text which are connected with banking. Add the words to your vocabulary notebook. If you do not have a vocabulary notebook start one now!

E tra practice

Read an article in an English-language newspaper or look on the Internet. Perhaps find something you have read about in your own language. Ask yourself and answer questions beginning with who, what, when, where, why and how about the article.

Can-do checklist

Tick what you can do.

I can use headlines to predict the content of newspaper articles.

I can understand short newspaper articles.

I can identify words that are useful to me.

Can do

Need more practice

Umit11 I'll check my email



Get ready to	read	
• Who do you get emy friends my family my colleagues at woother students of I		• Who do you send emails to? Write a list.

go to Useful language p. 85

A It's from a friend

Learning tip

When you read a message that someone has sent you, always ask yourself why the person has sent you the message. Think about its main purpose before you read more carefully for the details. This will help you to understand the message more easily.

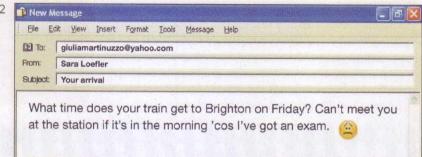
1 Read the three emails and match each one with its main purpose.

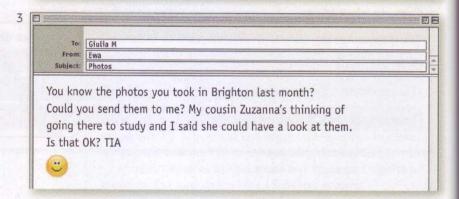
email 1 makes a request email 2 makes a suggestion email 3 gives a warning

Did you know ...?

giuliamartinuzzo@yahoo.com is Giulia's email address. We say this as: Giulia Martinuzzo at Yahoo dot com.

To:	Giulia Martinuzzo
From:	Ryuichi Tashita
ubject:	Pizza
	I missed your call yesterday. Yeah, the new pizzeria sounds I'm not here all next week, but the following Friday's fine.





Foc	us	on	***
ema	il E	ngli	sh

The English used in emails is usually informal because people often write in the way they speak. They use short forms of words and miss out some words. They also use abbreviations, such as BTW (by the way) and IMO (in my opinion). They also use 'smileys', such as (I'm happy).

Circle two abbreviations and a 'smiley' in the emails on the opposite page. What do you think they mean? Here are some clues:

T = thanks or that's

A = all or advance

Work out abbreviations for these expressions.

- a as far as I know
- b for your information
- c hope that helps
- d in other words
- 2 Read the emails on the opposite page again. Then decide which sentences are correct. Circle A, B or C.
 - 1 A Ryuichi is unavailable for a meal next week.
 - B Raquel can join Giulia for a meal next Friday.
 - C Giulia doesn't want to have a pizza.
 - 2 A Sara will be able to see Giulia early Friday morning.
 - B Giulia needs to arrive in time for Sara's exam on Friday.
 - C Sara can collect Giulia from the station on Friday afternoon.
 - 3 A Ewa wants to study in Brighton.
 - B Zuzanna would like to find out about Brighton.
 - C Giulia's thinking of taking some photographs of Ewa.
- 3 Read the emails on the right and choose the best answer for each question. Circle A, B or C.

What do you find out about Giulia? Write six sentences.

Her family name is Martinuzzo.

4 Read all the emails again.

She ______She _____She ______She ______She _____She ______She ______She _____

5 Read this reply to one of the emails. Which of her five friends is Giulia emailing?

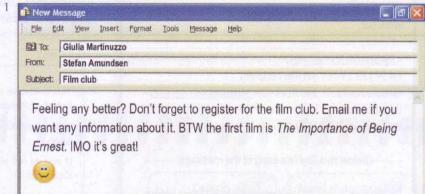
I'm working every day this week, so won't leave before 6pm. Will get a taxi to your flat. Good luck BTW! Giulia X

6 Choose one of the other emails. Imagine you are Giulia and write a reply.

Class bonus

Exchange email addresses with another student in your class and become e-pals. Try and write to each other in English every week.

- 1 Why has Stefan emailed Giulia?
 - A to give her some details
 - B to let her know that he's ill
 - C to remind her to do something



- 2 Why has Raquel emailed Giulia?
 - A to thank her for lunch
 - B to offer her congratulations
 - C to give her some information
- To: Giulia
 From: Raquel
 Subject: Nice to see you

 It was nice to see you yesterday. I forgot to ask about your new job.
 Well done! You must be pleased. Let's meet for lunch soon.

Umit11 I'll check my email



Get ready to	read	
• Who do you get e my friends my family my colleagues at other students of		

To: Giulia M

go to Useful language p. 85

A It's from a friend

Learning tip

When you read a message that someone has sent you, always ask yourself why the person has sent you the message. Think about its main purpose before you read more carefully for the details. This will help you to understand the message more easily.

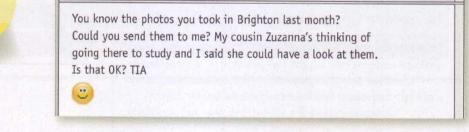
1 Read the three emails and match each one with its main purpose.

email 1 makes a request email 2 makes a suggestion email 3 gives a warning

Did you know ...?

giuliamartinuzzo@yahoo.com is Giulia's email address. We say this as: Giulia Martinuzzo at Yahoo dot com.

	Giulia Martinuzzo
From	Ryuichi Tashita
Subject	Pizza
great	I missed your call yesterday. Yeah, the new pizzeria sounds I'm not here all next week, but the following Friday's fine. not see if Raquel's free as well? TAFN
Eile Ed	
New M File Ed To: rom:	it View Insert Format Iools Message Help
File Ed	it view Insert Format Iools Message Help glullamartinuzzo@yahoo.com



Foo	u	S	on	
ema	il	Er	igi	ish

The English used in emails is usually informal because people often write in the way they speak. They use short forms of words and miss out some words. They also use abbreviations, such as BTW (by the way) and IMO (in my opinion). They also use 'smileys', such as (I'm happy).

Circle two abbreviations and a 'smiley' in the emails on the opposite page. What do you think they mean? Here are some clues:

T = thanks or that's

A = all or advance

Work out abbreviations for these expressions.

- a as far as I know
- b for your information
- c hope that helps
- d in other words
- 2 Read the emails on the opposite page again. Then decide which sentences are correct. Circle A, B or C.
 - 1 A Ryuichi is unavailable for a meal next week.
 - B Raquel can join Giulia for a meal next Friday.
 - C Giulia doesn't want to have a pizza.
 - 2 A Sara will be able to see Giulia early Friday morning.
 - B Giulia needs to arrive in time for Sara's exam on Friday.
 - C Sara can collect Giulia from the station on Friday afternoon.
 - 3 A Ewa wants to study in Brighton.

1 Why has Stefan emailed Giulia?

B to let her know that he's ill

A to give her some details

C to remind her to do

something

- B Zuzanna would like to find out about Brighton.
- C Giulia's thinking of taking some photographs of Ewa.
- 3 Read the emails on the right and choose the best answer for each question. Circle A, B or C.
 - C. months

4 Read all the emails again. What do you find out about Giulia? Write six sentences.

Her family name is Martinuzzo.
She
Her
She
She
She

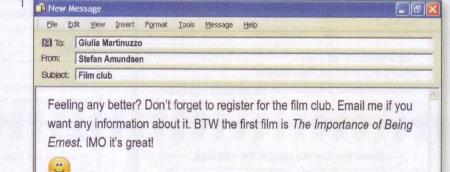
5 Read this reply to one of the emails. Which of her five friends is Giulia emailing?

I'm working every day this week, so won't leave before 6pm. Will get a taxi to your flat. Good luck BTW! Giulia X

6 Choose one of the other emails. Imagine you are Giulia and write a reply.

Class bonus

Exchange email addresses with another student in your class and become e-pals. Try and write to each other in English every week.



- 2 Why has Raquel emailed Giulia?
 - A to thank her for lunch
 - B to offer her congratulations
 - C to give her some information

900	
To:	Giulia
From:	Raquel
Subject:	Nice to see you

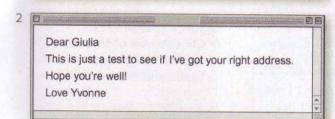
Well done! You must be pleased. Let's meet for lunch soon.

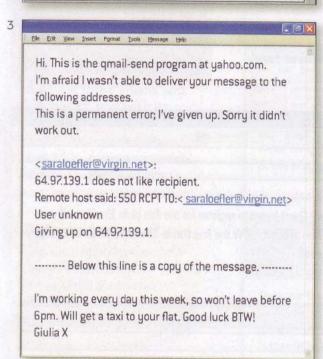
B What's your address?

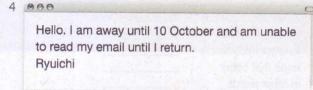
- 1 Look at the six emails in Giulia's inbox. Complete the chart with the answers to these questions.
 - a Who are the emails from?
 - b Which ones are replies to emails that Giulia sent?
 - c What is the main purpose of each

	Who from?	Reply?	Main purpose?
1	Sally Jones	no	give her new email address
2			
3			
4		N SHEET SEE	
5			
6			











6 of my friends have joined my network so far on PALSINC. Join me and my friends on PALSINC and meet more than 6 MILLION members from all around the world!

Join Marcos's Network

Learn more

Name: Marcos Martos Higueras

Current Location: Barcelona, Catalunya, Spain Home Location: Barcelona, Catalunya, Spain

Gender: Male Age: 31

This invitation was sent to giuliamartinuzzo@yahoo.com on behalf of Marcos (mmh@hotmail.com).

If you do not wish to receive invitations from Marcos, click

If you do not wish to receive invitations from any member, click here.



- 2 Read each email and answer these questions.
 - a Which email do you think Giulia should reply to?
 - b What should she do when she receives the others?

- 4 Enter your own birthday into Stefan's calendar.
- 5 Do you ever receive any emails like the ones on these pages? Who are they from?

E tra practice

There are lots of sites on the Internet which can reunite you with old friends – one of these is called 'WAYN'. WAYN stands for 'Where are you now?' Read more about this website on www.wayn.com. If you want to, you can join.

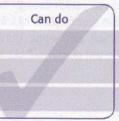
3	Giulia would like to receive a
	birthday card from Stefan. She
	has already clicked on the link.
	What should she do next?

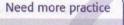
What should she do next?



Can-do checklist Tick what you can do. I can work out the main purpose of an email. I can understand email abbreviations and 'smileys'.

I can identify different types of email and deal with them.





53

Review1 Units 1-11



A Are these statements true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 If you are looking for a particular piece of information, you'll need to read every word of a text in order to find it. (Unit 1)
- 2 If you want to get a general idea of what a text is about, you must read from the beginning and continue to the end. (Unit 2)
- 3 It is not necessary to understand every word in a text you are reading. (Unit 3)
- 4 As you read a text, try and work out the meaning of any words you do not know. ____ (Unit 4)
- 6 Thinking about a topic in your own language can help you to understand a text about the topic. ____ (Unit 6)
- 7 When you come across an unknown word in a text, look out for words which might have the same or a similar meaning. (Unit 7)
- 8 When you want to compare two or more things that are mentioned in a text, using a chart is a good way to take notes. (Unit 8)
- 9 Writers only use commas to separate words in lists. (Unit 9)
- 10 You can learn a lot of useful words through reading.
 (Unit 10)
- 11 Some emails you receive do not have a real purpose. ____ (Unit 11)
- B Now read the *Learning tips* for Units 1–11 on pages 87–89. Do you want to change any of your answers in Exercise A?
- C The first time we read a text, we usually either skim or scan it. Can you remember the difference between skimming and scanning? Complete these definitions.
 - 12 If you _____ a text, you know exactly what you are looking for and you search through the text quickly until you find that specific piece of information.
 - 13 If you _____ a text, you want to get a general idea and you look at the text quickly without focusing on any details.

- D Look at this list of real-life reading situations. Circle the text type in each situation. Then decide whether you would skim or scan the text in each situation. Tick / the correct box.
 - 14 You are in London. You are looking at a notice about opening hours outside a bank. You want to know if banks in Britain are open the same hours in your country.

 scan skim skim
 - 15 You are looking at a theatre programme. You want to know what is on in the last week of the month. scan skim
 - 16 You are reading a restaurant review. You want to know where the restaurant is.

 scan skim
 - 17 You are looking at a leaflet about a tourist attraction.
 You are trying to decide whether to go there or not.
 scan skim
 - You are looking at a page in a newspaper. You are trying to find an article that interests you. scan skim skim
 - 19 You have just received an email from your friend Luis.
 You want to find out if he passed his exam.
 scan skim
- E The way we read a text depends on our purpose in reading. Two people can read the same text in a different way. Think about the text types in Exercise D again. Complete the sentences with scan or skim and the text types.
 - 20 You would ______ to find out if the writer liked the restaurant.
 - 21 You would ______ to find out if the bank is open on Saturday morning.
 - 22 You would ______ to find out what kind of shows are on this month.
 - 23 You would ______ to find out how much it costs to go in.
 - 24 You would ______ to find out if it is just for you or for lots of people.
 - 25 You would ______ to find out if your football team won yesterday.

F Skim these texts. What is each text, or where does it come from? Choose from the following.

_								
a cinema p	programme	an email						
a hospital notice a phone box notice a guidebook		a hostel leaflet a post office leaflet a newspaper article						
					a theatre p	rogramme		
					26 Text A			
27 Text B								

G Read Text A again. Which five sentences describe Slava's Snowshow? Write the letters in the boxes.

28-3	2		

- a The director is from New York.
- b Slava's Snowshow has been on tour.
- c Scarlett Johansson loves the show.
- d Slava's Snowshow is a musical.
- e There is more than one performer in Slava's Snowshow.
- f It is freezing cold in the theatre during a performance.
- g Children enjoy Slava's Snowshow.
- h You can buy a book about Slava's Snowshow.
- i Tickets for the show are on sale now.
- j The show is on during the second week in March.

Text A

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

Slava's Showshow



Created and staged by Slava

A global phenomenon, Slava's Snowshow has entertained audiences in over 80 cities around the world with fans including Angelina Jolie and Scarlett Johansson.

Slava's Snowshow is an unmissable comedy masterpiece. Slava and his ensemble of clowns use water, cobwebs, bubbles and dry ice with dazzling effect. The show ends with a snowstorm in which the audience is engulfed in a blizzard of sparkling snowflakes.

Slava's Snowshow is full of laughter and enjoyment for the whole family. Book now for the snow sensation of the season

Mon 21 March - Sat 28 March

H Decide if these sentences about Text B are true (T) or false (F).

- 33 You can always have lunch at a taverna.
- 34 Tavernas do not always have a menu to choose from.
- 35 The baked dishes are usually cakes or desserts.
- 36 The main course usually arrives after the starter.
- 37 Vegetable dishes like stuffed peppers are quite big.

Text B

avel: Greece

The best place to eat and drink in Greece is the taverna. These stay open late in the evening and some tavernas are open at lunchtime too. You won't always find a menu in a taverna —and when there is one, it is never very long. Usually, there will be five or six *mezédes* (starters or snacks) and three of four main courses. Often you are taken into the kitchen to inspect what's on offer that day: uncooked meat — usually lamb — and fish, pans of stew and vegetables, trays of baked savoury dishes.

Starters and main courses are usually served together in Greece. If you prefer to have the two courses separately, then order your main course when your starter arrives. Main courses of meat or fish do not include salads and vegetables – you will need to order these as side dishes. You may not want to eat meat or fish as many of the vegetable dishes are delicious. You could quite easily have tomatoes, peppers or aubergines stuffed with rice as a main course.

I Skim these texts. What is each text, or where does it come from? Choose from the following.

a cinema programme a hospital notice a phone box notice a guidebook a theatre programme		an email a hostel leaflet a post office leaflet a newspaper article
38	Text C	
39	Text D	
40	Text E	

Text D

Women trapped in car

Two elderly women are recovering from heat stroke and heat exhaustion after locking themselves in a hot car in Daytona Beach, Florida.

Police say that their battery apparently died, the automatic locks failed, and they didn't know they could unlock the doors manually.

The women were trapped for nearly two hours before a passerby spotted their pleas for help, which they wrote on the back of a tissue box.

Rescue workers smashed a window to get the ladies out.

Text C



yha Accommodation prices at YHA Manchester

Adults £20.50

Under 18s £15 50

This is for a bed in a shared room - max 6 persons

Family/Private rooms - calculated on no. of adults & no. of under 18s

Twin room £52.00

All rooms are en-suite and all prices are per night and include a full breakfast and bed linen

YHA members receive a £3 discount per member per night

Group prices and conference rates available on request

Text E

Who are you?

To make sure that you receive the safest possible care whilst being treated, it is important that we identify you correctly at all times.

Therefore, before you have any test, treatment or procedure, before you see a doctor or nurse in outpatients, and before you are given any medication, we will ask you to identify yourself.

We will ask you to state:

- your full name or hospital number (if you have one)
- your date of birth

Sometimes we may ask for other details, such as your address. If you look after a child, or if someone you care for cannot give us this information, we may ask you to identify them on their behalf.

Although it can be annoying to be asked the same question many times, please help us to help you by making sure these important checks take place.

J	Answer these	questions	about	Text C	Write	one	or two	words
	only.							

- 41 How many beds are there in a shared room?
- 42 Can I have a room of my own?
- 43 Are twin rooms cheaper per person than shared rooms?
- 44 Is breakfast included in the price?
- 45 How much cheaper is it if I am a member of the YHA?

K Read Text D again. In which order did these things happen? Write the letters in the boxes. There is one extra sentence which is not part of the story.

- - 47 48
 - 49 50
- a Someone saw a message the women had written.
- b The women were rescued from the car.
- c The women broke the car window.
- d The women didn't know how to get out of the car.
- e The car battery stopped working.
- f The rescue services were called.

L Read Text E again. <u>Underline</u> the correct word or phrase in these sentences.

- 51 You can receive / can't receive treatment before staff know who you are.
- 52 You may not have / must have a hospital number.
- 53 You don't have to give / must give your date of birth.
- 54 You might have to identify / won't have to identify yourself more than once.
- 55 You may have to say / will have to say your address.

the notices with the places. Write the letters in	explanation.
the boxes.	66 A 1 The driver sells tickets.
56 bank	2 You can't buy a ticket from the driver.
57 optician's	67 B 1 You might get hurt.
58 theatre	2 The window should be closed at all times.
59 airport	68 C 1 We sell books for students.
60 book shop	2 We will sell your old books.
61 A&E	69 D 1 You can't post your letters and postcards after
62 post box	7.00pm.
63 restaurant	2 You can post your letters and postcards for
64 cable car	abroad here.
65 bus stop	70 E 1 There is only one cashier working here.
	2 You may have to wait to be seen.
	71 F 1 You must carry your bags with you at all times.
	2 Your luggage should be checked in.
A	72 G 1 The show has one interval only.
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	2 If you are late, you will miss the first part of the
Latecomers will not be admitted until the first interval.	show.
admitted until the first interval.	73 H 1 Not everything will be half price.
A THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	2 All designer brands will be half price.
The state of the s	74 1 Only people from this country get free treatment.
B. C.	2 Some people have to pay for their treatment.
A - OURDELAC MOTORS	75 J 1 You can choose an expensive dish and still only
Are you an OVERSEAS VISITOR?	
Did you know that you may have to pay	pay £5.
Did you know that you may have to pay	pay £5.
Did you know that you may have to pay	pay £5.
Did you know that you may have to pay	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to.
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here?	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to.
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HAIF PRICE SAIF	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term (ith an excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff,
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term (ith an excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff,
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term (ith an excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff,
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term (ith an excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff,
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term //th an excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term //th an excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands.	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith an excellent range of litles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands.	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith an excellent range of litles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs D INTERNATIONAL MAIL DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. FIRST CLASS AN	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith on excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. BUY YOUR TICKET HERE FIRST CLASS AN	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith an excellent range of litles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. FIRST CLASS AN	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith on excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. FIRST CLASS AN	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith on excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. FIRST CLASS AN	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith on excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. FIRST CLASS AN	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith on excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS
Did you know that you may have to pay for hospital treatment whilst here? HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. FIRST CLASS AN	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term //ith an excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS UNATTENDED
HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. FIRST CLASS AN Last collection	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith on excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS UNATTENDED Please wait
HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. BUY YOUR TICKET HERE BEFORE BOARDING FIRST CLASS AN Last collections Last collections DO NOT	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term //ith an excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS UNATTENDED
HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. FIRST CLASS AN Last collection	pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith on excellent range of littles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS UNATTENDED Please wait
HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. BUY YOUR TICKET HERE BEFORE BOARDING Last college DO NOT BUFFET	Pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith an excellent range of titles and knowledgeable staff, we can caler for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS UNATTENDED Please wait behind the line until a cashier
HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. BUY YOUR TICKET HERE BEFORE BOARDING FIRST CLASS AN Last colle DO NOT BUFFET ALL YOU CAN EAT DO NOT	Please wait behind the line Pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith an excellent range of titles and knowledgeable staff, we can cater for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS UNATTENDED
HALF PRICE SALE Up to 50% OFF Selected frames and sunglasses including designer brands. BUY YOUR TICKET HERE BEFORE BOARDING Last college DO NOT BUFFET	Pay £5. 2 You can eat a lot if you want to. New books for the new term Ith an excellent range of titles and knowledgeable staff, we can caler for all your book-buying needs DO NOT LEAVE LUGGAGE OR OTHER BELONGINGS UNATTENDED Please wait behind the line until a cashier

O You are in Denmark, and you have picked up the brochure Copenhagen This Week. Answer these questions.

- 76 Skim the text. What is the main aim of the article? Choose from these options.
 - a to explain why the gardens have been closed ...
 - b to give tourists a general introduction
 - c to describe the gardens and flowers
- 77 Which of these topics does the article NOT mention? Circle the correct letter.
 - a the opening hours
 - b the history of the gardens
 - c other tourist attractions in Denmark
 - d admission prices
 - e the number of people who go there



Tivoli Gardens

Reopen

Tivoli Gardens-probably Europe's most sophisticated amusement park - opens on April 12 for its summer season, the event of the month! Founded in 1843 Tivoli Gardens has been in the amusement business. for 163 years and draws around four million visitors a year making it Denmark's number one tourist attraction - and one of Europe's most popular amusement parks after EuroDisney Paris and Blackpool Pleasure Beach.

Sporting 25 amusements including no fewer than four big dippers and a new carousel, Tivoli is an elegant funfair in the very heart of Copenhagen, with good music in abundance throughout the season, some 40 top class eateries and restaurants. flowers and romance in the air.

World's tallest carousel

Brand new at Tivoli this season is the Austrianbuilt Star Flyer - the tallest carousel in the world, standing 80 metres high. This ride has a capacity of 960 passengers an hour and a maximum rotary speed of 70 kph. Star Flyer, with its galactic design and 16th century Danish astronomer Tycho Brahe's universe as its theme, is located in Tivoli's Merry Corner between the Concert Hall and the Spinning Top amusement.

Amusements account for more than 50 percent of Tivoli's turnover, helping fund the delights of the gardens such as the flowers, the music, and the firework displays.

P Find other words in the text which have similar meanings to these words. 78 sophisticated 79 amusement park	U Here is another part of the brochure Copenhagen This Week. Are these sentences about Tivoli Concert Hall true (T) or false (F)? 91 It is the biggest concert hall in Denmark.
80 amusement	92 It was not open last summer. 93 It has a new café and bar.
Q Find words in the text for two types of amusement.	94 It is a venue for pop and rock concerts. 95 It is not open at the weekend.
82	Tivoli Concert Season takes off
R Find the names of two of the amusements at Tivoli Gardens. 83	Tivoli Concert Hall – home of the biggest music festival in the Nordic region and one of Denmark's main concert venues – is back in full operation this season after being closed all last summer to undergo major refurbishment involving the construction of a
What is really special about the brand new amusement? Write one letter in the box. 85 a It is 80 metres high. b It can carry 960 passengers each hour. c It turns at a speed of 70 kilometres per hour. d It has a galactic design.	new circular glass foyer with café and two-storey bar with stunning views over the gardens. Tivoli Concert Hall's extensive summer programme involves 105 arrangements, including 20 performances by the Tivoli Symphony Orchestra and the appearance of some of the world's greatest soloists in the world of classical music. Kicking off the season at 7.30pm on April 12 is the Belcea Quartet with a Haydn, Britten
T You have bought your admission ticket and you have gone into Tivoli Gardens. Make a list of five things you can do. Do you have to pay extra to do these things? You can extra payment? Y (yes) or N (no)	and Mozart chamber concert. Tivoli Ticket Center Tel 33 15 10 12 Vesterbrogade 3 Open: Mon-Fri 9am-5pm
86 87 88	V It is Saturday April 8th and you have just arrived in Copenhagen for a week's holiday. You look at the brochure and find that there's
89	a concert you can go to. Answer these questions. Write notes.
90	96 What date is the concert?
	97 What time is the concert?
	98 Who is giving the performance?
	99 What music are they playing?
	100 When is the box office next open?

Umit12 Is that spelt correctly?



Get ready to read There are some differences between British and American English. In which ways are there differences? Tick ✓ one or more of the boxes. a grammar □ b pronunciation □ c spelling □ d vocabulary □ Can you think of any examples? How good are you at spelling? Tick ✓ one of the boxes in each column. In my own language, In English, I'm not very good □ quite good □ very good □	 How do you check your spelling? Tick ✓ one or more of the boxes. I look in a dictionary. I look in a book about spelling. I use an electronic spellchecker. I use the spellchecker on the computer. I look at my own vocabulary word lists. I think about where I have seen the word and look for it there.
go to Useful language p. 85 A British and American English Look at these words. Do you think they are British English (BE) or American English (AE) spellings? a defence BE b non-member c traveller d colour e litre The text on the opposite page is from a book called Improve your spelling. Scan the text and check your answers to Exercise 1. Then write the other spelling of each word. a defense b non c trav d col e lit	3 Scan the text again. Are these words used in British English (BE) or American English (AE) - or both? Tick \(\) the boxes. BE AE both a license \(\) \(\) both c chilli \(\) \(\) dwoollen \(\) enrolled e enrol \(\) \(\) behaviour \(\) h glamour \(\) \(\) the boxes. 4 Were these questions written by British (B) or American (A) people? Tick \(\) the boxes. a What flavor ice-cream do you prefer? \(\) \(\) Are you a non-smoker? \(\) \(\) Have you got a driving licence? \(\) \(\)
	5 Is the text about general spelling rules or individual words?

British and American English

We have really everything in common with America nowadays, except, of course, language.

Oscar Wilde

There are many differences between British and American English spelling, both in general spelling rules and in individual words. The main differences are outlined in this chapter.

ce, se

Some words that end in *ce* in British English are spelt *se* in American English:

British English defence, offence, pretence American English defense, offense, pretense

British English licence (noun), license (verb); practice (noun), practise (verb)

American English *license* (noun and verb); *practice* (noun and verb)

Hyphens

American English uses fewer hyphens than British English. To take just one example, in American English words formed with non- (='not') are generally written as single words (nonmember, nonsmoker) whereas in British English, they are normally hyphenated (non-member, non-smoker).

Single and double t

Where British English doubles a final *l* before a word-ending such as *-ed* or *-ing*, in American English the final *l* is not doubled.

British English equalled, travelling, traveller, counsellor American English equaled, traveling, traveler, counselor Note also British English chilli, jeweller, jewellery, marvellous, woollen but American English chili or chilli, jeweler, jewelry, marvelous, woolen.

On the other hand, in some words where British English has a single *l*, American English has *ll*:

British English appal, distil, enrol, enthral, fulfil, instil or instill, skilful, wilful

American English appall, distill, enroll, enthrall, fulfill, instill, skillful, willful or less commonly wilful

-our. -o

Most words that end in -our in British English end in -or in American English:

British English behaviour, colour, favour, flavour, harbour, honour, etc.

American English behavior, color, favor, flavor, harbor, honor, etc.

In American English *glamour* is the preferred spelling, but *glamor* is also correct.

re, er

Most words that end in *re* in British English end in *er* in American English:

British English centre, fibre, litre, meagre, metre, sombre, spectre, theatre, etc.

American English center, fiber, liter, meager, meter, somber, specter, theater, etc.

6 Look at the pictures. Match the British English words with the pictures.

dve	crieque	doughillut	grey
kerb	moustache	pyjamas	tyre
a	kerb	e	
b		f	
C		g	
d		h	



7 Write the American English spellings of the words in Exercise 6. Check in a dictionary if necessary.

а	curb
a b	
C	
d	
е	
f	
g	***************************************

Class bonus

Choose six of the words from this section of the unit

— either British English or American English spelling. Make
sure you can spell the words aloud. Work in pairs. Spell
your words to your partner. Write down your partner's
words. Then decide if they are British or American English

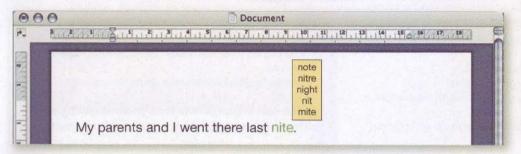
— or can they be both?

B I'll add it to my dictionary

- 1 Skim the extract CORRECTING SPELLING MISTAKES. What kind of book is this text from?
- 2 Look at the sentence below. Read CORRECTING SPELLING MISTAKES again and find out what this shortcut is showing.

CORRECTING SPELLING MISTAKES

You might notice red wavy lines under some of your text. These lines flag possible spelling errors because the automatic Spelling Checker is activated. Once you are finished typing your document, you can go back and edit flagged text. To do this, right-click the flagged word. A shortcut menu is displayed, giving you some correctly spelled words to choose from. You can ignore the suggestions if you like. You can also choose to add the flagged words to a customized dictionary that you build, which can include specialized terms, acronyms, and names that are not included in the standard Word dictionary. If you add a word, it will no longer be underlined as a possible spelling error in later documents.



3 Read the extract below. How would you add the correct spelling of nite to your customized dictionary? <u>Underline</u> the part of the text which tells you what to do.

USING AUTOCORRECT

The AutoCorrect feature allows you to set up the automatic correction of words that you often misspell or mistype. Many common errors are already set up in AutoCorrect, but you can easily add you own. You can also use it to capitalize words, such as days of the week, and to insert symbols such as © by entering (c).

1 AUTOCORRECT: ADDING WORDS

- · As an example, we'll use the common misspelling: decieve for deceive.
- · Click on Tools on the Menu bar and then on AutoCorrect.
- The AutoCorrect dialog box opens. Click on the AutoCorrect tab to bring it to the front. In the Replace: text box enter the incorrect spelling: decieve. In the With: text box, enter the correct spelling: decieve. Then click on Add.
- The AutoCorrect entry that you have just made is now displayed in the list of AutoCorrect entries. Click on **Close** and each time that you now type **decieve**, it will be replaced automatically with the correct spelling





Did you know ...?

US English spelling

spelled customize specialize capitalize

dialog

British English spelling

spelled *or* spelt customize *or* customise specialize *or* specialise capitalize *or* capitalise

dialogue (but US spelling is always used for computers)

Learning tip

Reading, as well as giving pleasure and information, has other advantages. It allows you to see how other people write and how they punctuate their work. You will also see a wide range of vocabulary – and how these words are spelt. Always make a note of the correct spelling of any useful words which you might need for your writing.

Focus on ... spelling

Look at the words below. Which ones are NOT spelt correctly? Read the extracts on the opposite page again and check your answers. Write the correct spelling of the words.

a	displaid	displayed
Ь	dictoinary	***************************************
C	errer	***************************************
	feeture	***************************************
е	mispell	***************************************
f	simbols	***************************************
g	entrys	***************************************
h	aotomatically	

- 4 Which of the words in the Focus on spelling do you often spell incorrectly? Would you add the correct spelling to your autocorrect feature?
- 5 Look at this list of the top ten spelling errors often made by learners of English. Which word in each pair is spelt correctly? <u>Underline</u> the correct spelling. Do not check your answers at this stage.

a accomodation accommodation b sincerely sincerly c advertisment advertisement d wich which e because becose f beginning begining g comfortable confortable h successful successfull embarassing embarrassing receive recieve

6 Check the spellings in Exercise 5. Use one of the ways you ticked in Get ready to read.

E tra practice

Which words do you often make spelling mistakes with? Make a list which you can use to check your written work.

Can-do checklist

Tick what you can do.

I can identify British English and American English spellings.

I can add words to the computer's customized dictionary.

I can identify incorrect spellings.

Can do

Need more practice

Umit13 How do I join?



Get ready to read

Underline the words in these sentences so that they are true for you. I read / I don't read a lot in my everyday life. I read / I don't read magazines and newspapers. I read / I don't read books and novels. I buy / I don't buy books from shops or online.

There's / There isn't a library near my home/school.

I use / I don't use a library.

I borrow / I don't borrow books from the library.

I read / I don't read magazines and newspapers in the library.

Write two more sentences that are true for you. Use the words in brackets.			
(read			
(library)			

go to Useful language p. 85

A Joining a library

1 You are thinking of joining a public library in Oxford. What kind of things do you want to know about joining the library? Write down three questions.

Learning tip

When you read a difficult piece of text, you will need to read some words and sentences very carefully. In order to understand difficult parts of texts, it is a good idea to try and put the sentences of the text into your own words.

- 2 Some of your friends are already library members. Read what they have said about using libraries in Oxford. Then read the text from the Oxfordshire County Council website on the opposite page and decide if what your friends say is true (T) or false (F). Correct the information that is false.
- Foreign students can join the library.
- T
- You can also hire videos and DVDs.
- You can get an application form online.
- You must return CDs after one week or pay extra.
- You can borrow ten books at a time.
- You must take your books to the library if you want them out again.

3 Look at the questions you

F (C) +	- Q-
Oxfordshire County Council	
Join a library	Page 1 of
It's free to join a library. Find out how videos and other media.	to join and borrow books,
Who can join a library?	
Everyone is welcome: adults and childre read books, newspapers or magazines, a organised activities.	
In order to borrow books or to hire video to join the library. Membership is free, a working or studying in Oxfordshire.	
Above all, library services are provided for too old to join the library. Our staff are of from your service. Just ask!	
How to join	
Fill in an application form (available fron provide confirmation of your name, add family allowance book or driving licence.	ress and signature, such as a
How many items you can borrow	
It is usually up to twenty books at any o limits for other media. Please ask for ou videos, DVDs, audio cassettes and CD-R	current leaflet on hiring CDs,
How long you can keep them	
Normally three weeks for books. Other r date of return is stamped on the date la	
If you haven't finished with them	
You can renew books by telephone, post services or at the library unless someone must pay an additional hire charge for o	e else is waiting for them. You
What it costs	
Most services are free. We charge for sp	ecial requests

Did you know ...?

In the English-speaking world there are more than 2,800 public libraries. The Public Libraries Act of 1850 enabled towns in the UK to spend rates (now council tax) on libraries, which anyone in the district could use free of charge. Borrowing has remained free to this day. Libraries are run by local councils, and you can find out about them on council websites.

	wrote in Exercise 1. Does this leaflet answer your questions? Write the answers if you can.
	a
	Ь
	C
4	Select three other pieces of information from the website to tell a friend about the library services. Use your own words.
	V
	If you are living in an English- speaking country, find out about

If you are living in an Englishspeaking country, find out about joining your local library. Some libraries have a section of books for English language students like yourself. Why not find out what is available and borrow one of these books? If you are not living in an English-speaking country, you can still probably borrow English books.

B Paying for library services

- 1 In the text in Section A, you read that borrowing books from libraries is free. Did the website say anything about what you have to pay for?
- 2 Look at the three things on the right (a-c) that libraries ask you to pay for. Imagine you are telling a friend. Complete the sentences in your own words.

а	You have to pay
Ь	You have to pay
С	You have to pay

3 Skim the three leaflets on this page. Match the headings (a-c) in Exercise 2 with the leaflets (1-3). How quickly can you match them?

3	b	C	
	D .	 -	

CHARGES		PRICE BANDS				
PER ITEM		1	2	3	4	5
		yellow spot	green spot	red spot	blue spot	gold star
VIDEO	per week	£1	-	£2	£3	£3.50
DVD	11	£1	T-0	£2	£3	£3.50
CD-ROM		£1	£1.50	£2	£3	-
MUSIC CD	n -	£1	£1.50	£2	£3	-
AUDIO BOO	K per 3 weeks	75p	£1.50	£1.50	-	
LANGUAGE	PACK "	£1	£1.50	=	-	-

The AUDIO BOOK service is FREE to visually impaired people, to people with dyslexia or who have a disability which prevents them from using printed books, and to children in public care.

Up to 5 items in each category may be hired. There are no concessionary rates. Staff reserve the right to exercise discretion in issuing videos and DVDs carrying 12, 15 and 18 certificates.

These hire services are not available in every library. However, items may be obtained through the reservation service, in which case a hire charge is payable in addition to the reservation fee.

OVERDUE CHARGES FOR BOOKS

RESERVATION CHARGES

Ь

2

AUDIO VISUAL HIRE SERVICES

Books may usually be borrowed for three weeks. Fines are charged on books which are kept beyond the date due for return. The purpose of fines is to encourage the prompt return of books in order to ensure that the maximum use is made of the book stock.

Overdue charges will not be applied to books borrowed by readers registered as house-bound or chronically sick and disabled.

The following charges will be made on each book returned late:

	Adults	Under 18s
Per day for first week	15p	5p
2nd week or part week overdue	£1.50	50p
Rising at weekly intervals by	60p	20p
To a maximum of	£6.30	£2.30
A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T

3

Standard rate 70p Concessions 35p (payable when reservation is made)

Concessionary rates apply to persons who are: under 18 years of age chronically sick and disabled

A reservation fee of 70p will be charged to your account if you reserve online unless you are eligible for the concessionary rate. The fee will be payable on your next library visit.

You will be notified by post when your reserved item is available for collection. If you no longer want an item that you have reserved, please contact your local library. It is not possible to cancel a reservation online. We regret that the reservation fee is not refundable.

a This book was due back two days ago. There's 30 pence to pay.	word families Find two or more related
	words in the leaflets on the opposite
b Both DVDs are red spot,	page which start with these letters.
so that's 64.00 They're	
due back a week today. week late. That's £3.00.	adjectives (A)?
	a charges (N) charged (V)
	b disabc hir
d That's 75 pence, and you can have it for three weeks.	d conce
mats 75 perice, and you carrilave it for three weeks.	e res
	f ret
e If you want to reserve the f I'm afraid you	F 1 1: 1 1 0: 1:1
book, it'll cost 70 pence. can't have six CDs.	related to these words. Decide whatw
	part of speech both words are.
	g week (N) weekly (A)
What exactly are the users in Exercise 4 doing? Complete	h print
these sentences.	i pay
a He / She's returning a book which is late.	j follow
b He / She's	k collect
c He / She's	l refund
d He / She's e He / She's	Complete these sentences with six of
f He / Sho's	the words from the leaflets.
110 / 3103	m My glasses weren't ready when I
Scan the leaflets on the opposite page again and underline	went to the optician's, so I had to go
the information which confirms what the members of staff	back the <u>following</u> day.
are saying in Exercise 4.	n There are special seats on buses for elderly and
	people.
Class bonus	o If you've got a student card, you can
Look at the list of overdue charges and audio visual hire services. Write	usually geton
some sentences like sentences a-d in Exercise 4 – but leave out the	ticket prices.
charges. Exchange your sentences with another student. Can you complete	p This ticket is non
your friend's sentences with the correct charges?	– you can't get your money back.
	q Your washing will be ready for
Look at the questions you wrote in Exercise 1 in Section A.	at seven o'clock.
Do these leaflets answer any more of your questions? Write	r I'm seeing Jon on Tuesday for my
the answers in Exercise 3 in Section A if you can.	private lesson.
	明明有有明明的有所有
Can-do checklist	
Tick what you can do.	Can do Need more practice
I can put the sentences of a text into my own words.	1// 1/2017/2/19
I can find out about a library, what I can borrow and what I	

Umit 14. At the sports centre



Get ready to read

 What are these different sports and physical activities? Write the name of each activity.

	divides. Write die ridirie e
a	circuit training
Ь	
C	
d	
e	











How many other sports and physical activities can you name?

0	How many of these sports and physical activities have you tried?
	#100 April 100 A

0	Tick ✓ the sentences that are true for you.
	I don't like sport or physical exercise.
	I do sport or physical exercise more than three times a week.
	I am on a sports team.
	I belong to a sports club.
	I go to the local sports centre.
	I do sport with people I work/study with.

go to Useful language p. 86

A I don't fancy playing

Learning tip

We skim some texts – read quickly to get the general sense. We scan other texts – read quickly to find a particular piece of information. Sometimes we can combine these two approaches to reading: skimming first to get the general sense and then scanning for a specific point.

- 1 Nobu has just started working for a company in Cambridge which has its own sports centre. Skim the noticeboard on the opposite page. Can Nobu only do sports at the sports centre?
- 2 Nobu is interested in doing some physical exercise. Scan the noticeboard and answer these questions.

a	Which activities are weekly classes?
Ь	Which sports activity is not a class?
C	Which notice is for a class that might take place?

3 What could Nobu do at lunchtimes? Scan the noticeboard again and write short notes.

4 Someone has told Nobu that there is football once a week. Answer Nobu's questions about football in no more than three words.

a	Which day is it?
Ь	At what time?

- c Who should he contact for more information?
- 5 Nobu is not sure that he is good enough to play football. Read the same notice again.

 <u>Underline</u> the words in these sentences so that they are true.
 - a The notice mentions / doesn't mention how good you need to be.
 - b He would have to play / wouldn't have to play if he went along this week.



The Sports Centre

Algerian cultural night

Featuring the Rai band Nassim

Friday 5th May at 7pm

in the Sports Centre

Tickets are available from Rashid Amrani (ext 6721) and cost £10 which includes traditional Algerian buffet.

All proceeds to be donated to victims of the recent Algerian earthquake.

Place: Sports Centre Date: Thursday 4th May Time: 6:30 – 9:30pm Fee: £10 per person New Salsa Workshop!

Clothing: comfortable shoes and loose clothes

Bring plenty of water (energy snacks will be provided)

The workshop will give a thorough grounding in all basic salsa moves, and hopes to bring people up to a beginner – intermediate level.

No need to bring a partner.

For further information please contact Maria-José Luque on Ext. 6266



Yoga continues

A course of 5 lunchtime sessions for anyone, whether new to yoga or with some experience.

When: Monday 12.30 - 1.30pm

Where: Sports Centre - Squash court 2

Instructor: Sissel Fowler

Cost: £20 for 5 sessions

To make a booking or a query: please contact Jane Norman – Ext 7543. If you have questions about style or strength of the yoga, please email sissel@virgin.net.

Aerobics Class with Pam Eyton - Wednesday Lunchtimes

Wednesday lunchtimes from 12.30pm – 1.15pm in Squash Court 2.

Price £3 per session. All abilities welcome.

For further information please contact Judy Shakespeare on ext. 3342

Circuit training

Why not try a circuit class? It involves no coordination!

A fun overall body workout and you can work to your own level

At the Sports Centre in Squash Court 2 from 12.15pm - 1.00pm, every Thursday

£3.00 per person per class

For more information, please contact Alan McLean on ext. 2145

MIXED 5-A-SIDE FOOTBALL

MIXED FOOTBALL ON THE ASTROTURF EVERY
TUESDAY 4.30PM TO SPM. EVERYONE WELCOME.
IF YOU DON'T FANCY PLAYING, WHY NOT COME
ALONG AND WATCH?

CONTACT JOHN CURRIE ON EXT 2347

Pilates

Would you like to strengthen, lengthen and realign your body?

Do you need to improve your posture, body shape and sports performance?

Could you participate in an exercise method that links the mind and the body?

If so, Pilates could be for you. If you're interested in taking part in lunchtime

Pilates lessons in the Sports Centre, please contact Richard Hammond on ext 4351.

Focus on ... -ing forms 1

Words ending in *ing* which are formed from verbs can be verbs, nouns or adjectives. The word *featuring* in the Algerian cultural night notice is a verb – it comes from the verb *feature* which means 'include someone or something as an important part'.

a	Find six more -ing	forms in the	notices.	Decide if	each	word	is part	of a
	verb (V) or a noun							

Complete these sentences with the words above. Some of the words can be both verbs and nouns. Decide if each word is a verb (V) or a noun (N).

- b I haven't been playing much tennis recently. V
- c I'm interested in _____ a tennis court.
- d The race is next week. I've spent ages ______ for it.
- e The course gave me a good ______ in posture and body shape. ____
- f Make sure you bring warm _____ for the walk. ____ g Do you fancy _____ part in a 10-kilometre run for charity? ____

6 What sports activity would you do if you worked for the same company as Nobu? Would you be interested in any of the other activities?

Class bonus

Work with a partner. One of you has just joined the company and the other is the sports centre manager. Ask and answer questions about the notices on the noticeboard.

B It's a racquet game

- 1 Look at the photograph on the right. What is this sport? Have you ever played it?
- 2 Nobu has never played squash, but he would like to try. Scan the sports centre notice and answer these questions.
 - a Is it possible for him to try this new sport? yes b When?_____
 - c Where?____ d Could he have lessons?
 - ______ e When?_____
 - f Where? g How much would they cost?

Squash Club at the Sports Centre

New members and new players of all abilities are always welcome Friday evening is squash club night from 5,30pm onwards - come and join us in the Sports Centre for a game and a drink.

For further information please contact first team captain Arthur Smith on ext 5381

Squash Coaching at the Sports Centre

Are you interested in participating in Squash Coaching Sessions? All standards are welcome.

Rachel Brookes is a fully qualified England Squash Level 2 Coach and will be offering her services to staff and selected guests as a squash coach in the

Times of coaching sessions are flexible. For instance, they could be offered at lunchtimes and straight after work, depending on demand. Individual coaching sessions or group sessions could be arranged. Prices will be £20 per hour for one person, and £5 extra for each additional person.



3 Nobu also sees an advert for real tennis. He asks himself the same questions as in Exercise 2. Find the answers to the questions.



Real Tennis

A compelling opportunity this summer at Grange Road, Cambridge

Your chance to enjoy Real Tennis, the king of racquet sports, starts on 6th July with the World Champion.

6.30pm - 8.00pm, 6 July

A wonderful introductory evening with Rob Fahey, world champion and widely regarded as the greatest player ever. Including an exciting exhibition match: The World Champion vs The British Amateur Champion, David Woodman.

Plus ... Your turn to play

Friendly expert coaching during a two-hour group lesson to give you the basics, provided by the club's team of first-class professionals at a time to suit you this summer, with racquets and balls provided. It's indoors, so there is no chance of being rained off!

A lasting memento

A copy of the fascinating book Real Tennis in Cambridge: The First Six Hundred Years to help you to appreciate the place of the game in our great city.

The Real Tennis Club

- · Racquets and balls provided
- · Ladies' morning
- Teams of all standards competing in national competitions - and winning!
- Club tournaments and club nights suitable for all

Why not become part of this intriguing, rewarding and entertaining world?

Come and try this fascinating sport this summer - by yourself, with friends, or as a family. All are welcome.

Extraordinary value

The whole introductory package - introductory evening, book, and group lesson - is just £50 per person. For further information or to book your place, contact Manuel Simpson, Head Professional, tel: 01223 357141 email: mani@curtc.net

4 What are the similarities between the squash club and the real tennis club? What are the differences? Complete the chart.

Similarities	Differences
both clubs have club nights	
	SECTION OF THE SECTIO

Focus on ... -ing forms 2

The word *compelling* in the first line of the real tennis advert is an adjective. Find the other adjectives ending in *—ing* in the advertisement. Complete the words.

1	а	е	X	c	i	t	i	n	9
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

- b f______
- c i_____
- d r_____
- e e_____
- 2 Match the beginnings and endings of these sentences.
 - a I had to finish the book in one go \
 - b The film made me laugh c Learning English is hard work –
 - d I love films about real people –
 - e I've always been interested in chess -
- 1 it's quite an intriguing game.
- 2 but it's also very rewarding.
- 3 it is so compelling.
 - 4 it was quite entertaining.
- 5 I find them absolutely fascinating.

Which three adjectives in the exercise above mean 'very, very interesting'?

5 Would you rather try squash at the sports club or real tennis at Grange Road? Why?

Did you know ...?

Real tennis is also called royal or court tennis. It is a game played indoors with racquets and balls and a net in an area which looks like a courtyard. It was very popular with royalty and nobility in the 16th century. Today there are only about 45 real tennis courts in the world. The more modern game of tennis (or lawn tennis) quickly became more popular than real tennis at the beginning of the twentieth century. Modern tennis took on the same system of scoring, where zero is 'love' and one is 'fifteen'.

E tra practice

Find out more about squash or real tennis. Do some research in a library or on the Internet. You could try www.wisegeek.com or www.real-tennis.nl.

Can-do checklist

Tick what you can do.

I can use a variety of approaches when reading texts.

I can read advertisements on a noticeboard and decide what I am interested in.

I can find out about taking up a new sport and having lessons.

Can do

Need more practice

Umit15 I'd like to work here



	Get ready to read	a	b
0	Which of these things are the most important to you in a job? Put them in order. (1 = most important, 6 = least important) colleagues holidays hours location pay training and development opportunities		
0	Look at these products. What are they? a books d b e	Same e	f
0	Imagine you decide to get a job in a shop. Which of the products in the pictures would you be interested in selling?		0

go to Useful language p. 86

A Job profiles

1 In this unit you are going to read some texts from a company website. Scan the webpage below and complete these sentences.



"Working in HMV at Christmas was the best temporary job I have ever had."

assistant manager "Working at HMV is different every day. It is challenging but very satisfying."

"HMV is a great employer, pays well and offers new career opportunities each year and of course you get to sell music."

"I have never worked for a better company. I have a great relationship with the store team both in work and socially."



"I would recommend the Trainee Store Management Programme to anyone currently running their own store, who would prefer to be working in the music industry.'

2 Skim what the people say on the webpage. Do they like working for this company?

Learning tip

When you are reading, you can use either a dictionary with English and your language or a dictionary which has definitions in English. The main advantage of using this second type of dictionary is that you are working in English all the time. Another benefit is they contain lots of examples of how words are used.

3 Scan the webpage and find the words in italics. Do you know what they mean? There is not much context to help you, so if you do not know the meaning of the words, use the entries below from the Cambridge Learner's English Dictionary.

> benefit¹ /benifit/ noun [C, U] 1 something that helps you or gives you an advantage I've had the benefit of a happy childhood.

> bonus //bounss/ noun [C] 1 an extra amount of money that you are given, especially because you have worked hard All employees received a bonus of £500.

> career¹ /kɔ²rɪɔ²/ noun [C] 1 a job that you do for a long period of your life and that gives you the chance to move to a higher position and earn more money a successful career in marketing

o-company /'kamponi/ noun 1 BUSINESS [C] an organization which sells goods or services a software/telephone company

employee /im'ploii:/ noun [C] someone who is paid to work for a person or company

o-loss /los/ noun 1 NOT HAVING [C, U] when you do not have someone or something that you had before, or when you have less of something than before loss of income/nemory o blood/hair/weight loss o job losses

•-product/prodakt/noun[C] 1 something that is made or grown to be sold They have a new range of skin-care products.

pension¹ / penson/ noun [C] money that is paid regularly by the government or a private company to a person who has stopped working because they are old or ill

retail¹ /'risted/ noun [U] when products are sold to customers from shops jobs in retail

seasonal //sizanal/adjective happening or existing only at a particular time of the year a seasonal worker o the seasonal migration of birds

Stock¹ /stok/ noun 1 5HOP [U] all the goods that are available in a shop We're expecting some new stock in this afternoon.

o-structure¹ /'straktfə'/ noun 1 [C, U] the way that parts of something are arranged or put together

temporary /temperori/ adjective existing or happening for only a short or limited time a temporary job

Focus on ...

The words *job* and *work* are often confused by students of English. <u>Underline</u> the correct word in each sentence. Then check your answers in the webpage on the opposite page.

a 'Working in HMV at Christmas was the best temporary job / work I have ever had.'

b 'I have a great relationship with the store team both in job / work and socially.'

Complete these sentences with job, jobs or work. Note that work is uncountable – you cannot say a work.

- c I've got a new _____ in the personnel department.
- d Hundreds of people might lose their _____.
- e I go to _____ by public transport.
- f Teaching must be an interesting
- 4 Skim the webpage again. In which job are you most likely to sell directly to customers?
- 5 Look at the webpage below. Use the dictionary entries again if you need to. In your opinion, what are the most important benefits of working for this company? (1 = most important, 6 = least important) Write the numbers in the boxes.

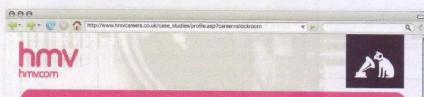
999	
(http://www.hmvcareers.co.uk/store_careers/benefits.as
hmv	

store careers: benefits

- a One of the highest rates of pay in retail
- b Quarterly bonus scheme
- c 30% product discount
- d 23 days paid holiday we ask that you don't take holidays in December, our busiest time of year
- e Company pension scheme
- f Structured development and training
- 6 Scan the first webpage again. Answer these questions about benefits.
 - a Which benefits does the stockroom assistant mention?
 - b Which of the benefits do the other employees mention?
- 7 Would you like to work for HMV? Why? / Why not?

B There are jobs available

1 In this section, you are going to read two job profiles. Look at the job titles. What do you think people with these job titles do?



stockroom assistant



Liam joined as a Christmas temp in the stockroom in Putney, where he quickly learned about processing stock during our busiest period. He then joined HMV Wimbledon, focusing on customer returns, maintaining stock levels, arranging for faulty and overstocked product to be returned. Liam now plans to attend the Fast Track Academy.

"Working at HMV is great, the people are really friendly and of course everyone has music in common. Although I have always been interested in music, my knowledge is now far

10 wider as I see all the product as it arrives in the store. HMV pays well and we get bonuses based on customer service and sales every three months. The discount is also fantastic, but I probably use it too much!"





Natalie already had retail experience, but joined HMV Leicester to work with a product she loves – films. Natalie spent the Christmas period on a temporary contract, but had fitted in so well she decided to accept a permanent position managing the video section.

"When I joined Leicester everyone made me feel really welcome. It was easy to fit into the team of permanent staff and I was quickly invited out to enjoy the social

element of the job as well. Working in HMV at Christmas was the best temporary job I've ever had. It was good to help the customers find their purchases and they really appreciated my help. The pay is good for both temporary and permanent staff and the discount is fantastic! I was keen to stay in HMV and accept a permanent role, as I have seen how quickly others progress, as HMV believes in promoting from within."

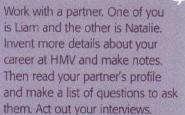
- 2 Read the two profiles. Which of the people do these sentences describe? It could be Liam, Natalie or both of them. Circle one or both words.
 - a He/She started work at HMV as a temporary seasonal employee.
 - b He / She still works in the same store.
 - c He / She is now a manager.
 - d He / She gets on really well with the other staff.
 - e He / She is less interested in music than films.
 - f He / She buys things from HMV.

3	Look at the sentences in
	Exercise 2 which describe
	only one of the people.
	Decide why these sentences
	are not true for the other
	person and write true
	sentences.

Liam

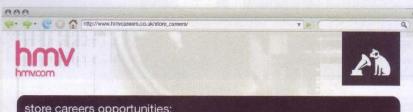
- 4 Read the profiles again. Write your answers to these questions.
 - a When exactly is HMV's busiest period? (lines 3–4)
 - b Overstocked product has to be returned. Where do you think it has to be returned to? (lines 6–7)
 - c Natalie had *retail experience*. What do you think this means? (line 1)
 - d What is the *social element* of the job? (line 9)

Class bonus



е
t

6 Look at the list of positions. Select the role you would be most interested in.



store careers opportunities:

As the leading music, DVD and games retailer in the UK and Ireland we are looking for bright, energetic and committed individuals.

We can offer you excellent pay and benefits, as well as structured training and development that can lead to exciting career opportunities within our stores. Nearly all of our Team Leaders, Assistant Managers and Store Managers have been promoted internally through our structured Development and Fast Track programmes.

The following positions are all available at HMV; please select the role you are interested in for further information:

- Temporary Seasonal Employee
- Sales Assistant (Full-time and weekend)
- Loss Prevention Officer
- Stockroom Assistant
- Cash Office Assistant (Full-time and part-time)

Did you know ...?

HMV stands for 'His Master's Voice' and is the name of a painting by Francis Barraud. Originally HMV was known as the Gramophone Company; it was started in 1898, to import gramophones and gramophone records from Germany into Britain. By the end of the year, it was making its own recordings. The company bought the picture, asked Barraud to repaint the gramophone so that the dog was listening to one of its own gramophones, and has used the image ever since as a logo.

tra practice

Read the texts in Section B again. Try and work out the meaning of any words you do not know. If you can't work out their meaning, look for help in a dictionary with English definitions.

Can-do checklist

Tick what you can do.

I can use a dictionary with English definitions to find out the meaning of words.

I can find out about jobs and benefits on a company website.

I can choose a job I am interested in.

Can do Need more practice

Umit16 Just the job!



Get ready to read Imagine you need to change job or get a job. How would you try and find a job? Tick ✓ the methods you would use. I'd ask my friends if there were any opportunities where they worked. I'd write to companies I'd like to work for. I'd look at adverts in the newspaper. I'd search on the Internet. I'd look at adverts in shop windows. I'd go into places and ask about work opportunities. Imagine you are studying in York (perhaps you are!). What kind of job would you look for if you needed some extra money? Complete the sentence. I'd like to be / work	
go to Useful language p. 86	Did you know? If something is <i>just the job</i> , it is exactly what you
A Can you start immediately? Blanca is from Argentina. It is the end of June and she is studying English in York. She is hoping to find a job for two or three hours a day. She thinks she might be able to use her first language. What is her first language? Tick / one of the boxes. a Italian b Portuguese c Spanish C Spanish Learning tip We often scan a text - look at it quickly - to find the part of the text which is most useful to us. We can then ignore the rest of the text and focus on the important part. We read the important part slowly, and we probably read some words/phrases/sentences more than once in order to understand the details.	want or need. If you say something is just the job, you are probably not talking about work! A cup of coffee in the morning, for example, could be just the job if you are tired, thirsty or bored! 3 Read the last two advertisements carefully. Which advertisement gives the following information? a the name of the company/person offering the job 8 b the money you will earn c the number of hours a week you will work d the time of day when you'll be working e the phone number of the contact person 4 Blanca decides that the two jobs are no good for her. Imagine you are Blanca. Write a list of the possible reasons why the jobs are no good. I don't want to work from home. I want to mix with other people.
Scan the advertisements from a newspaper on the opposite page. Are there any jobs in which Blanca could use her first language? Which jobs?	5 Blanca decides to read the other advertisements. What exactly are the jobs? 1 Library Assistant 4 2 5 3 6

Fulford Library

has a vacancy for a Saturday Library Assistant Two Saturdays per month

9.30am - 1.00pm

We are also looking for someone to work alternate Thursday afternoons 2–5pm

Starting salary £7.18 per hour Application forms available at the counter

Closing date 9 July

Administrator, Publishing in Clifton

£6.50 p/hr (3 hrs a day - mornings, Monday to Friday)

Large publishing organisation seeks an enthusiastic and committed team member to provide basic administration support, deal with post, distribute post and payslips, organise travel accommodation for the team. You will have previous experience using Word, Excel and Outlook.

CVs to j.lawrie@actionrecruit.co.uk

IT Technician

(Non-teaching)

Required to support the ICT department and the school network, a well motivated IT technician. Applicants offering full-time, flexitime or part-time hours will be welcome.

Letter of application, full CV and details of two referees should be sent to the Headmistress by the closing date of Friday 22nd July.

THE ORATORY SCHOOL OUSEBURN TERRACE YORK YO2O 4EE

Telephone: 01904 241291 – email: headmistress@oratoryork.org

Further details available on the website: www.oratoryork.org

Temporary gardeners needed, July - end September

Minimum period: 4 weeks 40 hours a week, flexible working hours No previous knowledge or experience needed, training given

8

Apply

Poppleton Garden Centre, York 01904 347652 Seasonal workers needed for fruit picking and packing Accommodation provided, good rates of pay Phone 01423 783565

We need happy, hardworking bar and floor staff. Part-time or full-time, evenings and weekends. Good tips and good fun. Call Chris or Gail on 09675 433423

Can you read Spanish? Familiar with Microsoft Office?

11 hours per week from home £7.69 per hour 01904 408305

Hotel receptionist required evenings: experience and knowledge with both fluent English and one foreign language. Enquiries@ marlborohotel.co.uk

6 <u>Underline</u> these words in the advertisements. What do you think they mean?

- a full-time, part-time, flexitime
- b temporary, seasonal

Focus on ... vocabulary

There are lots of useful words in the first three advertisements about applying for jobs. Complete the definitions of some of the words.

- a A <u>vacancy</u> is a job that is available.
- b Your _____ is a fixed amount of money that you get from your employer.
- c An _____ is a document that you use officially to ask for a job.
- d The _____ is the last day on which you can apply for a job.
- e Your ______ is a document describing your qualifications and the jobs that you have done, which you send to an employer that you want to work for.
- f A ______ is someone who knows you well and writes a letter to say if you are suitable for a job.

7	Some advertisements do not include the
	words in Exercise 6. Which of the words
	could you use to describe the jobs in those
	advertisements?

1 Fulford Library Assistant = part-time

8

	***************************************	 •••••
	apply for th	mplete the

- a You apply for jobs _____ in writing.
 b You phone someone about jobs _____.
- 9 Which of the jobs would be good for these people? Write the job numbers. (Sometimes more than one job would be good.)
 - a someone who likes being outdoors 4, 5
 - b someone who is doing a full-time English course
 - c someone who knows a lot about computers _____
 - d someone who only wants to work a few hours a month

B I'm going to apply

details of other jobs details about your he		e details about your hobbies and interests f the names of two referees g your reasons for thinking you would be good at the joh your reasons for wanting to work for the company			A TOWNS AND A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PART
		CALLED TO	THE BAR		
Called To The Bar opened i help us to do this. If you're			rs with fine food and wine.	We are always looki	ng for staff who can
Please complete the follow			ested in hearing from you.		
POSITION APPLIED FOR				Ful	l-time Part-time
What do you think you car	n bring to Called To The	Bar?			
					(Mr / Mrs / Ms / Miss)
				Postcode	
Telephone number National Insurance Number			Do you have a valid work pe		
A Company					
			VIOUS EMPLOYMENT, CO	OVERING THE LAS	
Name and address of Employer	Dates employed from / until	Position Held	Duties	FT/PT	Reason for leaving
PI FASE AN	NSWER THE FOLLOW	ING OUESTIONS /	ick the correct answer and		mlicable)
PERIOD	YES	1	PERIOD	YES	
Lunchtimes	115		Weekends	TES	NO
Evenings			Public Holidays		
 How will you travel to v Do you have experience (If YES, please give deta 	work? e and/or qualifications r	elevant to this busines	ss? YES 🔲 NO 🗀		
3 Which, if any, additional			to carry out your duties? e.		
700000000000000000000000000000000000000	you have outside work?				***************************************
4 What commitments do	A - market a manager of second				
What commitments do		EQUAL OPPO			
It is the policy of Called To ethnic or national origin, densure the effectiveness of	The Bar that there shall isability, political or reliour Equal Opportunitie is section and it will not by you belong.	EQUAL OPPO be no discrimination gious beliefs, and that s policy, it would be o affect your chances of		e given to all emplo k the appropriate b	yees. In order to ox. It is not, however,
It is the policy of Called To ethnic or national origin, densure the effectiveness of compulsory to complete the ethnic/racial group to which Afro-Caribbean Asian	The Bar that there shall isability, political or reliour Equal Opportunitie is section and it will not by you belong.	be no discrimination gious beliefs, and that s policy, it would be o affect your chances of Other	in respect of sex, marital stategual opportunities shall be f great help if you would tick of selection if you choose not selection if you choose not oppose the contract of t	e given to all emplo k the appropriate b t to do so. Please tic	yees. In order to ox. It is not, however, k the appropriate
It is the policy of Called To ethnic or national origin, densure the effectiveness of compulsory to complete the ethnic/racial group to which Afro-Caribbean Asian PLEASE GIVI	The Bar that there shall isability, political or reli our Equal Opportunitie is section and it will not by you belong. European White	EQUAL OPPO be no discrimination gious beliefs, and that s policy, it would be o affect your chances o Other DRESS OF TWO PEO (WORK-RELATE)	RTUNITIES in respect of sex, marital st. equal opportunities shall be f great help if you would tick of selection if you choose not oppose the possible of the possible.	e given to all emplo k the appropriate b t to do so. Please tic ACTED FOR A RE Telephone	yees. In order to ox. It is not, however, k the appropriate FERENCE
It is the policy of Called To ethnic or national origin, densure the effectiveness of compulsory to complete the ethnic/racial group to which Afro-Caribbean Asian PLEASE GIVI Name Address Name	The Bar that there shall isability, political or reli our Equal Opportunitie is section and it will not by you belong. European White	EQUAL OPPO be no discrimination gious beliefs, and that s policy, it would be o affect your chances o Other DRESS OF TWO PEO (WORK-RELATE)	RTUNITIES in respect of sex, marital statequal opportunities shall be figured the figure of selection if you would tick of selection if you choose not oppose the who can be conto if possible.	e given to all emplo k the appropriate be t to do so. Please tic ACTED FOR A RE	yees. In order to ox. It is not, however, k the appropriate FERENCE
It is the policy of Called To ethnic or national origin, densure the effectiveness of compulsory to complete the ethnic/racial group to which Afro-Caribbean Asian PLEASE GIVI Name Address Name	The Bar that there shall isability, political or reli our Equal Opportunitie is section and it will not the you belong. European White	EQUAL OPPO be no discrimination gious beliefs, and that s policy, it would be o affect your chances o Other DRESS OF TWO PEC (WORK-RELATE)	RTUNITIES in respect of sex, marital st. equal opportunities shall be f great help if you would tick of selection if you choose not selection if you choose not of the WHO CAN BE CONTO IF POSSIBLE)	e given to all emplo k the appropriate be t to do so. Please tic ACTED FOR A RE	yees. In order to ox. It is not, however, k the appropriate FERENCE
It is the policy of Called To ethnic or national origin, densure the effectiveness of compulsory to complete the ethnic/racial group to which Afro-Caribbean Asian PLEASE GIVE Name Address Name Address Understand that any inacces	The Bar that there shall isability, political or reliour Equal Opportunitie is section and it will not the you belong. European White THE NAME AND ADD THE NAME AND ADD	EQUAL OPPO be no discrimination gious beliefs, and that s policy, it would be o affect your chances of Other DRESS OF TWO PEC (WORK-RELATE) PLEASE COMPLETE the information I have	RTUNITIES in respect of sex, marital st. equal opportunities shall be f great help if you would tick of selection if you choose not selection if you choose not of the WHO CAN BE CONTO IF POSSIBLE)	e given to all emplo k the appropriate be t to do so. Please tic ACTED FOR A RE Telephone	yees. In order to ox. It is not, however, k the appropriate FERENCE

Skim the application form on the opposite page. What kind of vacancies do you think this company might have? Complete the sentence. There might be vacancies for	5 What things does the application form tell you about? Complete the sentences. a It tells you about		
Which of the things in Exercise 1 does the application form ask for? Put the things in the order they are mentioned. 1	6 Choose the job you would most like to do for Called To The Bar and complete the application form. You may need to continue some parts – previous employment, for example – on another piece of paper.		
What other things does the form ask about? Why do you think it asks about these things?	(2) Sept 1: Lead Copy in your part of the head got the		
Complete the sentences. a It asks about when exactly you can work (lunchtimes,	Did you know?		
evenings, etc.)	The Commission for Racial Equality (CRE) is a public organization in the UK which deals with racial		
because Called To The Bar needs to know when you'll be available to work	discrimination and promotes racial equality. It was set up to enforce the Race Relations		
b It asks about	Act of 1976.		
because Called To The Bar needs to know			
	E tra practice		
c It asks about	Find out the meaning of to be called to the Bar from a		
because Called To The Bar needs to know	dictionary. How many other meanings of bar are there?		
d It asks about	Class bonus		
because Called To The Bar needs to know	Give your completed application form to another student. Check your partner's form for mistakes. Then discuss your forms together. Whose answers are better, do you think?		
e It asks about	ionals logether. Whose answers are better, do you traine:		
because Called To The Bar needs to know			
*			

	ARREAREMENTARES		
Can-do checklist			
Tick what you can do.	Can do Need more practice		
I can skim a page of advertisements in a newspaper to find out which ones are most useful to me.			
I can understand job advertisements and choose a job which			
suits me.			

Review2 Units 12-16



A Are these statements true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 Information is the only thing you can get from reading a text. _____ (Unit 12)
- 2 If you have to understand a difficult piece of text, try and put the sentences into your own words. (Unit 13)
- 3 You usually skim a text before you scan it. ____ (Unit 14)
- 4 You often find lots of examples in a dictionary which has translations in your own language. (Unit 15)
- 5 Once you have identified the important part of a text, you will only need to read it again quickly.
 (Unit 16)
- B Now read the *Learning tips* for Units 12–16 on pages 90–91. Do you want to change any of your answers in Exercise A?
- C Skim the five texts on these pages. Decide which text these people would read. Write the letter of the text in the box.
 - 6 someone who wants to do some exercise
 - 7 someone who applied for a job
 - 8 someone who wants to find a job
 - 9 someone who wants to send an email
 - 10 someone who wants to check their spelling

Text A

1 -able

- Add –able to words which make sense on their own.
 able + drink = drinkable
 able + adapt = adaptable
- b Use—able after a hard "c" or hard "g".
 educable navigable amicable [The "c" and "g" here are hard letters.]
- c Drop the "e" when you add –able to a word that ends in "e". value + able = valuable

2 -ihle

- a Add—ible to letters that do not make sense on their own.
 sens + ible = sensible
 vis + ible = visible
- b Add –ible to most words with "s" or "ss" before the ending. responsible permissible
- C Use –ible after a soft "c" or soft "g".

 legible eligible invincible [The "g" and "c" here are soft letters.]

Text B

Length of stay

In fairness to all, use of library computers is limited to a maximum of 60 minutes per user per day, subject to availability. Use of some computers is restricted to 15 or 30 minute sessions, and on these computers the daily maximum may be spread over more than one session. If nobody else is waiting, staff may at their discretion allow you to stay on a computer for longer than the allotted time, but you must leave it once it is required by another user. You must leave your computer at the end of your allotted time and when requested to do so by library staff. Booking systems are in operation at many libraries.

Before you leave your terminal, you must click on the 'End Session' icon, and follow the simple onscreen instructions. This clears all your work from the computer. If you do not do this, your work may be viewed by the next user.

Please note that computers will be unavailable for the last 15 minutes before the library closes.

Use of computers is free of charge, but printing costs 20p per A4 sheet (black or colour). Please click on the Print button only if you wish to buy a print.

Text C

Oasis Sports Centre

Bookings and cancellations – Members can book most activities up to six days in advance. Non-members can book most activities up to five days in advance but must pay at the time of booking. 48 hours notice is required for cancellations. Failure to comply or no-shows will result in the full charge being made.

Personal Belongings – Bags are not allowed in activity areas and must not be left unattended.

Lockers – Lockers are available for your belongings at all centres. £1 refundable, £0.20 non-refundable.

Facilities include:

Indoor/Outdoor Swimming Pool Fitness Centre Group Exercise Classes Squash Café

Opening hours

Monday – Friday 6.30am – 10pm Saturday – Sunday 9.30am – 6.00pm Text D

Job Title	Administrator	
Salary/Rate	£7.67 per hour	
Location	Liverpool	
Job Type	TEMP	
Job reference	4475432	
SEND TO A FRIEN	D ADD TO BASKET	APPLY FOR JOB
Description		
	ndividual with a livel	

responsibilities include: entering information into database, filing and photocopying, taking calls and basic administrative tasks. Applicants must be

E

G

H

c Lots of people applied for the job.d Working at Wright's is very hard.

f She has already got another job. g There is another job available at Wright's.

h Lucia didn't get the job.

e Lucia did not have the right qualifications.

available for an immediate start and be IT literate.

Canteen, free parking

Text E

Dear Ms Maldini,

APPOINTMENT OF JUNIOR SALES ASSISTANT

Thank you very much for attending an interview last week.

We had an enormous response to our advertisement. This meant that it was very hard to choose just one person from the many applicants, yourself included, who had the experience, qualifications and personality we were looking for.

We wish you every success in finding a suitable position. If, in the future, we advertise another vacancy, please feel free to apply. We will be very happy to consider your application.

Yours sincerely,

Kylie Graham (Mrs)
PERSONNEL MANAGER, WRIGHT'S STORE

WC	ad the rules in Text A. Tick \(\simet) the correct ord in each pair. You will find only two of the ords in the text.
	sensable sensible valueable valueable
	payable payible impossable impossable
col	riend tells you about using the library mputers. Read Text B and decide if what ur friend says is true (T) or false (F).
15	Sometimes you can only use a computer for quarter of an hour.
16	If nobody is waiting to use a computer, you can use it for an extra hour.
17	You must click on the 'End Session' icon before you begin work.
18	If you click on the print button, you will have to pay 20p
and fol	ad Text C. You have joined the sports centre d you decide to book a squash court for the lowing Sunday. Answer the questions. Write o or three words.
20	What's the earliest time you can play?
22	Can you have something to eat after your match?
sor	ad the advertisement (Text D). Here are ne sentences about Gabi Zilliken. Is the job table for her? Write (Y) yes or (N) no.
	She is looking for a permanent job She does not like using the telephone
25	She has just arrived in Liverpool and has not got a
26	job She has lots of experience using a computer
the	agine you are Lucia Maldini and you received letter (Text E). Which of these sentences are e? Write the letters in the boxes.
27-	-30
	The job on offer was in a shop. Lucia was interviewed last week.

Appendix 1 Useful language



This section contains a list of words which are important for carrying out the reading tasks for each unit. You can use the list in three ways.

- 1 You can look at the list before you begin the unit and make sure that you understand the meaning of the words by looking them up in a dictionary.
- 2 You can look at the list before you begin the unit, but try and work out the meaning of the words when you meet them in the unit.
- 3 You can look at the list when you have completed the unit and check that you understand the words.

When you start using the book, you may prefer to use the list in the first way. However, you will find each word in one of the texts, and the context – the words around the unknown

word — will help you to work out its meaning. As you develop your reading skills, you will probably realise that it is not necessary to look at the list before you begin the unit. You may already know some of the words; you will be able to work out others from the text or the task.

Each list is a record of the vocabulary of the unit. You can use it as a checklist when you have completed the unit. There is space after each word to write a translation in your own language or an English expression using the word. Mark each word that you understand and can use with a highlighter pen.

There is also space below the wordlist for you to write other words from the unit which are important to you. Look at *Appendix 3* for ideas on what to record for each word.

Unit 1

keading A
(be within) easy reach expression
takeaway noun (+ adjective)
stationer's noun
store noun
branch noun
branch noun
launderette noun
dry cleaner's noun
optician's noun
bike rental (store) noun

Reading B
prescription noun
maintenance (check) noun
(For) further information expression
(on a) voluntary (basis) adjective
(on a) voluntary (basis) adjective
responsibility (for) noun
donation noun

			1.6	-	all the
1111	15	NE	ic	31	
W	I II	и.		L.	de.
\sim	1	46	10	-31	

	eading A
D.	acket nounackage noun
P	conomical (also economic) adjective
(r	non-)urgent adjective

R	eading B
	oods plural noun
CC	ommercial (samples) <i>adjective</i>
CL	ustoms plural noun
	rm noun
	ft noun
	alue noun
	amphlet noun

Umit3	Unit5
Reading A	Reading A
dance show expression	ingredients noun
musical noun	speciality noun
hit noun	savoury adjective
performance noun	slice noun
(international) tour noun	grilled adjective
tap (dancer) expression	batter noun
globe noun	mixture noun
tenor noun	order noun
	fried adjective
production noun	fried, adjective
ovation noun	garnish noun
	tender adjective
	export verb
Reading B	
concession noun	
bank holiday noun	Reading B
booking fee expression	chalk board noun
box office noun	enormous adjective
discount noun	reasonably priced expression
membership noun	
***************************************	***************************************

	Unit 6
Unit 4	Reading A
	downtown noun
Reading A	(no) curfew noun
restriction noun	overall adjective
cosmetics plural noun	rating noun
toiletry noun	atmosphere noun
gel noun	budget noun
paste noun	kiosk noun
sharp adjective	laundry noun
dispose of phrasal verb	bed linen noun
cabin baggage noun	accommodation noun
obscure verb	decommodation nodn
destination noun	
departure lounge noun	
consume verb	
acquire verb	Reading B
	valid adjective
	no-show noun
	charge verb
Reading B	process verb
	refund verb
customs plural noun	balance noun
declare verb	due adjective
prosecute verb	fee noun
allowance noun	in advance expression
	confirmation noun
	outstanding adjective
***************************************	0 -7

Appendix Useful language

Umit? Umite9 Reading A Reading A cable car noun graze noun _____ cableway noun _____ treatment noun aerial adjective _____ germ noun self-service adjective bacteria noun wound noun infected adjective _____ disposable (gloves) adjective sterile adjective swab noun * ------antiseptic (wipes) adjective _____ Reading B plaster noun revolving adjective bandage noun _____ stability noun _____ casualty noun _____ injured adjective Wmitt8 Reading B Reading A injury noun package noun condition noun text verb make your own arrangements expression _____ download verb dislocation noun unlimited adjective frustrating adjective _____ network noun -----broadband noun landline noun _____ off-peak adjective Umitt 10 Reading A Reading B cure verb fear noun ____ charge noun cosmetic surgery noun ____ charge verb rate of exchange expression suspension noun award verb dial (direct) verb go under the knife expression _____ incoming adjective unsightly adjective ____ prompt noun _____ operator noun cyst noun _____ fault noun hearing aid (set) noun cash noun

Reading B	Reading B
ban verb	wavy adjective
into the red expression	flag verb
account noun	activate verb
overdrawn adjective	shortcut noun
debit card noun	customize verb
(bank) statement noun	acronym noun
debt noun	autocorrect noun
clear a debt expression	misspell verb
common sense noun	
in line with expression	A
trigger verb	
(news)paper round noun	
	Unit 13
	Reading A
	browse verb
Unit 11	application form noun
	confirmation noun
Reading A	family allowance book noun
abbreviation noun	borrow verb
'smiley' noun	current adjective
	hire verb
	renew verb
Reading B	Reading B
inbox noun	overdue adjective
give up verb	reservation (fee) noun
work out verb	visually impaired expression
unable adjective	disability noun
link noun	public care expression
***************************************	concessionary rate noun
***************************************	discretion noun
***************************************	issue noun
	fine noun
***************************************	registered adjective
	eligible adjective
Unit 12	notify verb
Reading A	refundable <i>adjective</i>
individual adjective	***************************************

Appendix Useful language

Reading B **Umit** 14 available adjective Reading A process verb (not) fancy verb focus on phrasal verb cultural night noun ____ faulty adjective _____ buffet noun overstocked adjective ____ workshop noun leading adjective _____ grounding noun _____ committed adjective experience noun promote verb query noun _____ gramophone noun _____ circuit training noun 1 coordination noun Astroturf noun realign verb _____ posture noun _____ participate in phrasal verb **Wmit** 16 Reading A vacancy noun _____ salary noun _____ CV (curriculum vitae) noun _____ technician noun Reading B (well) motivated adjective coaching noun _____ session noun applicant noun flexible adjective _____ referee noun _____ additional adjective floor staff noun _____ compelling adjective _____ exhibition match noun _____ extraordinary adjective _____ introductory package noun Reading B specify verb qualification noun enable verb access noun _____ Umit 15 equal opportunities plural noun Reading A discrimination noun profile noun _____ marital status noun ____ temporary seasonal employee noun creed noun loss prevention officer noun _____ ethnic adjective personnel department noun compulsory adjective _____ -----inaccuracy noun falsification noun termination noun

Appendix2 Learning tips



Each unit of this book contains one *Learning tip*. However, this does not mean that this *Learning tip* is useful in only that particular unit. Most *Learning tips* can be used in several different units. Here are all the *Learning tips* in the book. Each one is under its unit heading and you will also find a list of the types of text you read in that unit.

When you have completed a unit, decide which text you used the *Learning tip* with (this could be more than one text type). In addition, look at the other *Learning tips* and decide if you also used any of those tips in the unit you have just finished. Make a note of the unit name and number and the text type on the empty lines. In this way, you can keep a record of the reading strategies that you are developing.

Unit 1 Is there a bank?

Learning tip

We sometimes look through a text to find a particular piece of information. This type of reading is called scanning. When we scan, we don't read every word. We find the information we're looking for and then stop reading. We don't pay any attention to the rest of the text.

A leaflet B notices	
Which ot in?	her units have you used this Learning tip

Unit 2 Airmail, please!

Learning tip

We often look at a text quickly to find out what it is about or to get a general idea of its meaning. We look at pictures and headings, as well as the text itself. This type of reading is called *skimming*. When we skim, we don't read every word. We get the main idea and don't pay attention to the small details.

A leaflet B leaflet
Which other units have you used this Learning tip in?
Unit 3 What's on? Learning tip
When you read, it isn't necessary to understand every word in the text. You only need to understand the parts of the text which contain the information you are looking for.
A programme B leaflet
Which other units have you used this Learning tip in?

Unit 4 What's in your luggage?

Learning tip

As you read, try to work out the meaning of unknown words. Use pictures where possible. Find other words in the text which can help you. For example, find a synonym (a word with a similar meaning to the unknown word), an antonym (a word which means the opposite), or an example. Only use a dictionary to check your guesses.

B notice Which other units have you used this Learning tip
in?
Unit 5 Where shall we eat?
Learning tip
Our purpose in reading a text is to understand the
writer's message. This means understanding the words the writer uses and also understanding what
the writer wants to do with these words. They could
be giving an instruction, presenting facts, giving the
writer's opinion, etc. Understanding a text requires us to work out the <i>function</i> of each sentence.
A guidebook
B webpage
Which other units have you used this Learning tip in?

Unit 6 Somewhere to stay

Learning tip

Before you read a text, think about the topic – either in your own language or in English. Use your knowledge and experience to try and predict what the text – the whole text and/or parts of it – will say. You probably won't be able to predict the exact words, but it will help you understand the text if you can predict the kind of thing it will say.

	webpage webpage	The state of
W in		r units have you used this Learning tip

Unit 7 On top of Table Mountain

Learning tip

A leaflet

When you come across an unknown word, don't stop. Continue reading and – if you think it is an important word – come back to it later. Try and work out its meaning. Decide whether the word is an adjective, noun, verb, etc. Think about similar words in your own language and similar words in English. Look for any examples which illustrate the unknown word. Look at any pictures for help. Look for a word you know within the word. Also, the context – the words around the unknown word – should help you to try and work out its meaning. Ask yourself. What could this word mean here? You might not be able to work out the exact meaning of a word, but you will probably have a good idea.

В	ticket leaflet					
W		ther uni	ts have	you use	d this Le	earning tip

Unit8 It's ringing

Learning tip

When you read a text which compares similar things, use a chart to record the most important points for comparison. This type of note-taking helps to simplify the information in the text.

A leaflet B notice
Which other units have you used this Learning tip in?
Unit 9 Don't worry!
Learning tip
When you read instructions, you need to identify the most important information in each sentence – this tells you what you have to do. Writers often use commas (,) to separate a word or a group of words from another word / group of words in the sentence. You can use commas to help you work out which is the most important part of the sentence.
A page from manual B leaflet
Which other units have you used this Learning tip in?

Unit 10 What's in the news?

Learning tip

A emails B emails

in?

Reading for pleasure is the best way to improve your reading. It is also a wonderful way to meet new words. Identify words that are useful to you and keep a vocabulary notebook of these words. Give each page a title, e.g. *sport*, *education*, and write useful words in a list. For each word, note the meaning, the part of speech (noun, verb, etc.), anything special about its grammar or style (formal, informal, etc.) and write a sentence which is relevant to you.

A B	newspaper articles
W	hich other units have you used this <i>Learning tip</i> ?
U	mic 11 I've got to check my email
U	Learning tip

Which other units have you used this Learning tip

Unit 12 Is that spelt correctly?

Learning tip

Reading, as well as giving pleasure and information, has other advantages. It allows you to see how other people write and how they punctuate their work. You will also see a wide range of vocabulary – and how these words are spelt. Always make a note of the correct spelling of any useful words which you might need for your writing.

	need for your willing.	
	chapter from book sections from manuals	
	Which other units have	you used this Learning tip
577		***************************************
777		

Unit 13 How do I join?

Learning tip

When you read a difficult piece of text, you will need to read some words and sentences very carefully. In order to understand difficult parts of texts, it is a good idea to try and put the sentences of the text into your own words.

4		
A w	ebpage eaflets	
Whin?	ich othe	er units have you used this Learning tip

Unit 14 At the sports centre

Learning tip

We skim some texts – reading quickly to get the general sense. We scan other texts – reading quickly to find a particular piece of information. Sometimes we can combine these two approaches to reading: skimming first to get the general sense and then scanning for a specific point.

Learn	ning tip
Umit 1	I'd like to work here
Which ot	her units have you used this Learning tip
A notices B notices	Which some years are write half W

When you are reading, you can use either a dictionary with English and your language or a dictionary which has definitions in English. The main advantage of using this second type of dictionary is that you are working in English all the time. Another benefit is they contain lots of examples of how words are used.

A webpage B webpage	
Which other in?	er units have you used this Learning tip

Unit 16 Just the job!

Learning tip

We often skim a text – look at it quickly – to find the part of the text which is most useful to us. We can then ignore the rest of the text and focus on the important part. We read the important part slowly, and we probably read some words/phrases/sentences more than once in order to understand the details.

advertisements application form				
Vhich other unit	s have y	ou used	this Lear	ning ti

Appendix3 Using a dictionary



What kind of dictionary should I use?

If possible, you should use two dictionaries: a good bilingual dictionary (in both your own language and with English translations) and a good monolingual dictionary (English words with English definitions). A monolingual dictionary may give you more information about a word or phrase; in addition, it is a good idea for you to work in English as much as possible. The examples on these pages are from the *Cambridge Learner's Dictionary*.

What information can I find in a dictionary?

The most common reason for looking a word up in a dictionary is to find out its meaning. However, a dictionary can also give you a lot of other information about a word. *The Cambridge Learner's Dictionary*, for example, can give up to six types of information before the meaning of the word and two further types of information after it. These examples are all words from Unit 1.

1 the base form of the word

Each entry begins with the base form of the word.

o-library /ˈlaɪbr³ri/ noun [C] a room or building that contains a collection of books and other written material that you can read or borrow

2 the pronunciation of the word

These symbols show you how to say the word.

orfrequently /fri:kwontli/ adverb formal often a frequently asked question

3 its part of speech

This tells you what part of speech – noun, verb, adjective, etc. – a word is.

enjoyable /m'dʒɔɪəbl/ adjective An enjoyable event or experience gives you pleasure. We had a very enjoyable evening.

4 any special grammatical features of the word

[C] shows that the noun is countable – but in this case the singular form is less common

possession /pə'ze[^n/ noun 1 [c] a thing that you own [usually plural] personal possessions o He woke up to discover that all his possessions had been stolen. 2 [U] formal when you have or own something I have in my possession a photograph which may be of interest to you.

5 irregular past tense forms, plural nouns and comparatives/superlatives

Plurals which are not regular are shown.

bus /bas/ noun [C] plural buses a large vehicle that carries passengers by road, usually along a fixed route a school bus

6 whether the word is used only in British English (UK) or American English (US)

UK means that a word is only used in British English; US means that a word is used only in American English.

takeaway /'teikawei/ UK (US takeout /'teikaut/)
noun [C] a meal that you buy in a restaurant
but eat at home

7 the meaning of the word

gel /dʒel/ noun [C, U] a thick, clear, liquid substance, especially a product used to style hair hair gel o shower gel

The definition tells you what the word means.

8 example phrases or sentences

OVEN /'Av³n/ noun [C] a piece of kitchen equipment with a door which is used for cooking food an electric oven o a microwave oven occour picture The Kitchen on page 2.

Examples (in *italics*) can show you how a word is used in a phrase/sentence.

9 other words this word goes with (collocations)

discount¹ /ˈdɪskaont/ noun [C, U] a reduction in price They offer a 10 percent discount on rail travel for students.

Words in **bold** in an example show you which words are often used together.

How should I use my dictionary?

1 At the top of each page in the Cambridge Learner's Dictionary, there is a word in **bold** black type. You can use this word to help you find the word you are looking for quickly. The word in the top left corner of the left page is the first word on this page; the word in the top right corner of the right page is the last word on this page. If you are looking for the word withdrawn, it will be between the two words witch (top left corner of the left page) and word (top right corner of the right page).

witch itch /wit // noun (C) witch n stories, a woman has bad or strange in the hard four fit when a grot children's withhold nour fit when a grot people try to blame somecen and punism for something, in a way that is unfair in wide proposition a fingersell used to as it people or things are in a place together of coing something together forms lies wide polyriend. • Hang your cost with it popple for the polyriend is partied for the polyriend of the polyriend some a house with a sublimining pool or man with bround you a figure using som as She hit him over the head with a term and the purpose with, crossed, a figure used to describe the way some a does something the purpose with crosses.

withering /widorny/ adjective withering attack/contempt/look criticism or an ex pression that shows that someone strongly disapproves of someone or something

- Important words to learn

and charming, environment of the MISS LOSELY environment of wife and environment of wife when the matter of wife who has magically overse 2 information of someone who has magically overse 2 informations as for which we have a sout something a computer utdered NMD / Abbeljivaen-dir nous lipsest abbreviation for weapons of mass destruction; waspons, such as nuclear bombs, which cause a lot of

2 Each time you look up a word, you could use a highlighter pen to mark the word in your dictionary. When you return to a page with a highlighter mark, look at the word quickly and check that you remember its meaning.

mainframe /'memfrem/ noun [C] a large, powerful computer which many people can use at the same time

mainland / memland/ noun the mainland the main part of a country, not including the islands around it A daily ferry links the islands to the mainland. • mainland adjective [always before nounl mainland Britain

mainly /meinli/ adverb mostly or to a large degree The waitresses are mainly French.

3 A word in your dictionary may not be exactly the same as its form in the text you are reading. This is because the word in the text may be: a verb ending in -s, -ed, -ing or an irregular form of a verb; a comparative or superlative form of an adjective e.g. bigger; a plural form of a noun, e.g. children.

oschild /tfaild/ noun [C] plural children 1 a young person who is not yet an adult an eight-year-old child o How many children are there in your class? 2 someone's son or daughter, also when they are adults Both our children have grown up and moved away. See also: only child.

4 The words that are defined in the dictionary are called headwords. Sometimes a headword can have more than one meaning. The first meaning in the dictionary is not always the one you want. Read through the different meanings and decide which one is correct in this context.

residential /,rezi'denf*/ adjective 1 A residential area has only houses and not offices or factories. 2 UK A residential job or course is one where you live at the same place as you work or study.

5 Words which have several meanings sometimes have a guideword to help you find the meaning you are looking for e.g. in the example below the words 'region', 'part', 'subject' and 'size' are guidewords. Usually the most common meaning appears first. The first meaning in the dictionary is not always the one you want. Read through the different meanings and decide which one is correct in this context.

o→area /eoria/ noun 1 REGION |C| a region of a country or city an industrial area ∘ a mountainous area ∘ the London area 2 PART |C| a part of a building or piece of land used for a particular purpose a play/picnic area 3 SuBBECT |C| a part of a subject or activity Software is not really my area of expertise. 4 SIZE |C, U| the size of a flat surface calculated by multiplying its width by its length ⊃See also: catchment area, no-go area.

6 Some words in your dictionary may have more than one headword. (Small numbers after the headword will indicate this.) This is because the word can be used as different parts of speech – for example, a verb and a noun. The part of speech of the unknown word should be clear from the context.

o-hire¹/hais/verb [1] 1 UK (US rent) to pay money in order to use something for a short time They hired a car for a few weeks. 55ee Common learner error at rent. 2 to begin to employ someone We hired a new secretary last week.

hire sthout UK to allow someone to borrow something from you in exchange for money The shop hires out electrical equipment.

hire² /hais¹/ noun [U] UK when you arrange to use something by paying for it The price includes flights and car hire. ○ Do you have bikes for hire?

When should I use my dictionary?

A dictionary is very useful when you are learning a foreign language. However, when you are reading, do not use your dictionary too much. Using your dictionary will interrupt your reading and slow you down. In your own language, you don't always understand the meaning of every word; it is not necessary to understand everything in English either.

- 1 When you see an English word that you do not know, first try to guess the meaning of the word from its context (the words around it). You may find another word with a similar meaning, a word which means the opposite, or some words which actually explain the unknown word. Only use your dictionary to check your guess.
- 2 The only other time you should look a word up in your dictionary is if there are no clues in the text and you are sure the unknown word is important.

Answerkey

Umit:1

Get ready to read

- b baker's e optician's
- c hairdresser's d
 - d stationer's
- e opticashops
- f delicatessen services bank
- baker's butcher's chemist's delicatessen
- dry cleaner's hairdresser's
- delicatessen library newsagent's optician's stationer's travel agent's
- Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - shops services
 book shop / book store post office
 florist's café
 supermarket cinema
- Your own answers.

A

- 1 c
- 2 b no c yes d no e yes f yes
- 3 a BR
 - b (there is no longer a post office in Summertown)
- c P D
 - d (there isn't a cinema in Summertown)
 - e BR
 - f BR
- 4 bus service, three supermarkets, fruit shop, delicatessen, Lebanese shop and takeaway, butcher's, two baker's, newsagent, three banks, stationer's, book store, health shop, card shop, computer shop, branch of MAIL BOXES ETC., library, two video rental stores, travel agent's, launderette, two chemist's, hairdresser's
- **5** a True. ("Several buses run frequently to and from the centre")
 - b True. ('Unless otherwise stated, shopping hours are from 9.30am until 5.30pm, Monday–Saturday')
 - c False. ('The Co-op is at the <u>southern</u> end of the shopping area and the newsagent's (Martins) is at the <u>northern</u> end')
 - d True. ('You can also buy stamps here' i.e. at Martins, the newsagent's)
 - False. ('The library is open every day <u>except</u> Wednesday'
 Wednesday is the only day when it is closed)

- f False. ('There are <u>several</u> hairdressers' i.e. more than two. Wendy Burnett's and Anthony Lawrence are the names of the two hairdresser's which also offer beauty treatments)
- 6 Your own answer. Possible answer:
 I'd like to find a post office because I send presents to
 my family in Japan quite often. I'd also like to find some
 clothes shops and a place where I can buy CDs and
 computer games.

B

- 1 b launderette
 - c internet café/library
 - d post office
 - e optician's
 - f bike rental store
- 2 b supermarket
 - c internet café
 - d hairdresser's
 - e chemist's
 - f bank
 - g optician's
 - h launderette
- 3 b yes (hot food to go)
 - c 5 hours
 - d Your hair is long and/or extra time is needed to cut your hair in a certain style.
 - e no (development & printing of photos)
 - f Sunday 3rd September from 1am to 6am
 - g The optician's (Ideal Eyes Ltd)
 - h 7.00pm

Focus on for and from

- b from c for d for e for f from g for h For
- 4 Your own answer. Possible answer:

 Oxfam sells things that people give to the shop because they don't want them any longer. The money from sales is used to help people who are in need.
- 5 Your own answer. Possible answer: I'd use the supermarkets, the internet café, the chemist's and one of the banks.

Umit2

Get ready to read

- b postcard c letter
 - d package (parcel is also correct here)
- b letter c package d postcard e packet/package f letter
- The postcard from your best friend (d) and the present (c) might come from abroad. (The CD-ROM (a) and the packet from the hotel (e) might also come from abroad.)
- Your own answer. Possible answer:
 I sometimes receive packets from my relations in the US when it's my birthday.

A

- 1 c
- 2 a
- **3** a If you are using airmail, you have to stick an airmail sticker or write BY AIRMAIL PAR AVION on the item of mail (envelope or postcard).
 - b If you are using surface mail, you address items as normal.

Focus on pounds and pence

- a £1.21
- b £3.10
- c £0.64
- d £4.02
- f one pound and two pence
- g one pound seventy-nine (pence)
- h two pounds fourteen (pence)
- i two pounds seventy (pence)
- j three pounds and eight (pence)
- 4 b £2.61 c £1.51 d £0.50 e £3.10 f £0.83
- 5 You can send the letters in b, c and e and the postcard in d by surface mail. They would take between 7 weeks and 2 days and 11 weeks and 2 days longer than airmail.

B

- 1 a 2 b 3 c 1
- 2 c (because Australia is not in the EU) 'Goods' means objects rather than money.
- 3 a: printed papers, b: small packet (if you are sending it in a small packet – if you are sending it in an envelope, you don't need to write anything on it)
- 4 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - a Before you post the book, you need to find out how much it weighs – it mustn't weigh more than 5 kilos
 - b Before you post the money, you need to find out about either the Airsure or International Signed For service.

- 5 The following parts of the form should be completed:
 - (1) large, cotton T-shirt
 - (2) 250g (approximately)
 - (3) £9.99 GBP
 - (8) today's date and your name
- 6 You don't need to complete parts (4) and (5) as it is a gift and not a commercial item.

Extra practice

- a International Signed For
- b Airsure
- c International Signed For
- d Airsure

Umit3

Get ready to read

- Your own answer.
- Your own answer. Possible answer:
 I go to the cinema three or four times a month.
- Your own answers.

A

- Yes, all three shows are on in February. (The third Spirit Of The Dance – is only on for one day in February, or two if it is a leap year!)
- 2 Tap Dogs is a dance show. Blood Brothers is a musical. Spirit of the Dance is a dance show.
- 3 b Spirit of the Dance
 - c Tap Dogs
 - d Blood Brothers
 - e Spirit of the Dance
 - f Tap Dogs
- 4 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - Tap Dogs is a show with Australian dancers.
 - Tap Dogs has won an Olivier award.
 - Tap Dogs is on tour.
 - Blood Brothers is about two brothers.
 - Blood Brothers has won four awards for Best Musical in London and seven Tony nominations on Broadway (New York).
 - Blood Brothers has been on tour to New York. Spirit of the Dance has lots of dancers.
 - Spirit of the Dance has three tenors (singers).
- 5 Your own answer. Possible answer:

 I think Merve will buy tickets for Tap Dogs because her sister likes dancing and this show is on for a full week in February. (The other dance show Spirit of the Dance is only on for one day in February.)

6 Your own answer. Possible answer:
I don't like dancing very much, so I wouldn't choose the dance shows. I'd probably choose Blood Brothers. My brother studied in Liverpool, and he told me that the people there are very funny.

Focus on vocabulary

b award c cast d stage e standing ovation f audience

B

- 1 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 I've heard of the film. I think my parents saw it when they
 were in London. I know it's about some boys who want to
 go to Oxford University.
- 2 Your own answer. Possible answer: The film sounds quite interesting. Also, I'm going to a language school in Oxford in the summer, so I'd quite like to see it.
- **3** Cilka's ticket: £5.50 Kristen's ticket: £4.00
- **4** a £11.50 b £10.50

5

	How can they book their tickets?	Can they pay cash or do they need a credit card?	Is there an extra charge for booking in this way?
a	They can go to the box office.	They can pay cash or by credit card.	No
b	They can book by telephone.	They need a credit card (and they have to take it to the cinema when they collect their tickets).	Yes (there is a £1.50 booking fee – for non-members only)
С	They can book online.	They need a credit card (and they have to take it to the cinema when they collect their tickets).	Yes (there is a £1.50 booking fee – for non-members only)

- 6 a ('3 free tickets per person')
 - b F (You get £1.50 discount on all tickets. Daytime tickets cost £4.00, but tickets for evenings and weekends cost £5.)
 - c T ('with no booking fees to pay')
 - d T ('10% discount at the Sanctuary Café')
 - e T (You get three free tickets per person worth £19.50. Single membership costs £25, so you need to save a further £5.50. You get £1.50 discount on each ticket, then you need to see four more to save £5.50. This means you need to see a total of seven films to start saving money.)

Your own answer. Possible answer: Yes, I would want to become a member of a cinema. I love going to the cinema, so I would save a lot of mone

Umit4

Get ready to read

- a handbag b suitcase c rucksack
 bairchys
 - d bumbag e walking stick f hairdryer g laptop h penknife
- Your own answer. Possible answer:
 I usually take a suitcase and a small rucksack. Sometime
 I take a bumbag and a penknife when I remember.

	Departure airport	Arrivals airport
b show your passport	1	1
c show your boarding o	card /	review;
d go through Security		
e collect your checked- luggage	in de la	1
f go through Customs		1

A

1 b

	You can't take	because it's
a	some skin cream	a toiletry
Ь	a penknife	a sharp item
С	some hair gel	a gel

- 3 b x
 - c (It is not clear if you can take your laptop through Security from the webpage.)
 - dx
- 4 b things
 - c not allowed
 - d luggage
 - e throw them away
- 5 Yes. (You can carry a laptop in your single item of cabin baggage. A laptop must be removed from the bag and placed on a tray to go through Security.)
- 6 a Yes. (You can take all items purchased in the departure lounge into the aircraft cabin unless you are travelling to the USA, in which case you must finish any drinks before boarding the plane.)
 - b Yes. (You can take all items purchased in the departure lounge into the aircraft cabin unless you are travelling to the USA, in which case no toiletries (e.g. toothpaste, soap etc.) are allowed in the cabin.)
 - d No. (It is very clear from the webpage on page 22 that you cannot take a lighter on a plane.)

- 7 b allowed S / prohibited A
 - c including A
 - d apply S
 - e purchased S
- 8 Your friend can buy the water, and the toothbrush and toothpaste. However he/she cannot take them on the plane (no toiletries or cosmetics purchased in the departure lounge will be allowed into the aircraft cabin and any drinks or liquid items must be consumed before boarding).

B

1 European – Austria, Greece, Poland, Sweden, the Netherlands Non-European – Brazil, Canada, Japan, Saudi Arabia, Tunisia

Class bonus

Your own answers. Possible answers:

(The following countries are in Europe:) Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, the Republic of Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia, Malta, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, the UK.

2 a 1, 2 and 3

b 4,5 and 6

3 a 1

b 2 and 3

4 Your own answer. Possible answer: I'm from Romania. Part 1 is most useful to me.

Focus on must, mustn't and don't have to

- a don't have to
- b mustn't
- c must
- d it is necessary to
- e it is necessary not to
- f it isn't necessary to
- g don't have to
- h mustn't
- i must
- j mustn't
- 5 a People coming from the EU don't pay UK tax because they have already paid tax on these goods in the country where they bought them.
 - b People coming from outside the EU don't pay UK tax on the goods shown in the poster – even if they haven't paid tax on them in the country where they bought them (unless they bring in more than the customs allowance).

6 Possible answers:

- a People from the European Union should use the blue customs channel – if they are not over the limits for imports from that country.
- b Other people should use the red channel if they have goods to declare or are not sure what they should declare. If they have no more than the customs allowance, they should use the green channel.

7

Person	Travelling from	Products	Channel		
Cintia	Brazil	1 litre of spirits + 2 litres of sparkling wine	(she can bring in either the spirits or the sparklin wine but not both)		
Daisuke	Japan	30cc of perfume + 150cc of eau de toilette	green (he has less than the allowance for perfume and eau de toilette)		
Zofia	Poland	25 cigars as a birthday present	blue (because the number of cigars is within the limits)		
Christian	Sweden	a new digital camera + an iPod	blue or red (if he is not sure, however, he should go through the red channel)		

Umit:5

Get ready to read

- b asparagus c olives d artichoke
- e cucumber f lettuce
- ob3 c8 d2 e 4 f 7 g 6 h 1
- Your own answers. Possible answers:
 No, I've never eaten Spanish food. I know that paella is a Spanish dish, and also that people eat tapas (snacks) in bars.

A

- 1 You would probably not expect to find beach and trees. (Although these words are actually in the text in this section.)
- You should underline the words as follows: Eating out in Andalucia – ingredients, specialities Patatas bravas and Tortilla Española – savoury, slice Calamares – grilled, batter Arroz a la marinera – mixture, beach Salads – order Olive oil – trees

3 b 6 c 4 d 1 e 5 f 3 g 2

4 Patatas bravas – potato, sauce

Tortilla Española – potato and onions (eggs are also needed for the omelette, although they are not listed)
Gazpacho – tomatoes, green peppers, cucumber, garlic, olive oil, lemon, breadcrumbs, salt and sometimes almonds, grapes, melon, red peppers, boiled egg
Calamares – no ingredients (but sometimes the squid is fried in batter)

Arroz a la marinera – rice, shellfish Salads – asparagus, hard-boiled eggs, tuna, artichoke, olives, onions, lettuce, tomato; Malaga salad – cod, potato, oranges, green olives, onions, olive oil Olive oil – no ingredients

Focus on ... vocabulary

- a fry, fried, boiled, grilled
- b Possible answers:

	bake	boil	fry	grill	roast
eggs	1	1	1		
chicken		1	1	1	1
rice		1	1	THE REAL PROPERTY.	
bread	1		1		

- 5 b False ('It is served either hot or cold.')
 - c False ('There are lots of local variations, which may include almonds, grapes ...')
 - d True ('A common alternative is to cut them into rings')
 - e True ('This is rice served with a mixture of shellfish. It does not contain any chicken or sausage.')
 - f True ('They often come with asparagus, hard-boiled eggs, tuna, artichoke, olives and onions, in addition to lettuce and tomato.')
 - g True ('Spain is the biggest producer of olive oil in the world and half of its production comes from Andalucia.')
- 6 The sentences are all about facts.

7

Sentence			
1	2	3	
1	2511		describes the dish/ingredient
	1	gives other facts about it	
	Telli	1	recommends the dish or makes a suggestion

8 Salads

Sentence				
1	2	3	4	
/		1		describes the dish/ingredient
			1	gives other facts about it
1			120	recommends the dish or makes a suggestion

Olive oil

	Se	enten	ce		
1	2	3	4	5	
1		THE.	- 11		describes the dish/ingredient
	1	1	-		gives other facts about it
1			1		makes a suggestion
	e Pai		- 13	1	recommends the dish

9 Your own answer. Possible answer: I wouldn't try the calamares or arroz a la marinera because I don't like seafood very much. I'd like to try the gazpacho and a salad for dinner.

B

1 Your own answers.

2a / b / c / d /

	Location of the restaurant/ café	Price	Size of the dishes	Service	Menu
Message a (Las Coloniales)	Plaza Cristo de Burgos, 19, near a shop selling ice cream	very cheap – you could easily have a meal and a drink for €5	the bar snacks are enormous	and the	includes chicken in almond sauce, fried mushrooms stuffed with ham and sausage and lots of grilled ham and meat
Message b (El Faro de Triana)	right next to the river on the Triana side, at the end of the Isabel II bridge	English And	one plate was big enough for two people		famous for its fish and seafood; the menu includes prawns and mixed fried fish
Message c (El Cordobes)	in a busy square (Santa María la Blanca) – you can eat outside under the orange trees	very good value; menu of the day costs €7		-	includes a menu of the day
Message d (Il Vesuvio)	Calle Tetuán, 15 – in the main central shopping district	very reasonably priced		-	Italian food, very fresh

4 Message a mentions a café selling ice cream. It says it is expensive, but it has got the best ice cream the reviewer has tasted in Seville.

Message c mentions other places (no names) which include additional charges when you have the menu of the day.

- 5 Half the people agreed with message c. Over three-quarters of the people agreed with message b. More than a third of the people agreed with message d.
- 6 Your own answer. Possible answer:
 I'd like to go to one of the Spanish restaurants first. I'd probably go to Las Coloniales. I wouldn't go to El Faro de Triana because I don't like fish and seafood very much.
 Also, half the people disagreed with the review of El Cordobes, so I wouldn't go there.

Umit6

Get ready to read

- Your own answers. Possible answers: rented cottage, caravan, hostel, camping, hotel, guest-house, with friends/family
- Your own answers.
- obx cx d/ e/f/

A

- 1 (youth) hostel accommodation
- 2 In this type of accommodation, you can usually:
 - cook your own meals (b)
 - wash your clothes (c)
 - pay by credit card (f)

- 3 Your own answers. Possible answers: You can use the Internet. You can come back at any time of night. You can eat a meal that someone else has cooked.
- 4 b 24-hour hot showers
 - c Restaurant
 - d Internet
 - e Lounge area
 - f Self-catering facilities
 - g Credit cards accepted
 - h Safety deposit
 - i No curfew
- 5 Your own answers.
- **6** Students should underline: Atmosphere; Location; Facilities; Fun; Staff; Cleanliness; Safety; Value

Focus on vocabulary

- b cleanliness c value d location
- e atmosphere f fun
- 7 Guests liked the location the most. At the top of the webpage, it says that the hostel 'is among huge pine trees right next to the Bow River, yet close to downtown Banff'.
- 8 b Yes (Private rooms cost \$75.00)
 - c Yes (the hostel is 'open to women, men, families and all types of group')
- d No ('breakfast not included' in the price)
 - e No ('bed linen free')
- f Yes ('luggage room not included' in the price)
- 9 Your own answers. Possible answers: Is the safety deposit at Reception, or do we get our own box and key? How much does it cost to use the Internet?

Are the dormitories mixed?
How can I book a bed?

Answer key

R

- 1 The text doesn't give the answer. However, the text is a webpage, so you probably book online.
- 2 a yes b yes c no
- There are no right or wrong answers. The answers that Hostelbookers give are in the long text on page 33.
- 4 b 7 c 4 d 6 e 3 f 8 g 10 h 11 i 1 i 9 k 5
- 5 Your own answers.
- **6** Your own answers. Possible answers: What exchange rate do you use when you take a deposit? How many people can I book for? Are there special prices for group bookings?

Umit?

Get ready to read

Your own answers.

0

		Bottom of cableway	Top of cableway
a	buy a ticket	1	also possible
Ь	get a good view		1
С	check the time of the last cable car	1	also possible
d	take some photos	Mickel Shirts	1
е	have a drink or something to eat	also possible	1
f	go for a walk	STREET, STREET	1

A

- 1 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - **a** There is a cable car, a mountain and the sea on the front of the leaflet.
 - **b** Today would be a good day for a cable car trip because there are clear blue skies.
- 2 b / c / d x e /
- 3 Yes (the opening hours/times)
- 4 a 17h00
 - b A normal (standard adult) return ticket would cost R 80.00; a child ticket would cost R 44.00; a senior ticket R 44.00; a student ticket R 60.00; a family ticket R 210.00
- 5 It suggests that you can walk down from the top of Table Mountain.
- 6 Students should tick the paragraph with the heading: CABLEWAY CURIOS SHOP AT THE TOP GIFTS AND CURIOS

- 7 a The stone building in the photo is a cottage.
 - b 'clothing' and 'gifts' are examples of merchandise
 - c *Insignia* here means 'symbol' or 'logo'. This is the pink, blue, red and green symbol representing the cableway which is on the front and the inside of the leaflet. The word 'sign' inside *insignia* gives us another clue.
 - d No, if the goods are *exclusive*, they are not available at any other place.
- 8 Your own answers.

E

- 1 29th August 2004, 10.40am
- 2 a Parts 1 and 2 are about the cable cars.b Part 3 is about the environment.
- 3 Students should underline: 'thanks to the revolving floor, passengers can enjoy the 360° degree panoramic view'
- 4 First part of leaflet: '... it is aerodynamic in high winds. In these instances, the filled water tank in the floor of the cabin offers additional weight and stability. During normal weather, the tank is emptied at the upper station ...'

 Second part of leaflet: 'The cable cars carry 4 000 litres of water used for ballast during the windy season ...'

Focus on vocabulary

- b panoramic c aerodynamic d stability
- e upper f ballast
- 5 a animals, flowers
 - b damage
 - c reduce, lower

Umitt8

Get ready to read

- Your own answer.
- Your own answers.

A

- 1 Your own answers.
 - Dictionary definitions from the Cambridge Learner's Dictionary for the words in *italics* are:
 - a *text* = to send a text message (written message from a mobile phone)
 - b download = to copy computer programs or information electronically, usually from a large computer to a small one
 - c package = a group of objects, plans, or arrangements that are sold or considered together, e.g. a computer package
 - d unlimited = without any limits
 - e network = a large television or radio company that broadcasts programmes in many areas, also in this context a telephone company

- f broadband = a system that allows large amounts of information to be sent very quickly between computers or other electronic equipment
- g landline = telephone that is not a mobile phone [Advanced Learner's Dictionary only]
- h off-peak = not at the most popular and expensive time
- **2** 1 They will get loads of inclusive texts, plus free downloads to personalise their phone.
 - 2 Racoon is for people who call landlines a lot. They will get extra minutes to standard UK landlines, plus Answer Phone is included too.
 - 3 Canary is for people who talk a lot off-peak (in the evenings and at weekends). They will get extra minutes to chirp away (the noise a canary makes, meaning 'talk' here) through the night and all weekend long.

	Maximum monthly cost	Any network any time minutes every month	Texts every month	Type of extra minutes free every month
Dolphin	₹ 35	500	unlimited	
Racoon	£35	500	200	unlimited landline calls
Canary	£40	600	400	unlimited Orange off- peak minutes

- 4 free broadband, unlimited free calls to your Magic Number
- 5 a Dolphin offers 4 free downloads.
 - b Racoon offers free traffic TV for three months and free Answer Phone.
 - c Canary offers free Orange photography for three months.
- 6 Your own answer. Possible answer:
 I'd probably choose Racoon because I use my mobile to
 phone my parents on their landline.

B

- 1 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - a In Italy, you need 50c, 1 euro and 2 euro coins to make calls from a public phone box.
 - b You can dial the US direct.
 - c I think you can pay by credit card.
 - d The international code for Italy is 39.
 - e The number for the emergency services is 112.
 - f I don't know the number for directory enquiries.
- 2 Sections 1 and 2 are about paying for calls.

Fo	cu	s on no	uns and	verbs	TENEROUS BY	i seroulento
1	C					
2	Ь	display	N	g	phone/call	V
	C	cost	V	h	charge	V
	d	phone	N	i	cost	N
	e	dial	V	j	dial	N

.

low Landson	Sterling coins	Euro coins	Credit card
minimum cost	40p	1 euro	£1.20
length of call	20 minutes	depends on current exchange rate	1 minute

- 4 No. The call to Edinburgh would cost the same as the call within London. (Local and national calls are charged at 40p for the first 20 minutes. The credit card charge is the same for local and national calls.)
- 5 c (The notice doesn't give any information about the cost of international calls. The rates mentioned for Coins and Credit/Debit Cards exclude [do not include] international calls. This suggests that calls abroad are more expensive than local and national calls.)
- 6 a 1 1p, 2 20p, 4 50p, 6 £1, 7 £2
 - b 2 20p, 4 50p, 6 £1
 - c no, only direct dialled calls
 - d only unused coins (if you put in a 50p coin and speak for 2 minutes, you will not get 10p back)
 - e yes, incoming calls accepted (020) 7839 3450
- 7 Your own answer. Possible answer: Use sterling coins when you can – it's cheaper. For short calls, use small coins because you don't get change from larger coins.

Umite9

Get ready to read

- Your own answers.
- Your own answers. Possible answers: I've never been bitten by a wasp. I've never burnt myself.

A

- 1 Yes. (He has probably cut or grazed his knee.)
- 2 wound
- 3 casualty
- 4 b clean around c dry around d cover
- 5 b plaster c disposable gloves d bandage
- 6 a2 b1
- 7 gently dry the area around it

8

	You should	when the cut/graze is
а	apply a plaster to the affected area	small
Ь	cover it (the cut or graze) with a sterile wound dressing	too large for a plaster

Answer key

9 You should also: not touch the sterile part of the plaster secure the dressing with a bandage advise the casualty to rest the injured part (advise the casualty to) support it (the injured part) in a raised position

Focus on stop

- 1 a bleeding without
 - b wound from becoming
- 2 sentence a = finish; sentence b = prevent
- 3 b 4 F
 - c 5 I
 - d 2 F
 - e 6 P

B

- 1 a 2 b 1 c 4 d 3
- 2 Your own answer. Possible answer: I don't think Cilka's injury is very serious because she is waiting for treatment – this suggests that her injury isn't so serious. A serious injury would be treated immediately. On the other hand, Cilka's injury may be very serious, but the A&E department is very busy.
- 3 a will be assessed straightaway by a qualified person b will usually have to wait for treatment
- 4 paragraph 2: you may be treated by a doctor or a nurse; you will be allowed to go home after your treatment; you might be sent for an X-ray or admitted to hospital; you will normally have to make your own arrangements to get home from the hospital
 - paragraph 3: you may have to wait; hospital staff do all they can to treat people as quickly as possible paragraph 4: you may be referred to another part of the

5

Minor injury	Serious injury
Someone with a minor injury may have to wait.	You might be treated immediately.
You may be treated by a nurse – rather than a doctor.	You may be treated by a doctor.
Often, you will be allowed to go home after your treatment.	You might be sent for an X- ray or admitted to hospital for further treatment.
Someone with a very 'minor injury who doesn't need immediate care or someone who has waited more than 24 hours to go to A&E may be advised to see their GP or told to call NHS Direct for advice.	You may still have to wait if the department is busy treating people with even more serious injuries.

6 She would have to make her own arrangements to get home from the hospital — she would probably have to call a taxi.

Umft:10

Get ready to read

- Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - a ... after seven months.
 - b ... then went to do some sightseeing.
 - c ... he returned to the parking space and found that his car had gone.
 - d ... but never found it.
 - e ... much to his surprise.
- o 2c 3d 4a 5b
- Your own answer.

A

- 1 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - Article 1 A ball boy is a boy who collects the ball when it goes out of play during a football match. This is unusual because ball boys don't usually score goals!
 - Article 2 The fact that the father has broken his leg while trying to help his daughter with her fear of heights is unusual it is the opposite of what you would expect to happen.
 - Article 3 Cosmetic surgery is intended to improve your appearance. Goldfish don't usually have surgery especially cosmetic surgery!
- 3 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - Article 1 The referee awarded the goal after the ball boy kicked the ball past the goalkeeper.
 - Article 2 The man was hurt after he jumped from a height of two metres.
 - Article 3 The goldfish had an operation to remove a cyst.

- 4 Article 1 goalkeeper, net, pitch, referee, wide Article 2 bottom, bridge, hurt, jump, nervous Article 3 cyst, eye, knife, operation, pond
- 5 Your own answers.
- 6 ball boy, scores, goal, suspension, draw, cup, tournament, play, shot, ball, feet, tapped, line

Focus on verbs in headlines

- 1 a scores b breaks c gets
- 2 b (present simple)

3/4

Article	Verb in article	Tense
1	was scored	past simple (passive)
2	broke	past simple (active)
3	has undergone*	present perfect

- * (Note that 'get' is used to mean a lot of different things (e.g. 'have', 'receive', etc.)
- 5 Your own answers. These sentences are from the website in which the articles appeared on the Internet.
 - a A Warwickshire man rescued after spending three nights in the Australian outback has been saved again – after getting lost in the bush a second time.
 - b A vengeful wife put her estranged husband's dog in a home – and flushed his prized spiders down the toilet, a court heard.
 - New rules which make it compulsory for more children to use car seats have come into force.
 - d A 65-year-old man was left trapped down a manhole for 45 minutes while shoppers ignored his cries for help.
- 7 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - Article 1 Who was the referee? What was the final score in the match? When did the ball boy score the goal? Where did the match take place? Why does the referee face suspension? How did the Sorocaba players react when the referee awarded the goal?
 - Article 2 Who jumped off the bridge? What did the man hit when he jumped into the water? When did the accident happen? Where did it happen? Why did the father suggest jumping off the bridge? How did he get out of the water?
 - Article 3 Who described the goldfish as 'ugly'? What was the matter with the goldfish? When did the goldfish lose one of its eyes? Where does the goldfish live? Why did it have the operation? How was the operation paid for?
- 8 Your own answers.

F

- 1 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - a Yes, I've got a bank account.
 - b The nearest branch of my bank is about 2 kilometres from my house, but I use the bank near my office.
 - c I pay for things I buy by credit card. I pay for small things with cash.
 - d I get a bank statement once a month.
 - e Sometimes I've had to borrow money from my parents, but I've never been in debt at the bank.
- 2 It comes from a newspaper.
- 3 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - a The son of a vicar has been banned from using a bank because he was overdrawn by 11p.
 - b It is unusual for a bank to ban someone for being 11p overdrawn. The headline says that the boy is a vicar's son vicars don't usually do anything illegal.
- 4 Jerome Jacob
- People: the Reverend Neville Jacob Places: Romsey, Hampshire, Copthorne, (the bank, a tea room)
- 6 a 3 b 5 d 4 e 7 f 2 g 6
- **7** 2 They told him it would be impossible to go overdrawn when he used the card.
 - 3 They sent Jerome a bank statement.
 - 4 They closed his account.
 - 5 They refused to accept Jerome's apology or to open his account again.
 - 6 A spokesman for the bank said the incident would be investigated.
- **8** He's astonished at the attitude of the bank. He thinks it's ridiculous (of the bank) to say that Jerome can't go back (open another account) and the way he was treated is outrageous.
- 9 Other words connected with banking are: into the red = overdrawn debit card = a plastic card used to pay for things directly from your bank account

Umft11

Get ready to read

- Your own answers.
- Your own answers.

A

1 Email 1 makes a suggestion. Email 2 gives a warning. Email 3 makes a request.

Focus on email English

TAFN = that's all for now

TIA = thanks in advance

⊗ = I'm sad, I'm not happy, etc.
a AFAIK b FYI c HTH

2 1 A 2 C 3 B 3 1 C 2 B

- 4 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - · She called Ryuichi yesterday.
 - · Her email address is giuliamartinuzzo@yahoo.com.

d IOW

- She's going to Brighton on Friday.
- · She went to Brighton last month.
- She hasn't been feeling very well.
- She saw Raquel yesterday.
- She's got a new job.
- She's got friends called Ryuichi, Raquel, Sara, Ewa and Stefan.
- 5 Sara (we know this because she wishes her friend good luck and we know that Sara has an exam on Friday)
- 6 Your own answer. Possible answer: (Hi Raquel)

It was nice to see you too! Ryuichi and I are thinking about going to the new pizzeria not next Friday but the one after. Are you interested? We can talk about lunch then.

B

1

	Who from?	Reply?	Main purpose?
1	Sally Jones	No	giving her new email address
2	Yvonne	No	checking Giulia's email address
3	Yahoo.com	Yes	returning an email which Giulia sent to the wrong address and/or telling her that a message did not arrive
4	Ryuichi – automatic response	Yes	explaining why he can't reply
5	Marcos	No	inviting Giulia to join a website network
6	Stefan	No	asking for Giulia's birthday

- 2 a She should reply to Yvonne's email (2) to confirm that Yvonne has got the correct address.
 - b 1 She should delete Sally's old address from her address list. She should add the new address to the list
 - 3 She should check Sara's email address it is incorrect at the moment. If she replies to one of Sara's emails, she should have the correct address.
 - 4 She should do nothing. Ryuichi will reply on or after 10 October.
 - 5 She can either do nothing and ignore the email or she can learn more about PALSINC by dicking on the Learn more link.
 - 6 She should click on the link.
- 3 She should enter her name and birthday into Stefan's calendar.
- 4 Your own answers. Possible answers:

First Name Matteo

Last Name Baldini

Date of Birth 12 10 88

Email address matteobaldini@yahoo.it

5 Your own answer. Possible answer:
Yes, I get emails from my friends when they change their
email addresses (email 1). Also, I get an automatic reply
from one or two people when they are on holiday (email
4). I've never received the other types of email.

Review1

A	1	F	2	F	3	T	4 T	5 F	6	T
	7	T	8	T	9	F	10 T	11	F	

- C 12 scan
 - 13 skim
- D 14 (notice) skim
 - 15 (theatre programme) scan
 - 16 (restaurant review) scan
 - 17 (leaflet) skim
 - 18 (page in a newspaper) skim
 - 19 (email) scan
- E 20 skim a restaurant review
 - 21 scan a notice
 - 22 skim a theatre programme
 - 23 scan a leaflet
 - 24 skim an email
 - 25 scan a page of a newspaper
- F 26 a theatre programme
 - 27 a guidebook
- G 28-32

b c e g i

H 33 F 34 T 35 F 36 F 37 T

- I 38 a hostel leaflet
 - 39 a newspaper article
 - 40 a hospital notice

J 41 maximum 6 42 yes 43 no 44 yes 45 £3 K 46 e 47 d **48** a 50 b 49 f L 51 can't receive 52 may not have 53 must give 54 might have to identify 55 may have to say 57 H **58** G 59 F 60 C 62 D 63 J **64** B 65 A N 66 2 67 1 68 **69** 2 70 2 **71** 1 **72** 2 **73** 1 **74** 2 **75** 2 0 76 b 77 c P 78 elegant 79 funfair 80 ride Q 81 big dipper 82 carousel R 83 Star Flyer 84 Spinning Top S 85 a

	You can	extra payment? Y (yes) or N (no)	
86	go to an eatery/restaurant or you can have something to eat	Y (NB The text does not say that you have to pay but you always pay in a restaurant.)	
87	enjoy the flowers / look at the flowers	N	
88	go on a ride	Υ	
89	listen to music / go to a concert	N	
90	watch fireworks / a firework display	N	

U 91 F 92 T 93 T 94 F 95 T V 96 April 12 97 7.30pm 98 Belcea Quartet

99 Haydn, Britten and Mozart chamber concert

100 9am on Monday

Unit12

Get ready to read

- There are differences in all categories, a, b, c and d. Your own answers for examples. Possible answers:
 - a grammar In British English, you use the present perfect for an action in the past with a present result, e.g. I can't call Sophie. I've forgotten her number. In American English, you can use either the present perfect (as above) or the past simple, i.e. I can't call Sophie. I forgot her number.
 - b pronunciation In American English, tomato rhymes with potato. In British English, the 'a' is pronounced like 'ar' in part.
 - c spelling Catalogue and dialogue are British English spellings; the American English spellings are catalog and dialog.
 - d vocabulary *Queue*, *lorry* and *lift* are British English words; the American words are *line*, *truck* and *elevator*.
- Your own answers.
- Your own answers.

A

- 1 All the words are British English.
- 2 b nonmember c traveler d color e liter
- 3 b BE c both d BE e BE f both g BE h both
- 4 b B c B d A
- 5 general spelling rules
- 6 b pyjamas c tyre d axe e grey f cheque g moustache h doughnut
- **7** b pajamas c tire d ax e gray f check g mustache (or moustache) h donut (or doughnut)

B

- 1 The text is from a computer manual.
- 2 The word *nite* is spelt incorrectly. The shortcut is showing possible alternative spellings.
- 3 The instructions are given in the section 1 AUTOCORRECT: ADDING WORDS. Note that the correct spelling of nite is night.

Focus on spelling

The words are all incorrect, and should be spelt:

b dictionary c error d feature e misspell
f symbols g entries h automatically

- 4 Your own answers.
- 6 b sincerely g comfortable
 c advertisement h successful
 d which i embarrassing
 e because j receive
 f beginning

Unit13

Get ready to read

- Your own answers.
- Your own answers. Possible answers could include:
 - a I read simplified English readers.
 - b I used to go to the library quite often when I was at university.

A

- 1 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - a How much does it cost to join?
 - b I'm not British. Can I join?
 - c What kind of books can you borrow?
 - d What are the opening hours?
 - e How many books can I borrow at a time?
 - f How long can I keep them?
- 2 a T (The website says: 'open to everyone living, working or studying in Oxfordshire.')
 - F (You can get an application form 'from any Oxfordshire library')
 - c F (You can usually borrow 'twenty books at any one time.')
 - d T ('Please ask for our current leaflet on hiring CDs, videos, DVDs, audio cassettes and CD-Roms.')
 - e T (Other media [i.e. other than books] are hired by the week 'You must pay an additional hire charge for other media.')
 - f F ('You can renew books by telephone, post, by using the online borrower services or at the library.')
- **3** Your own answers. The sample questions in Exercise 1 which are answered are:
 - a It costs nothing to join.
 - b Yes, you can.
 - e You can borrow up to 20 books at a time.
 - f You can usually keep them for three weeks.
- 4 Your own answers. Possible answers:

It's free to join a library.

Children can join a library.

You must show a document with your name, address and signature when you apply.

B

- 1 The website says 'you must pay an additional hire charge for other media' (CDs, videos, DVDs, audio cassettes and CD-Roms).
- 2 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - a OVERDUE CHARGES FOR BOOKS You have to pay if you return the book to the library late.
 - b RESERVATION CHARGES You have to pay if you want to reserve a book (or other media). The library will keep it for you.
 - c AUDIO VISUAL HIRE SERVICES You have to pay if you borrow a CD, video, DVD, etc.

- 3 a 2 b 3 c 1
- 4 b G c C d G e G/C (both are possible) f G
- 5 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - b borrowing two DVDs
 - c returning two books which are late
 - d borrowing a yellow spot audio book
 - e been looking for a book. Now he/she wants to reserve it
 - f trying to borrow six CDs
- 6 Students should underline the following information:
 - a Per day for first week 15p (leaflet 2)
 - b DVD per week £2 red spot (leaflet 1)
 - c 2nd week or part week overdue £1.50 (leaflet 2)
 - d Audio book per 3 weeks 75p (leaflet 1)
 - e Standard rate 70p (payable when reservation made) (leaflet 3)
 - f Up to 5 items in each category may be hired. (leaflet 1)

Class bonus

Your own answers. Possible answers:

You've had this book for six months. That's E6.30.

A gold-star video will be £3.50, and it's due back in a week. If you're under 18, then that will be £1.05 to reserve three books.

- 7 Your own answers. The answer to one more possible question in Exercise 1 in Reading A is:
 - f You can keep books for three weeks.

Focus on word families

- b disability (N), disabled (A)
- c hired (V), hire (N) also (V)
- d concessions (N), concessionary (A)
- e reserve (V), reservation (N)
- f return (N), returned (V) which are returned
- h (V) printed (A)
- (V) payable (A)
- (V) following (A)
- k (V) collection (N)
- (N/V) refundable (A)
- n disabled o conce
 - o concessions p refundable
- q collection r weekly

Umit14

Get ready to read

- b basketball c squash d yoga
 e football f running
- Your own answers. Possible answers: swimming, tennis, athletics, volleyball, rugby, baseball, cycling
- Your own answers.
- Your own answers.

A

- 1 No. (He can do other things at the sports centre. There is an Algerian cultural evening, and also a salsa workshop. In addition, yoga, aerobics, circuit training and pilates are forms of physical exercise rather than sports.)
- 2 a Yoga, Aerobics and Circuit training are all weekly classes.
 - b Mixed 5-a-side football is not a class.
 - c The notice about Pilates is for a class that might take place.
- Monday YogaWednesday AerobicsThursday Circuit training
- 4 a Tuesday
 - b 4.30pm to 6pm
 - c John Currie
- 5 a doesn't mention (It says that everyone is welcome.)
 - b wouldn't have to play (The notice suggests that people go along and watch if they don't fancy playing.)

Fe	ocus on -ing	forms 1			
a	grounding	N	playing	٧	training N
	booking	V	taking	V	The Thomas
C	booking	V	f clothing	N	
d	training	V	g taking	V	
e	grounding	N			

6 Your own answer. Possible answer:

I'd probably do the yoga class – because I've already been to yoga classes and I know what it's about. I'd be interested in the Algerian cultural evening – especially if some of my friends wanted to go.

B

- 1 The sport is squash.
- 2 a (The notice says that new players of all abilities are always welcome, and that there is free squash coaching for beginners.)
 - b Friday evening is squash club night from 5.30pm onwards.
 - c This takes place at the sports centre. Club night is probably the best place for Nobu to start.
 - d yes (He could have lessons from a fully qualified 'England Squash Level 2 coach.)
 - e He could have lessons when it suits him at lunchtime or after work, for example.
 - f The lessons would take place at the sports centre.
 - g They would cost £20 per hour for one person, but if Nobu had a session with two other people, the cost would be £10 per person for an hour.
- **3** a Yes, it is possible for him to try real tennis. (There is a two-hour group lesson to give [him] the basics.)
 - b any time (At a time to suit [him] this summer)
 - c Grange Road, Cambridge
 - d yes (a two-hour group lesson)
 - e at a time to suit
 - f (same as c)
 - g For £50 you get an introductory evening, a two-hour group lesson and a book.

Similarities	Differences
both clubs have club nights	the squash club is a work club – it's for people who work at this company – anyone can join the real tennis club
both clubs have teams	the real tennis club has exhibition matches — the squash club does not
both clubs offer coaching	you have to pay for an introductory lesson at the real tennis club – it's free at the squash club
all abilities welcome at both clubs	you get a free book at the real tennis club
	only the real tennis club holds ladies' mornings
	only the real tennis club competes in national championships

Focus on -ing forms 2

b fascinating b 4 c intriguing c 2 d rewarding d 5 e entertaining e 1

The adjectives intriguing, compelling and fascinating all mean 'very, very interesting'.

5 Your own answer. Possible answer:
I'd rather try squash at the sports club. It would be easy
to arrange games because all the people who play there
work in the same place.

Umit:15

Get ready to read

- Your own answers.
- b clothes c CDs d chocolate and sweets e jewellery f DVDs
- Your own answers.

A

- 1 a HMV
- b music
- 2 yes

Focus on job and work

a job b work c job d jobs e work f job

- 4 You are most likely to sell directly to customers if you are a temporary seasonal employee. (The stockroom assistant and loss prevention officer don't sell to customers. The managers will spend some of their time in the shop, but are unlikely to work directly with the customers.)
- 5 Your own answers.
- 6 a The stockroom assistant mentions the first three benefits: One of the highest rates of pay in retail – 'HMV pays well'

Quarterly bonus scheme – 'bonuses based on customer service and sales every three months' 30% product discount – 'The discount is also fantastic'

- The store manager also mentions that HMV pays well
 'HMV is a great employer, pays well'
- 7 Your own answer. Possible answer:

I don't really want to work in a shop. But if I had to work in a shop, HMV would be a nice shop to work in. I love watching DVDs, so the discount would be great.

B

- 1 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 I think a stockroom assistant checks the CDs, DVDs, etc. before they go into the shop. A temporary seasonal employee works in the shop for a short period of time, probably selling to customers.
- 2 b She c She d Both e She f Both
- **3** b Liam joined as a Christmas temp in the stockroom in Putney ... He then joined HMV Wimbledon.
 - c Liam now plans to attend the Fast Track Academy to get into management.
 - e Liam says: '... I have always been interested in music ...'. He doesn't mention films.
- 4 a Christmas
 - b to the warehouse or to the company that sent it to the shop
 - c She had already worked in a shop.
 - d This is the social life with other staff what you do together after work.
- 5 Team Leader, Assistant Manager, Store Manager
- 6 Your own answer.

Umit16

Get ready to read

- Your own answers.
- Your own answer. Possible answer:
 I'd like to be a tour guide or work in a shop.

A

- 1 Spanish
- 2 7,8
 - b 7 c 7 d 8 e 7
- **4** Your own answers. Possible answers: I'm not familiar with Microsoft Office.
 - I don't use a computer very often.
 I don't want to work evenings. I'd rather work mornings/afternoons or weekends.
 - I don't have any experience or knowledge of working in a hotel.
 - I don't think my English is good enough.
- 5 2 Administrator
 - 3 IT Technician
 - 4 (temporary) gardener
 - 5 fruit picker and packer
 - 6 bar and floor staff (people who collect glasses in a bar)

- **6** Your own answers. Possible answers (these definitions are taken from the Cambridge Learner's Dictionary):
 - a full-time = working for the whole of the working week and not only part of it

part-time = working for part of the working week and not all of it

flexitime = a system of working in which people work a set number of hours within a fixed period of time, but can vary the time they start or finish work

b temporary = existing or happening for only a short or limited time

seasonal = happening or existing at only a particular period of time

Focus on vocabulary

- b salary
- c application form
- d closing date
- e CV (curriculum vitae Latin)
- f referee
- 7 2 Administrator = part-time (3 hrs a day mornings, Monday to Friday)
 - 4 Temporary gardeners = flexitime (flexible working hours)
 - 7 Assistant with Spanish = part-time, flexitime
 - 8 Receptionist = part-time
- 8 a 1, 2, 3, 8
 - b 4, 5, 6, 7
- 9 b 1 (Saturdays)
 - 6 (evenings and weekends)
 - 7 (work from home)
 - 8 (evenings)
 - c 2, 3, 7
 - d 1

B

- 1 Application forms usually ask for a, b, c, f, g, h; they sometimes ask for d and e.
- 2 Your own answer. Possible answer: There might be vacancies for bar, restaurant and kitchen staff. There might also be vacancies for cleaners.

3 1 h 2 g 3 a 4 c 5 f

The application form does not see you assembly an educational qualifications), d (desails about your hobbies and interests).

- 4 Your own answers. Possible answers:
 - b how you will travel to work
 - any experience and/or qualifications relevant to the business
 - d any help/facilities you may need for a disability
 - e what commitments you have outside work Called To The Bar needs to know about
 - b how you will get home after working late
 - c how suitable you are for the job you are applying for
 - d whether the correct help/facilities is/are available
 - e how many hours/what hours you would be able to work
- 5 The application tells you about:
 - a how and when Called To The Bar started, and what it aims to do
 - b Called To The Bar Equal Opportunities policy there is no discrimination (when someone is treated unfairly because of their sex, race, religion, etc.)
- 6 Your own answers.

The Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary — has the following definition: **be called to the Bar** — to qualify as a lawyer who can argue a case in a higher court Some of the other meanings of bar are:

- 1 noun a place where especially alcoholic drinks are sold and drunk
- 2 noun a straight stick made of metal
- 3 *noun* one of the small equal parts into which a piece of music is divided

Review2

- A 1 F 2 T 3 T 4 F 5 F C 6 C 7 E 8 D 9 B 10 A
- D 11 sensible 12 valuable 13 payable
 - 14 impossible
- E 15 T 16 F 17 F 18 T
- F 19 9.30am
 - 20 Friday
 - 21 in a locker
 - **22** yes
- G 23 N 24 N 25 Y 26 Y
- H 27-30
 - a b c h

Real skills for real life

A brand new, four-level skills series

For photocopiable skills activities, try these Copy Collection titles...



Book & Audio CD 978-0-521-60848-0



Book 978-0-521-53287-7



Book 978-0-521-53405-5



Book 978-0-521-60582-3



Book & Audio CDs (2) 978-0-521-75461-3



Book & Audio CD 978-0-521-75464-4



Book 978-0-521-55981-2 Cassette 978-0-521-55980-5



978-0-521-55979-9 Cassette 978-0-521-55978-2



Book 978-0-521-62612-5 Cassettes 978-0-521-62611-8

Please order through your usual bookseller. In case of difficulty, please contact:

ELT Marketing, Cambridge University Press, The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge, CB2 8RU, UK

Tel: +44 (0)1223 325922 Fax: +44 (0)1223 325984

Listening & Speaking

Lovel 1



With answers & Audio CDs (2) 978-0-521-70198-3 Without answers

978-0-521-70199-0

Level 2



With answers & Audio CDs (2) 978-0-521-70200-3 Without answers 978-0-521-70201-0

Level 3



With answers & Audio CDs (2) 978-0-521-70588-2 Without answers 978-0-521-70589-9

Level 4



With answers & Audio CDs (2) 978-0-521-70590-5 Without answers 978-0-521-70591-2

Writing

Level 1



With answers & Audio CD 978-0-521-70184-6 Without answers 978-0-521-70185-3

Level 2



With answers & Audio CD 978-0-521-70186-0 Without answers 978-0-521-70187-7

Level 3



With answers & Audio CD 978-0-521-70592-9 Without answers 978-0-521-70593-6

Level 4



With answers & Audio © 978-0-521-70594-3 Without answers 978-0-521-70595-0

Reading

Level 1



With answers 978-0-521-70202-7 Without answers 978-0-521-70203-4

Level 2



With answers 978-0-521-70204-1 Without answers 978-0-521-70205-8

Level 3



With answers 978-0-521-70573-8 Without answers 978-0-521-70574-5

Level 4



With answers 978-0-521-70575-2 Without answers 978-0-521-70576-9

Bring your skills to life

For teacher's notes, visit: www.cambridge.org/englishskills



Reading 2

with answers for self-study

Do you feel unprepared for everyday life in an English-speaking world? Then Real Reading is just what you need.

You can develop the skills you need to read confidently at home, at work, travelling, studying or in social situations with English-speaking friends. Activities based around the themes of *Social* and *Travel* and *Work* and *Study* cover a range of everyday situations and really help you to understand the English you read in the world around you.

- Feel more confident reading in English
 - A range of tasks based on **real-life situations and texts** will give you confidence in any situation.
- Develop strategies for reading difficult texts
 Learning tips throughout the book will help you develop the reading skills that you need.
- Check your progress

A unit-by-unit checklist, based on the ALTE Can-do statements, lets you see what you have learned – and feel proud of it!

This book also gives you:

- cultural notes, helping you to feel comfortable in the English-speaking world
- the chance to take your learning off the page and into your daily life, through extra 'real world' practice tasks
- extra tasks for pair and group work, giving you even more opportunities to get it right!

Teachers can visit the dedicated website at www.cambridge.org/englishskills to access complete teaching notes.

Cambridge English Skills series is specially designed for learners wanting to communicate confidently in English, and offers the flexibility to be used either in the classroom or for self-study.

Also available:

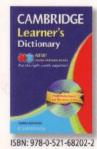
Real Reading 2 without answers

Discover the other skills





You could also try:



English
Vocabulary
In Use
The statements
A strength of the statement
A strength of the statement
SSBN: 978-0-521-14989

